

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 6.805, 294.119)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 6.805, 294.119) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 6.805, 294.119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	908F9B
RGB	144, 143, 155
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 61%
CMY	0.4336, 0.4375, 0.3904
CMYK	0.07, 0.08, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	245°, 6%, 59%
HSV	245°, 8%, 61%
XYZ	27.4169, 28.1233, 35.1855
YIQ	144.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

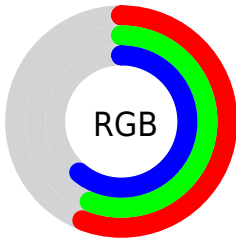
Format	Color
RYB	144, 143, 155
Decimal	9473947
CIELab	60.00, 2.78, -6.21
CIELCh	60, 6.805, 294.119
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3022, 0.3100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287664027 (0xFF908F9B)
YUV	144.6670, 5.0942, -0.5850
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -0.5217, -2.2159

Details

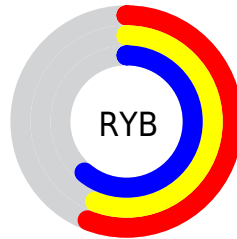
The CIELCh color $60, 6.805, 294.119$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 6.681, 112.820$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 6.417, 293.953$, and $40, 6.735, 294.626$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 15.915, 295.089$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 1.958, 113.256$.

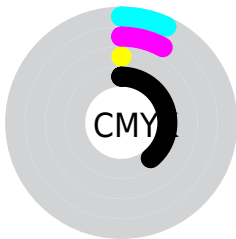
Distribution



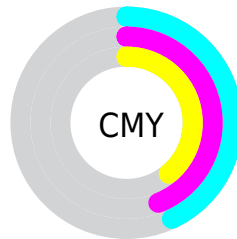
- Red (56%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 6.805, 294.119

60, 6.805, 294.119

100, 6.805,
294.119

50, 6.805, 294.119

80, 6.805, 294.119

40, 6.805, 294.119

90, 6.805, 294.119

30, 6.805, 294.119

20, 6.805, 294.119

10, 6.805, 294.119

0, 6.805, 294.119

60, 6.805, 294.119

60, 6.805, 294.119

55, 15.915,
295.089

65, 1.958, 113.256

71, 10.394,

49, 25.398,
296.227

112.549

44, 35.266,
297.543

76, 18.527,
111.934

38, 45.504,
299.040

81, 26.377,
111.405

33, 56.022,
300.697

86, 33.964,
110.949

28, 66.564,
302.440

91, 41.305,
110.554

24, 76.550,
304.116

97, 48.416,
110.213

21, 84.933,
305.479

98, 49.540,
106.389

18, 90.752,
306.368

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 6.805, 294.119



64, 6.681, 112.820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 6.805, 294.119



60, 6.805, 344.119



60, 6.805, 114.119



60, 6.805, 164.119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 6.804, 294.113



80, 2.160, 293.631



63, 4.228, 205.217



42, 1.238, 293.622



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 6.804, 294.113



75, 9.820, 294.245



60, 7.286, 311.666



30, 4.929, 294.248



15, 85.288, 306.631



0, 5.242, 293.394

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 7.760, 327.169



76, 11.181, 327.256



63, 7.213, 131.061



30, 5.612, 327.258



32, 69.488, 331.762



1, 5.993, 327.042

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

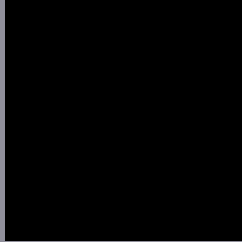
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

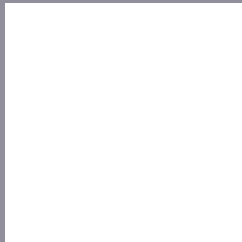
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 6.805, 294.119

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119.

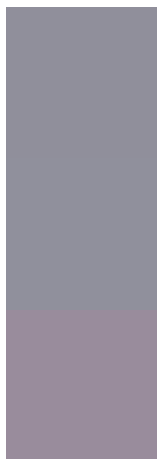


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 6.805, 294.119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 6.805, 294.119

Protanopia

60, 6.781, 290.947

Deuteranopia

60, 10.363, 319.614



Tritanopia
60, 6.217, 290.885

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 6.805, 294.119

Protanomaly
60, 6.781, 290.947

Deuteranomaly
60, 9.190, 312.864

Tritanomaly
60, 6.217, 290.885

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 6.805, 294.119

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.861, 298.213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 6.805, 294.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 143, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 143, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 143, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 143, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 6.805, 294.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 143, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 143, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 143, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 143, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 143, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 143,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 6.805, 294.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 143, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
143, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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