

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 6.205, 305.155)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 6.205, 305.155) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 5.878, 305.806)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	938F99
RGB	147, 143, 153
RGB Percent	58%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.4238, 0.4394, 0.4002
CMYK	0.04, 0.07, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	264°, 5%, 58%
HSV	264°, 7%, 60%
XYZ	27.5811, 28.1233, 34.0867
YIQ	145.3360, -0.8260, 3.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

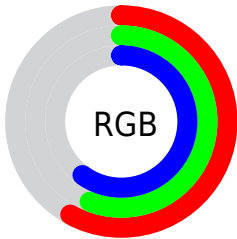
Format	Color
R_{YB}	147, 143, 153
Decimal	9670553
CIE Lab	60.00, 3.44, -4.77
CIE LCh	60, 5.878, 305.806
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3072, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287860633 (0xFF938F99)
YUV	145.3360, 3.7784, 1.4593
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 0.0309, -0.9874

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 5.878, 305.806$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 5.804, 125.197$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 5.545, 305.723$, and $40, 5.646, 303.502$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 15.094, 306.340$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 3.051, 125.361$.

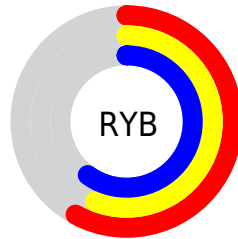
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (56%)

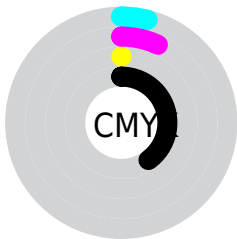
Blue (60%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (60%)

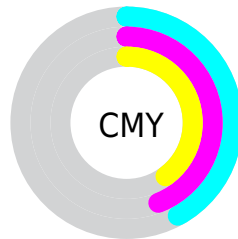


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 5.878, 305.806

■ 60, 5.878, 305.806

■ 100, 5.878,
305.806

■ 50, 5.878, 305.806

■ 80, 5.878, 305.806

■ 40, 5.878, 305.806

■ 90, 5.878, 305.806

■ 30, 5.878, 305.806

■ 20, 5.878, 305.806

■ 10, 5.878, 305.806

■ 0, 5.878, 305.806

■ 60, 5.878, 305.806

■ 60, 5.878, 305.806

■ 55, 15.094,
306.340

■ 65, 3.051, 125.361

■ 70, 11.690,

50, 24.592,
306.931

124.925

45, 34.331,
307.571

75, 20.049,
124.556

41, 44.228,
308.243

79, 28.142,
124.235

36, 54.121,
308.916

84, 35.982,
123.958

32, 63.714,
309.533

89, 43.583,
123.718

28, 72.524,
310.006

94, 50.960,
123.513

25, 79.864,
310.211

96, 52.627,
121.068

22, 85.138,
310.054

96, 51.774,
117.357

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 5.878, 305.806



63, 5.804, 125.197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 5.878, 305.806



60, 5.878, 355.806



60, 5.878, 125.806



60, 5.878, 175.806

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 5.876, 305.801



79, 2.218, 305.555



61, 3.147, 242.644



41, 1.258, 305.546



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 5.876, 305.801



75, 8.930, 305.886



60, 6.615, 321.517



30, 5.102, 305.942



19, 81.461, 310.102



1, 5.435, 305.250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 5.171, 339.043



76, 7.852, 339.177



62, 6.591, 140.956



30, 4.484, 339.263



30, 56.238, 352.133



1, 4.770, 339.094

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

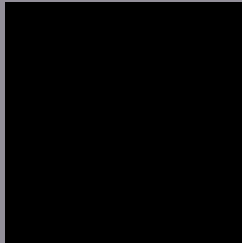
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

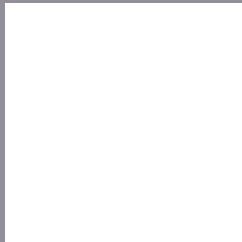
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 5.878, 305.806

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 5.878, 305.806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 5.878, 305.806

Protanopia

60, 5.107, 295.015

Deuteranopia

60, 9.380, 328.839



Tritanopia
60, 6.424, 304.528

Trichromacy



Original Color

60, 5.878, 305.806

Protanomaly

60, 5.154, 299.227

Deuteranomaly

60, 8.027, 322.534

Tritanomaly

60, 6.424, 304.528

Monochromacy



Original Color

60, 5.878, 305.806

Achromatopsia

60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

60, 2.402, 309.143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 5.878, 305.806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 143, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 143, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 143, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 143, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.878, 305.806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 143, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 143, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 143, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 143, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 143, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 143,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 5.878, 305.806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 143, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
143, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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