

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 6.566, 19.224)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 6.566, 19.224) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 6.357, 19.973)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D8D8D
RGB	157, 141, 141
RGB Percent	62%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.3845, 0.4472, 0.4472
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.38
HSL	0°, 8%, 58%
HSV	0°, 10%, 62%
XYZ	28.2198, 28.1233, 29.1243
YIQ	145.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

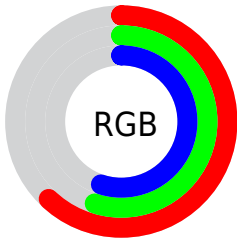
Format	Color
RYB	157, 141, 141
Decimal	10325389
CIELab	60.00, 5.97, 2.17
CIELCh	60, 6.357, 19.973
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3302, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288515469 (0xFF9D8D8D)
YUV	145.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 2.1807, 4.5606

Details

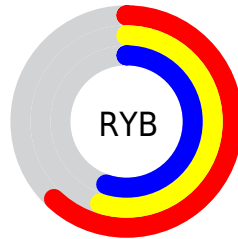
The CIELCh color $60, 6.357, 19.973$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 5.968, 198.956$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 6.339, 19.817$, and $40, 6.483, 20.243$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 13.086, 20.823$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 0.117, 15.485$.

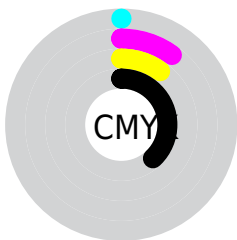
Distribution



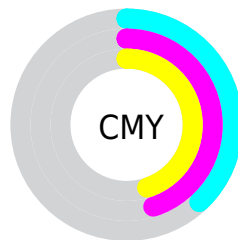
- Red (62%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 6.357, 19.973  60, 6.357, 19.973

 100, 6.357, 19.973  50, 6.357, 19.973

 80, 6.357, 19.973  40, 6.357, 19.973

 90, 6.357, 19.973  30, 6.357, 19.973

 20, 6.357, 19.973

 10, 6.357, 19.973

 0, 6.357, 19.973

 60, 6.357, 19.973  60, 6.357, 19.973

 55, 13.086, 20.823  65, 0.117, 15.485

 51, 20.312, 21.867  69, 5.661, 199.028

47, 27.999, 23.216

74, 11.018,
198.597

43, 36.052, 24.969

79, 15.999,
198.270

40, 44.304, 27.228

37, 52.510, 30.067

84, 20.649,
198.008

34, 60.329, 33.423

88, 25.006,
197.795

33, 67.159, 36.880

32, 72.384, 39.638

93, 29.109,
197.619

94, 30.166,
197.560

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 6.357, 19.973



64, 5.968, 198.956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 6.357, 19.973



60, 6.357, 69.973



60, 6.357, 199.973



60, 6.357, 249.973

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 6.356, 19.987



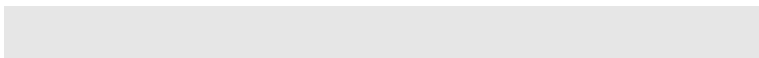
80, 2.254, 19.352



60, 10.944, 324.968



42, 1.709, 19.448



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 6.356, 19.987



75, 9.337, 20.147



62, 5.472, 74.151



31, 3.534, 19.914



29, 67.089, 39.164



1, 4.472, 19.419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 5.968, 198.956



80, 8.653, 198.839



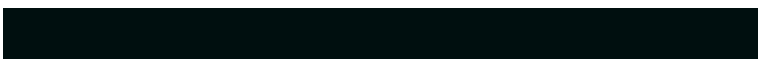
61, 5.345, 256.778



33, 3.338, 199.012



54, 32.535, 196.413



3, 4.472, 199.441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

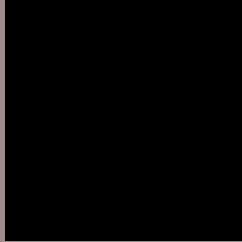
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 6.357, 19.973

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 6.357, 19.973.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 6.357, 19.973

Protanopia

60, 1.656, 39.147

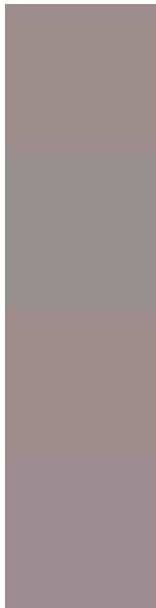
Deuteranopia

60, 7.990, 16.140



Tritanopia
60, 9.675, 340.515

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 6.357, 19.973

Protanomaly
60, 3.194, 29.709

Deuteranomaly
60, 7.586, 15.879

Tritanomaly
60, 8.096, 351.088

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 6.357, 19.973

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.347, 19.451

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 6.357, 19.973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 141, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 141, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 141, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 141, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 6.357, 19.973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 141, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 141, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 141, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 141, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 141, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 141,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 6.357, 19.973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 141, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
141, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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