

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 63.987, 96.089)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 63.987, 96.089) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 64.116, 96.163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A29201
RGB	162, 146, 1
RGB Percent	64%, 57%, 0%
CMY	0.3659, 0.4285, 0.9945
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.99, 0.37
HSL	54°, 98%, 32%
HSV	54°, 99%, 63%
XYZ	25.0805, 28.1233, 4.1467
YIQ	134.2540, 56.0810, -41.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

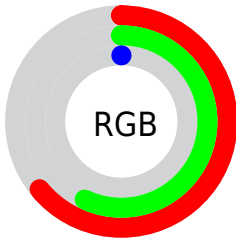
Format	Color
R_{YB}	19, 162, 1
Decimal	10654209
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, -6.88, 63.75
CIE _{LCh}	60, 64.116, 96.163
Yxy	28.1233, 0.4373, 0.4904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288844289 (0xFFA29201)
YUV	134.2540, -65.6942, 24.3332
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -8.3857, 32.4859

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 64.116, 96.163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **20, 89.695, 304.679**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 64.353, 96.179**, and **40, 47.677, 96.765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 64.297, 96.099**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 61.932, 96.944**.

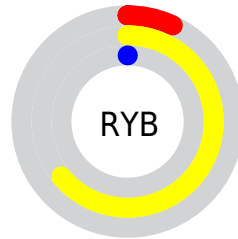
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (57%)

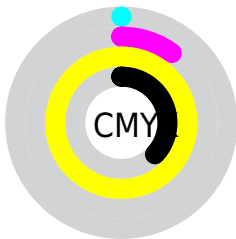
Blue (0%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (0%)

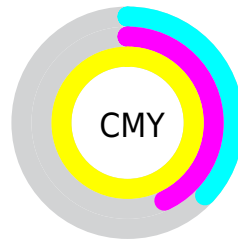


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (43%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 64.116, 96.163

 60, 64.116, 96.163

 100, 64.116,
96.163

 50, 64.116, 96.163

 80, 64.116, 96.163

 40, 64.116, 96.163

 90, 64.116, 96.163

 30, 64.116, 96.163

 20, 64.116, 96.163

 10, 64.116, 96.163

 0, 64.116, 96.163

 60, 64.116, 96.163

 60, 64.116, 96.163

 60, 64.297, 96.099

 60, 61.932, 96.944

 61, 58.136, 97.782

■ 62, 52.745, 98.692

■ 62, 46.228, 99.666

■ 63, 38.993,
100.686

■ 63, 31.331,
101.733

■ 64, 23.432,
102.792

■ 65, 15.415,
103.847

■ 66, 7.352, 104.882

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 64.116, 96.163



20, 89.695, 304.679

Rectangle

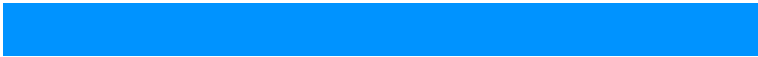
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 64.116, 96.163



60, 64.116, 146.163



60, 64.116, 276.163



60, 64.116, 326.163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 64.115, 96.165



81, 29.743, 102.641



33, 69.683, 35.072



42, 20.218, 102.223



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 64.115, 96.165



76, 77.745, 95.962



60, 74.700, 124.107



34, 4.592, 104.867



54, 59.502, 96.164



5, 6.949, 104.370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 89.695, 304.679



27, 110.362, 305.093



23, 90.089, 309.983



32, 4.671, 286.839



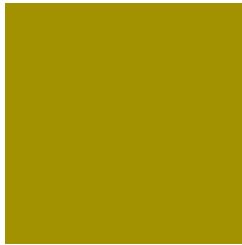
17, 82.984, 304.641



1, 7.240, 286.274

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

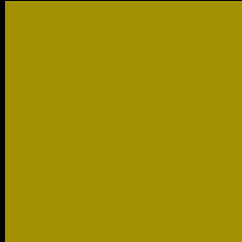
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 64.116, 96.163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 64.116, 96.163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 64.269, 96.161

Protanopia

60, 64.236, 95.283

Deuteranopia

60, 62.131, 82.703



Tritanopia
60, 15.162, 357.023

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 64.269, 96.161

Protanomaly
60, 64.082, 95.283

Deuteranomaly
60, 62.438, 87.708

Tritanomaly
59, 28.837, 81.552

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 64.269, 96.161

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 29.223, 101.449

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 64.116, 96.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 146, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 146, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 146, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 146, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 64.116, 96.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 146, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 146, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 146, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 146, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 146, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 146,  
1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 64.116, 96.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 146, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
146, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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