

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 5.035, 285.972)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 5.035, 285.972) contains.

CIELCh(60, 5.096, 286.510)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(60, 5.096, 286.510)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F9099
RGB	143, 144, 153
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.4389, 0.4349, 0.3996
CMYK	0.07, 0.06, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	234°, 5%, 58%
HSV	234°, 7%, 60%
XYZ	27.0865, 28.1233, 34.1762
YIQ	144.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

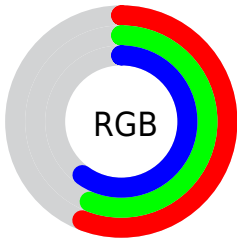
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 144, 153
Decimal	9408665
CIE Lab	60.00, 1.45, -4.89
CIE LCh	60, 5.096, 286.510
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3030, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287598745 (0xFF8F9099)
YUV	144.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -1.6339, -1.0875

Details

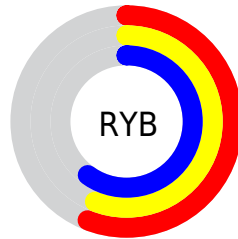
The CIELCh color $60, 5.096, 286.510$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 5.027, 105.116$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 4.807, 286.341$, and $40, 4.888, 286.187$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 13.108, 287.687$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 2.647, 105.422$.

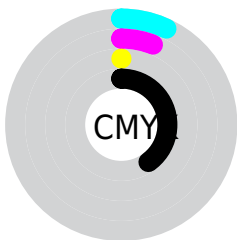
Distribution



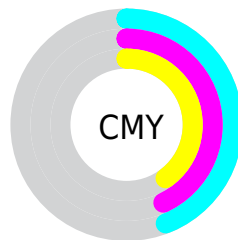
- Red (56%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 5.096, 286.510

■ 60, 5.096, 286.510

■ 100, 5.096,
286.510

■ 50, 5.096, 286.510

■ 80, 5.096, 286.510

■ 40, 5.096, 286.510

■ 90, 5.096, 286.510

■ 30, 5.096, 286.510

■ 20, 5.096, 286.510

■ 10, 5.096, 286.510

■ 0, 5.096, 286.510

■ 60, 5.096, 286.510

■ 60, 5.096, 286.510

■ 55, 13.108,
287.687

■ 65, 2.647, 105.422

■ 70, 10.135,

50, 21.416,
289.087

104.564

45, 30.044,
290.723

75, 17.387,
103.805

40, 39.012,
292.620

80, 24.417,
103.144

35, 48.319,
294.784

85, 31.238,
102.567

30, 57.898,
297.181

89, 37.862,
102.060

26, 67.515,
299.702

94, 44.298,
101.613

22, 76.617,
302.140

98, 50.337,
105.997

19, 84.252,
304.189

98, 50.653,
106.303

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 5.096, 286.510



63, 5.027, 105.116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 5.096, 286.510



60, 5.096, 336.510



60, 5.096, 106.510



60, 5.096, 156.510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 5.095, 286.499



79, 1.922, 286.056



62, 3.860, 189.405



41, 1.090, 286.047



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 5.095, 286.499



75, 7.742, 286.678



60, 5.861, 305.207



30, 4.424, 286.799



17, 80.655, 304.570



1, 4.723, 285.876

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 3.971, 11.540



76, 6.051, 11.701



63, 5.787, 124.587



30, 3.464, 11.805



28, 62.778, 34.764



1, 3.639, 11.264

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

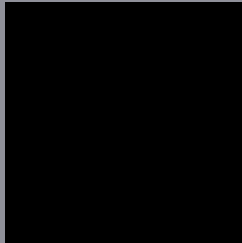
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

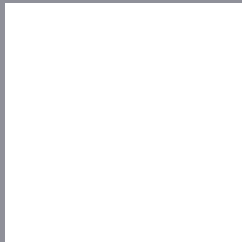
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 5.096, 286.510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.096, 286.510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 5.096, 286.510

Protanopia

60, 5.107, 295.015

Deuteranopia

60, 9.605, 324.906



Tritanopia
60, 6.222, 287.425

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 5.096, 286.510

Protanomaly
60, 5.088, 290.761

Deuteranomaly
60, 8.156, 315.814

Tritanomaly
60, 5.659, 287.007

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 5.096, 286.510

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 1.736, 277.626

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 5.096, 286.510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 144, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 144, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 144, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 144, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.096, 286.510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 144, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 144, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 144, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 144, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 144, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 144,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.096, 286.510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 144, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
144, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor