

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 50.135, 267.208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 50.135, 267.208)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(60, 50.152, 267.140)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B97E9
RGB	27, 151, 233
RGB Percent	11%, 59%, 91%
CMY	0.8940, 0.4091, 0.0877
CMYK	0.88, 0.35, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	204°, 82%, 51%
HSV	204°, 88%, 91%
XYZ	26.1225, 28.1233, 80.8720
YIQ	123.2720, -100.2260, -0.7860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

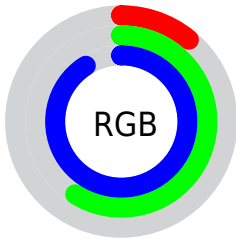
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	27, 104, 233
Decimal	1808361
CIE Lab	60.00, -2.50, -50.09
CIE LCh	60, 50.152, 267.140
Yxy	28.1233, 0.1933, 0.2081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279998441 (0xFF1B97E9)
YUV	123.2720, 54.0959, -84.4305
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -4.8786, -53.2942

# Details

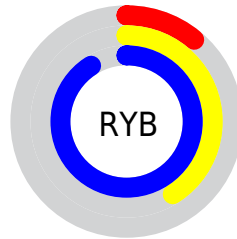
The CIELCh color **60, 50.152, 267.140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **60, 76.315, 54.940**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 35.694, 247.214**, and **42, 47.434, 276.047** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 54.710, 272.177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 45.603, 262.477**.

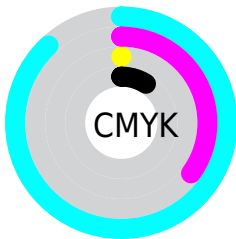
# Distribution



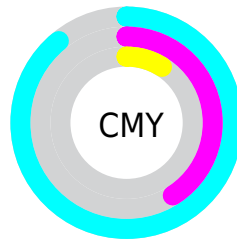
- Red (11%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60, 50.152,  
267.140


 60, 50.152,  
267.140


 100, 50.152,  
267.140


 50, 50.152,  
267.140


 80, 50.152,  
267.140

 40, 50.152,  
267.140

 90, 50.152,  
267.140


 30, 50.152,  
267.140

 20, 50.152,  
267.140

 10, 50.152,  
267.140

 0, 50.152, 267.140

 60, 50.152,

 60, 50.152,

267.140

■ 57, 54.710,  
272.177

■ 57, 55.476,  
272.970

267.140

■ 63, 45.603,  
262.477

■ 66, 40.882,  
258.376

■ 70, 35.864,  
254.884

■ 73, 30.490,  
251.973

■ 77, 24.750,  
249.576

■ 81, 18.671,  
247.615

■ 85, 12.300,  
246.019

■ 89, 5.690, 244.745



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 50.152, 267.140



60, 76.315, 54.940

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 50.152, 267.140



60, 50.152, 317.140



60, 50.152, 87.140



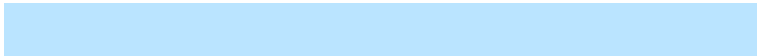
60, 50.152, 137.140

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 50.151, 267.141



88, 19.181, 247.398



81, 86.754, 146.136



46, 12.842, 248.011



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



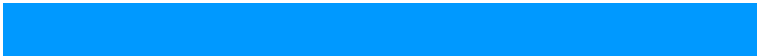


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 50.151, 267.141



62, 59.709, 273.245



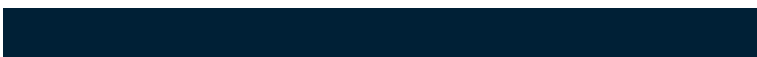
35, 107.879, 302.657



47, 3.879, 244.867



45, 45.386, 272.083



11, 17.363, 263.182



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 80.446, 349.945



56, 87.143, 353.465



83, 80.856, 95.645



46, 6.390, 339.250



39, 67.634, 352.732



8, 29.836, 347.932



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

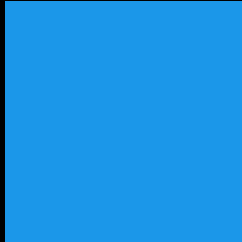
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

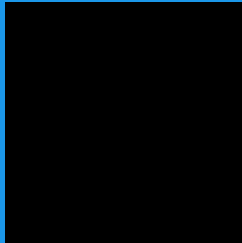
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

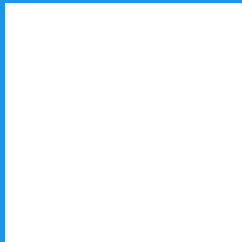
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 60, 50.152, 267.140

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140.

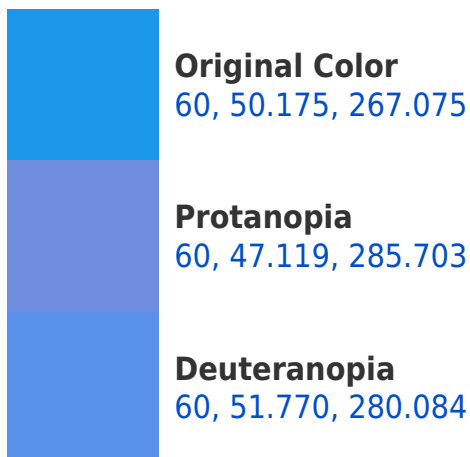


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 50.152, 267.140.

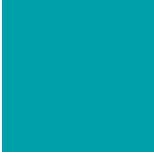
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
60, 34.209, 207.223

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 50.175, 267.075

**Protanomaly**  
60, 47.906, 276.082

**Deuteranomaly**  
60, 51.654, 274.934

**Tritanomaly**  
60, 35.165, 233.087

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 50.175, 267.075

**Achromatopsia**  
52, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
53, 21.917, 251.269

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 50.152, 267.140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 151, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 151, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 151, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 151, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 50.152, 267.140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 151, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 151, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 151, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 151, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 151, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 151,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 50.152, 267.140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 151, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 151,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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