

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 62.661, 279.140)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 62.661, 279.140)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 62.831, 279.324)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(60, 62.831, 279.324)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3091FE
RGB	48, 145, 254
RGB Percent	19%, 57%, 100%
CMY	0.8134, 0.4303, 0.0028
CMYK	0.81, 0.43, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 99%, 59%
HSV	212°, 81%, 100%
XYZ	29.3006, 28.1233, 97.8995
YIQ	128.4230, -92.8010, 13.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

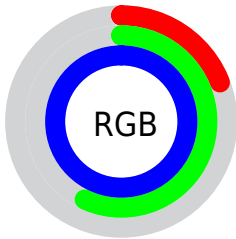
Format	Color
R _Y B	48, 114, 254
Decimal	3183102
CIE Lab	60.00, 10.18, -62.00
CIE LCh	60, 62.831, 279.324
Yxy	28.1233, 0.1886, 0.1811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281373182 (0xFF3091FE)
YUV	128.4230, 61.9095, -70.5310
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 5.8185, -72.3313

Details

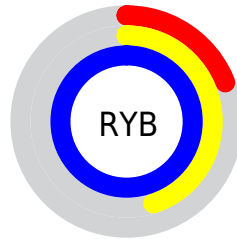
The CIELCh color **60, 62.831, 279.324** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **73, 73.423, 66.932**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 35.676, 258.318**, and **42, 61.888, 285.977** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 70.641, 283.720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 55.196, 275.236**.

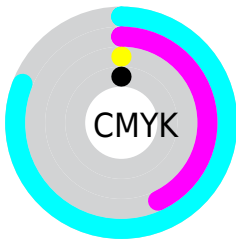
Distribution



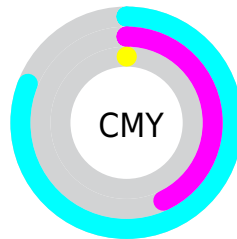
- Red (19%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 62.831,
279.324


 60, 62.831,
279.324


 100, 62.831,
279.324


 50, 62.831,
279.324


 80, 62.831,
279.324

 40, 62.831,
279.324

 90, 62.831,
279.324


 30, 62.831,
279.324

 20, 62.831,
279.324

 10, 62.831,
279.324

 0, 62.831, 279.324

 60, 62.831,

 60, 62.831,

279.324

279.324

■ 56, 70.641,
283.720

■ 64, 55.196,
275.236

■ 53, 77.653,
287.563

■ 69, 47.636,
271.583

■ 74, 40.061,
268.413

■ 79, 32.416,
265.710

■ 84, 24.680,
263.429

■ 89, 16.858,
261.512

■ 94, 8.968, 259.912

■ 99, 1.035, 258.893

100, 0.345,
109.928

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 62.831, 279.324



73, 73.423, 66.932

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 62.831, 279.324



60, 62.831, 329.324



60, 62.831, 99.324



60, 62.831, 149.324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 62.830, 279.325



88, 19.027, 261.999



89, 77.731, 153.699



45, 13.053, 262.676



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 62.830, 279.325



53, 76.190, 286.720



38, 119.160, 304.403



50, 4.528, 259.658



40, 61.574, 286.762



11, 24.938, 280.430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 79.797, 358.080



55, 84.164, 4.728



97, 90.560, 104.204



50, 6.268, 345.933



41, 68.040, 4.750



10, 31.637, 358.729

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

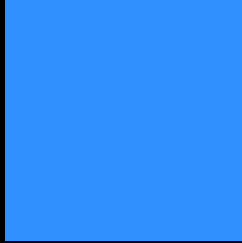
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

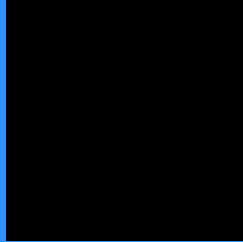
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

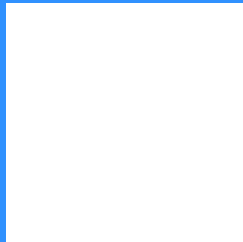
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 62.831, 279.324

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324.



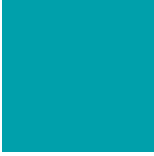
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 62.831, 279.324.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 34.209, 207.223

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 62.810, 279.407

Protanomaly
60, 62.124, 283.454

Deuteranomaly
60, 62.342, 278.684

Tritanomaly
60, 37.064, 242.764

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 62.810, 279.407

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 25.028, 266.525

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 62.831, 279.324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 145, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 145, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 145, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 145, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 62.831, 279.324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 145, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 145, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 145, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 145, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 145, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 145,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 62.831, 279.324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 145, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 145,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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