

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 5.604, 359.313)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 5.604, 359.313) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 5.953, 357.729)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B8D91
RGB	155, 141, 145
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 57%
CMY	0.3916, 0.4465, 0.4308
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.06, 0.39
HSL	343°, 7%, 58%
HSV	343°, 9%, 61%
XYZ	28.2131, 28.1233, 30.7872
YIQ	145.6420, 7.0600, 4.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

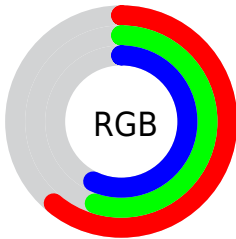
Format	Color
R _Y B	155, 141, 145
Decimal	10194321
CIE Lab	60.00, 5.95, -0.24
CIE LCh	60, 5.953, 357.729
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3238, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288384401 (0xFF9B8D91)
YUV	145.6420, -0.3165, 8.2070
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 2.1582, 2.7014

Details

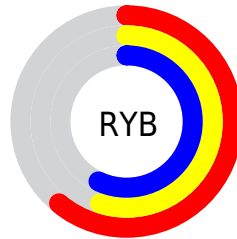
The CIELCh color $60, 5.953, 357.729$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 5.794, 176.225$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 5.606, 357.496$, and $40, 6.039, 356.513$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 12.800, 358.831$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.625, 177.525$.

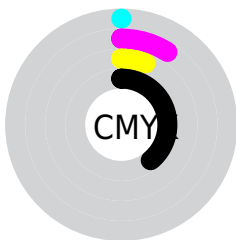
Distribution



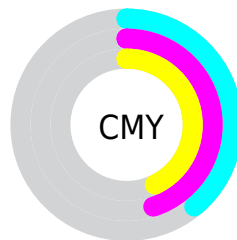
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 5.953, 357.729

60, 5.953, 357.729

100, 5.953,
357.729

50, 5.953, 357.729

80, 5.953, 357.729

40, 5.953, 357.729

90, 5.953, 357.729

30, 5.953, 357.729

20, 5.953, 357.729

10, 5.953, 357.729

0, 5.953, 357.729

60, 5.953, 357.729

60, 5.953, 357.729

56, 12.800,
358.831

64, 0.625, 177.525

69, 6.909, 176.131

51, 19.865, 0.075

74, 12.899,
175.379

47, 27.040, 1.547

78, 18.609,
174.716

44, 34.154, 3.328

40, 40.961, 5.529

83, 24.058,
174.118

37, 47.161, 8.290

87, 29.267,
173.573

35, 52.470, 11.772

33, 56.734, 16.107

92, 34.258,
173.073

32, 60.278, 21.089

94, 34.048,
178.479

94, 31.854,
187.954

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 5.953, 357.729



63, 5.794, 176.225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 5.953, 357.729



60, 5.953, 47.729



60, 5.953, 177.729



60, 5.953, 227.729

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 5.951, 357.739



79, 2.419, 357.042



60, 8.794, 316.084



42, 1.851, 357.153



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 5.951, 357.739



75, 9.016, 357.970



61, 4.703, 39.215



30, 3.687, 357.759



29, 56.167, 21.001



1, 3.902, 357.302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 5.951, 357.739



75, 9.016, 357.970



62, 4.453, 219.825



30, 3.687, 357.759



29, 56.167, 21.001



1, 3.902, 357.302

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

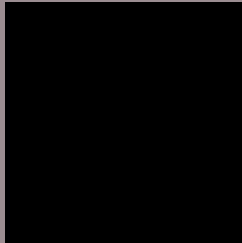
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 5.953, 357.729

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.953, 357.729.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 5.953, 357.729

Protanopia

60, 2.070, 324.452

Deuteranopia

60, 7.636, 358.543



Tritanopia
60, 8.803, 335.457

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 5.953, 357.729

Protanomaly
60, 3.225, 347.976

Deuteranomaly
60, 7.268, 357.331

Tritanomaly
60, 8.061, 341.181

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 5.953, 357.729

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.261, 349.546

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 5.953, 357.729 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 141, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 141, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 141, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 141, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.953, 357.729 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

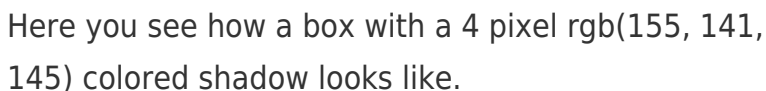
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 141, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 141, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 141, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 141, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 141, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 141,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.953, 357.729 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 141, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
141, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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