

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 70.517, 297.858)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 70.517, 297.858)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 70.329, 297.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8482FF
RGB	132, 130, 255
RGB Percent	52%, 51%, 100%
CMY	0.4820, 0.4899, 0.0000
CMYK	0.48, 0.49, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	241°, 100%, 76%
HSV	241°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	35.5857, 28.1233, 98.2337
YIQ	144.8480, -38.9330, 39.2990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

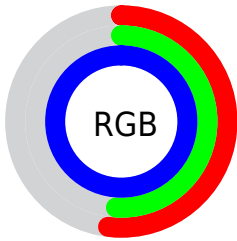
Format	Color
R _Y B	132, 130, 255
Decimal	8684287
CIE Lab	60.00, 32.78, -62.22
CIE LCh	60, 70.329, 297.785
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2197, 0.1737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286874367 (0xFF8482FF)
YUV	144.8480, 54.3049, -11.2677
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 26.9740, -72.7049

Details

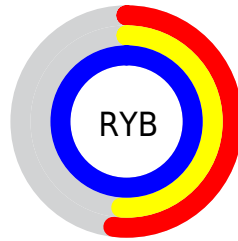
The CIELCh color **60, 70.329, 297.785** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **98, 61.292, 106.246**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 38.844, 297.342**, and **40, 69.904, 297.664** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 86.221, 299.853**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 54.765, 295.916**.

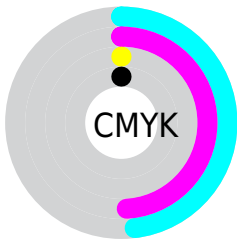
Distribution



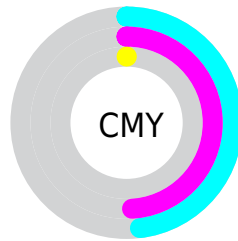
- Red (52%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 70.329,
297.785


 60, 70.329,
297.785


 100, 70.329,
297.785


 50, 70.329,
297.785


 80, 70.329,
297.785

 40, 70.329,
297.785

 90, 70.329,
297.785

 30, 70.329,
297.785

 20, 70.329,
297.785

 10, 70.329,
297.785

 0, 70.329, 297.785

 60, 70.329,

 60, 70.329,

297.785

297.785

■ 52, 86.221,
299.853

■ 68, 54.765,
295.916

■ 45, 102.043,
302.006

■ 76, 39.849,
294.291

■ 39, 116.502,
304.000

■ 84, 25.555,
292.901

■ 35, 127.507,
305.493

■ 93, 11.855,
291.724

■ 33, 133.307,
306.258

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 32, 133.746,
306.319

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 70.329, 297.785



98, 61.292, 106.246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 70.329, 297.785



60, 70.329, 347.785



60, 70.329, 117.785



60, 70.329, 167.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 70.281, 297.782



88, 20.021, 292.408



93, 36.428, 197.184



45, 13.718, 292.664



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 70.281, 297.782



52, 86.238, 299.855



65, 71.305, 311.582



49, 7.505, 291.780



23, 107.700, 306.333



3, 44.167, 302.088

Inverse Universe

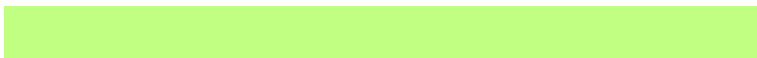
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 75.465, 327.488



68, 88.292, 327.921



94, 66.269, 126.779



50, 8.959, 325.380



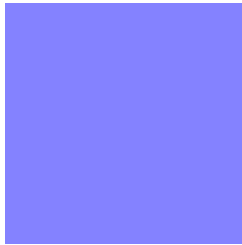
45, 91.913, 328.884



12, 42.349, 328.804

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

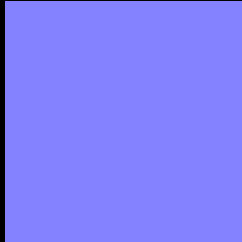
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

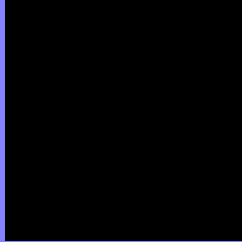
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 70.329, 297.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785.

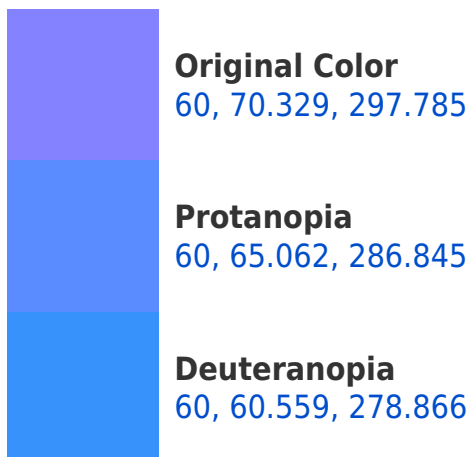


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 70.329, 297.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 16.757, 222.185

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 70.329, 297.785

Protanomaly
60, 67.068, 290.815

Deuteranomaly
60, 63.619, 285.398

Tritanomaly
60, 30.882, 276.594

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 70.329, 297.785

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 25.479, 292.997

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 70.329, 297.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 130, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 130, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 130, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 130, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 70.329, 297.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 130, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 130, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 130, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 130, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 130, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 130,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 70.329, 297.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 130, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
130, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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