

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 57.388, 106.569)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 57.388, 106.569)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 57.586, 106.893)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	909725
RGB	144, 151, 37
RGB Percent	56%, 59%, 15%
CMY	0.4360, 0.4085, 0.8556
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.76, 0.41
HSL	64°, 61%, 37%
HSV	64°, 76%, 59%
XYZ	22.8398, 28.1233, 5.9589
YIQ	135.9110, 32.4220, -36.9380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

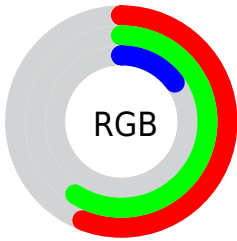
Format	Color
RYB	37, 151, 44
Decimal	9475877
CIELab	60.00, -16.73, 55.10
CIELCh	60, 57.586, 106.893
Yxy	28.1233, 0.4012, 0.4941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287665957 (0xFF909725)
YUV	135.9110, -48.7631, 7.0941
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -15.9280, 30.4598

Details

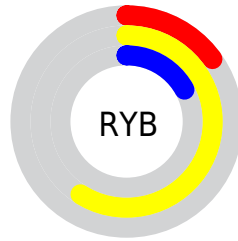
The CIELCh color **60, 57.586, 106.893** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **24, 72.820, 303.435**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 57.620, 106.671**, and **40, 49.080, 108.624** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 61.958, 106.613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 51.815, 107.383**.

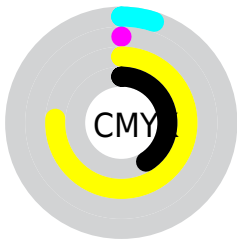
Distribution



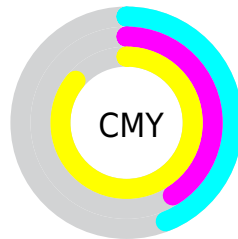
- Red (56%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (86%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 57.586,
106.893


 60, 57.586,
106.893


 100, 57.586,
106.893


 50, 57.586,
106.893


 80, 57.586,
106.893

 40, 57.586,
106.893

 90, 57.586,
106.893


 30, 57.586,
106.893

 20, 57.586,
106.893

 10, 57.586,
106.893

 0, 57.586, 106.893

 60, 57.586,

 60, 57.586,

106.893

■ 60, 61.958,
106.613

■ 60, 64.685,
106.573

■ 60, 65.680,
106.582

106.893

■ 60, 51.815,
107.383

■ 60, 45.025,
108.025

■ 61, 37.551,
108.770

■ 61, 29.642,
109.579

■ 61, 21.466,
110.422

■ 62, 13.133,
111.277

■ 62, 4.718, 112.123

■ 63, 3.732, 292.972

■ 63, 12.183,
293.774

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 57.586, 106.893



24, 72.820, 303.435

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 57.586, 106.893



60, 57.586, 156.893



60, 57.586, 286.893



60, 57.586, 336.893

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 57.586, 106.895



78, 23.942, 110.604



35, 53.650, 33.747



41, 16.672, 110.318



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 57.586, 106.895



76, 77.872, 106.563



56, 63.919, 128.008



32, 4.821, 111.817



56, 62.283, 106.559



3, 5.238, 112.886

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 72.820, 303.435



26, 104.840, 305.804



30, 70.212, 313.882



30, 4.924, 293.430



15, 85.412, 306.540



0, 5.237, 292.558

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

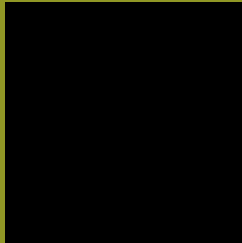
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 57.586, 106.893

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 57.586, 106.893.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 57.586, 106.893

Protanopia
60, 56.514, 95.642

Deuteranopia
60, 54.405, 81.819



Tritanopia
60, 8.017, 329.430

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 57.586, 106.893

Protanomaly
60, 56.437, 99.953

Deuteranomaly
60, 53.991, 91.490

Tritanomaly
60, 19.699, 101.740

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 57.586, 106.893

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 23.023, 109.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 57.586, 106.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 151, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 151, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 151, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 151, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 57.586, 106.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 151, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 151, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 151, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 151, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 151, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 151,  
37) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 57.586, 106.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 151, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
151, 37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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