

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 73.341, 313.824)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 73.341, 313.824)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 73.176, 313.699)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(60, 73.176, 313.699)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B871EF
RGB	184, 113, 239
RGB Percent	72%, 44%, 94%
CMY	0.2795, 0.5579, 0.0639
CMYK	0.23, 0.53, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	274°, 79%, 69%
HSV	274°, 53%, 94%
XYZ	41.1141, 28.1233, 84.7019
YIQ	148.5930, 1.8700, 54.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

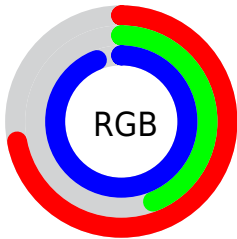
Format	Color
RYB	184, 113, 239
Decimal	12087791
CIELab	60.00, 50.56, -52.90
CIElCh	60, 73.176, 313.699
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2671, 0.1827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290277871 (0xFFB871EF)
YUV	148.5930, 44.5707, 31.0519
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 45.5821, -57.5761

Details

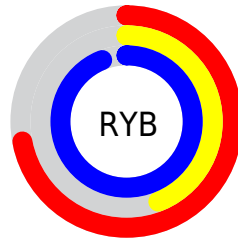
The CIELCh color **60, 73.176, 313.699** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 68.520, 128.823**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 53.035, 321.945**, and **40, 73.144, 313.846** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 86.405, 314.059**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 59.250, 313.250**.

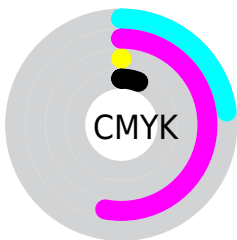
Distribution



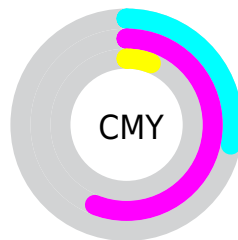
- Red (72%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)





- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 73.176,
313.699


 60, 73.176,
313.699


 100, 73.176,
313.699


 50, 73.176,
313.699

 80, 73.176,
313.699

 40, 73.176,
313.699

 90, 73.176,
313.699

 30, 73.176,
313.699

 20, 73.176,
313.699

 10, 73.176,
313.699

 0, 73.176, 313.699

 60, 73.176,

 60, 73.176,

313.699

54, 86.405,
314.059

49, 98.253,
314.254

45, 107.850,
314.189

42, 114.367,
313.766

40, 117.273,
313.256

313.699

66, 59.250,
313.250

73, 45.101,
312.763

79, 31.023,
312.273

86, 17.187,
311.799

92, 3.685, 311.327

99, 8.854, 130.106

100, 8.243,
109.551

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 73.176, 313.699



88, 68.520, 128.823

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 73.176, 313.699



60, 73.176, 3.699



60, 73.176, 133.699



60, 73.176, 183.699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 73.175, 313.699



89, 22.812, 311.953



68, 40.346, 271.095



46, 15.441, 312.050



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 73.175, 313.699



58, 91.433, 314.072



66, 74.667, 328.696



47, 7.640, 311.648



30, 96.174, 313.442



5, 39.854, 314.101

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 54.595, 353.634



63, 67.083, 355.771



85, 75.286, 141.270



47, 5.821, 348.012



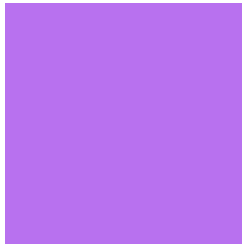
39, 65.988, 8.091



8, 28.986, 0.579

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

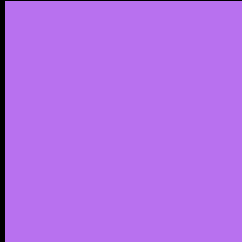
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

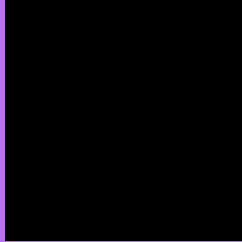
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 73.176, 313.699

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 73.176, 313.699.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 13.844, 356.966

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 73.176, 313.699



Protanomaly
59, 66.517, 295.764



Deuteranomaly
59, 57.067, 294.575



Tritanomaly
60, 33.746, 322.633

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 73.176, 313.699



Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 27.728, 312.438

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 73.176, 313.699 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 113, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 113, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 113, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 113, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 73.176, 313.699 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 113, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 113, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 113, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 113, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 113, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 113,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 73.176, 313.699 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 113, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
113, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor