

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 72.249, 2.792)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 72.249, 2.792) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 72.214, 2.928)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FF4A8D |
| RGB | 255, 74, 141 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 29%, 55% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.7093, 0.4467 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.71, 0.45, 0.00 |
| HSL | 338°, 100%, 65% |
| HSV | 338°, 71%, 100% |
| XYZ | 48.5568, 28.1233, 28.1076 |
| YIQ | 135.7570, 86.3690, 59.2090 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

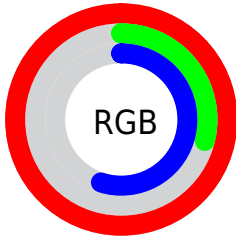
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 255, 74, 141 |
| Decimal | 16730765 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 60.00, 72.12, 3.69 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 60, 72.214, 2.928 |
| Yxy | 28.1233, 0.4634, 0.2684 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294920845 (0xFFFF4A8D) |
| YUV | 135.7570, 2.5848, 104.5761 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.0314, 70.6337, 5.6973 |

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 72.214, 2.928** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **90, 63.213, 162.362**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 53.135, 349.172**, and **41, 68.498, 4.883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 78.547, 6.461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 63.949, 0.112**.

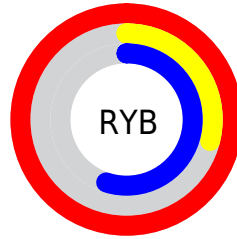
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (29%)

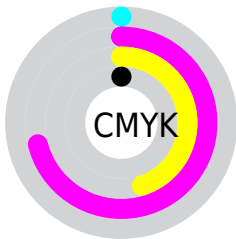
Blue (55%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (55%)

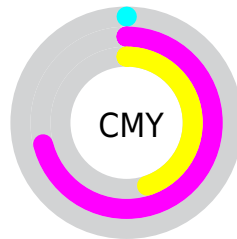


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 72.214, 2.928  60, 72.214, 2.928

 100, 72.214, 2.928  50, 72.214, 2.928

 80, 72.214, 2.928  40, 72.214, 2.928

 90, 72.214, 2.928  30, 72.214, 2.928

 20, 72.214, 2.928

 10, 72.214, 2.928

 0, 72.214, 2.928

 60, 72.214, 2.928  60, 72.214, 2.928

 57, 78.547, 6.461  64, 63.949, 0.112

 55, 82.933, 10.941  69, 54.321,

■ 54, 85.691, 15.736 357.898

■ 74, 43.833,
356.108

■ 80, 32.958,
354.626

■ 86, 22.049,
353.367

■ 93, 11.336,
352.265

■ 99, 0.950, 350.793

■ 100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 72.214, 2.928



90, 63.213, 162.362

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 72.214, 2.928



60, 72.214, 52.928



60, 72.214, 182.928



60, 72.214, 232.928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 72.176, 2.905



86, 22.129, 353.376



55, 101.232, 315.769



44, 15.032, 353.705



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 72.176, 2.905



56, 80.563, 8.168



62, 74.151, 36.520



50, 5.884, 352.115



41, 68.796, 14.688



10, 31.285, 7.328

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 72.176, 2.905



56, 80.563, 8.168



86, 40.723, 212.979



50, 5.884, 352.115



41, 68.796, 14.688



10, 31.285, 7.328

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

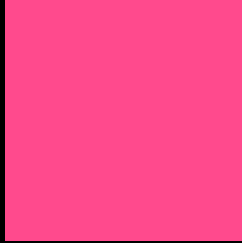
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 72.214, 2.928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928.

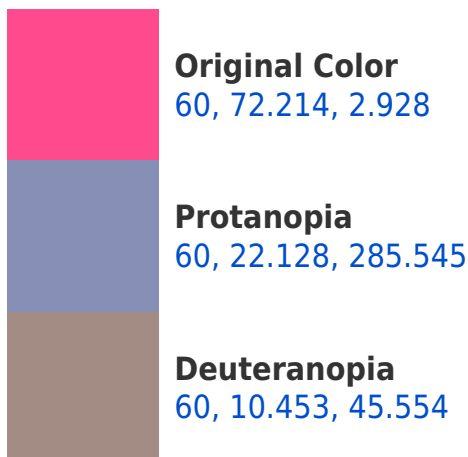


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 72.214, 2.928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

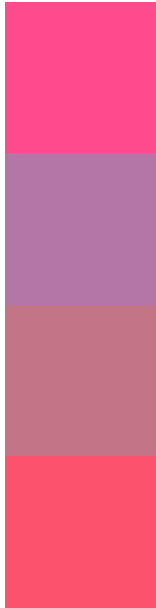
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 71.173, 27.350

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 72.214, 2.928

Protanomaly
57, 35.634, 332.585

Deuteranomaly
58, 33.908, 5.502

Tritanomaly
60, 69.830, 18.594

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 72.214, 2.928

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 29.111, 355.343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 72.214, 2.928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 74, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 74, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 74, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 74, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 72.214, 2.928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 74, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 74, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 74, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 74, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 74, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 74,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 72.214, 2.928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 74, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 74,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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