

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 7.784, 73.262)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 7.784, 73.262) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 7.623, 73.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8F84
RGB	154, 143, 132
RGB Percent	60%, 56%, 52%
CMY	0.3966, 0.4397, 0.4829
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	30°, 10%, 56%
HSV	30°, 14%, 60%
XYZ	27.2583, 28.1233, 25.7737
YIQ	145.0350, 10.0870, -1.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

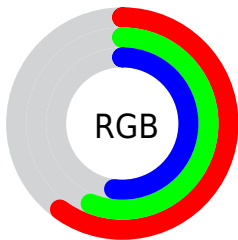
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 154, 132
Decimal	10129284
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 2.14, 7.32
CIE _{LCh}	60, 7.623, 73.676
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3359, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288319364 (0xFF9A8F84)
YUV	145.0350, -6.4263, 7.8623
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -1.0555, 8.3066

Details

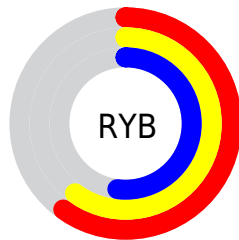
The CIELCh color $60, 7.623, 73.676$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 7.361, 257.364$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 7.596, 76.321$, and $40, 7.525, 73.156$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 13.259, 72.489$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 2.237, 74.794$.

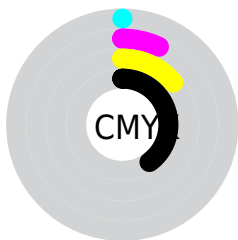
Distribution



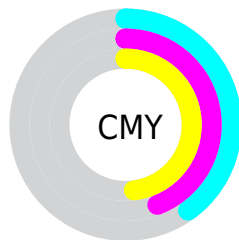
- Red (60%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 7.623, 73.676

60, 7.623, 73.676

100, 7.623, 73.676

50, 7.623, 73.676

80, 7.623, 73.676

40, 7.623, 73.676

90, 7.623, 73.676

30, 7.623, 73.676

20, 7.623, 73.676

10, 7.623, 73.676

0, 7.623, 73.676

60, 7.623, 73.676

60, 7.623, 73.676

58, 13.259, 72.489

62, 2.237, 74.794

55, 19.156, 71.265

65, 2.922, 256.207

53, 25.315, 70.028

68, 7.874, 257.282

51, 31.704, 68.775

70, 12.642,
258.372

48, 38.236, 67.484

73, 17.247,
259.429

46, 44.709, 66.093

44, 50.727, 64.464

75, 21.706,
260.446

42, 55.627, 62.339

78, 26.038,
261.420

41, 58.289, 61.183

80, 30.255,
262.351

82, 28.045,
253.251

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 7.623, 73.676



59, 7.361, 257.364

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 7.623, 73.676



60, 7.623, 123.676



60, 7.623, 253.676



60, 7.623, 303.676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 7.623, 73.691



79, 2.566, 74.813



57, 10.695, 344.813



41, 1.822, 74.750



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 7.623, 73.691



75, 11.254, 73.330



63, 12.223, 108.830



31, 2.965, 74.280



38, 54.392, 61.514



2, 3.134, 74.517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 7.361, 257.364



73, 10.773, 257.819



56, 12.618, 291.676



31, 2.904, 256.665



30, 45.293, 282.988



2, 3.173, 256.345

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

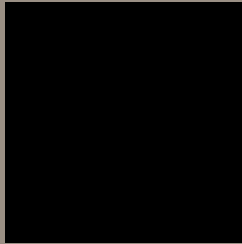
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

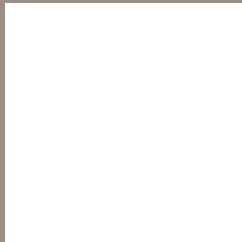
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 7.623, 73.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 7.623, 73.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 7.623, 73.676

Protanopia

60, 6.631, 88.111

Deuteranopia

60, 10.196, 42.803



Tritanopia
60, 8.803, 335.457

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 7.623, 73.676

Protanomaly
60, 6.788, 84.917

Deuteranomaly
60, 8.958, 50.035

Tritanomaly
60, 5.772, 2.924

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 7.623, 73.676

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.734, 74.676

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 7.623, 73.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 143, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 143, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 143, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 143, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 7.623, 73.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 143, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 143, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 143, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 143, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 143, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 143,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 7.623, 73.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 143, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
143, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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