

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 77.896, 343.925)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 77.896, 343.925)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(60, 77.912, 343.959)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F749B8
RGB	247, 73, 184
RGB Percent	97%, 29%, 72%
CMY	0.0300, 0.7123, 0.2772
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.25, 0.03
HSL	322°, 92%, 63%
HSV	322°, 70%, 97%
XYZ	49.5692, 28.1233, 48.3306
YIQ	137.6800, 68.0730, 71.4090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

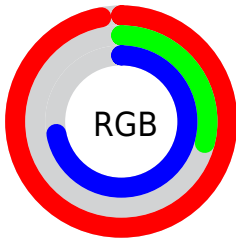
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 73, 184
Decimal	16206264
CIE Lab	60.00, 74.88, -21.53
CIE LCh	60, 77.912, 343.959
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3933, 0.2232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294396344 (0xFFFF749B8)
YUV	137.6800, 22.8358, 95.8736
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 74.0412, -16.9124

# Details

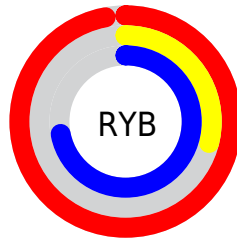
The CIELCh color **60, 77.912, 343.959** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **87, 78.647, 148.761**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 68.230, 330.882**, and **41, 73.019, 344.579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 83.467, 345.674**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 69.890, 342.540**.

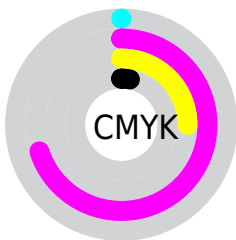
# Distribution



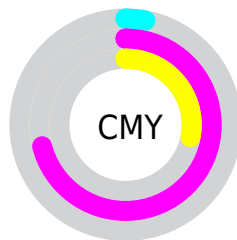
- Red (97%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60, 77.912,  
343.959


 60, 77.912,  
343.959


 100, 77.912,  
343.959


 50, 77.912,  
343.959


 80, 77.912,  
343.959

 40, 77.912,  
343.959

 90, 77.912,  
343.959

 30, 77.912,  
343.959

 20, 77.912,  
343.959

 10, 77.912,  
343.959

 0, 77.912, 343.959

 60, 77.912,

 60, 77.912,

343.959

57, 83.467,  
345.674

55, 86.254,  
347.791

54, 86.675,  
350.276

343.959

64, 69.890,  
342.540

68, 59.981,  
341.331

73, 48.802,  
340.273

79, 36.897,  
339.324

85, 24.686,  
338.458

91, 12.460,  
337.648

97, 0.407, 335.915

99, 2.652, 199.487

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 77.912, 343.959



87, 78.647, 148.761

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 77.912, 343.959



60, 77.912, 33.959



60, 77.912, 163.959



60, 77.912, 213.959

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 77.908, 343.960



87, 26.140, 338.516



48, 99.406, 308.631



44, 17.711, 338.750



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 77.908, 343.960



58, 86.839, 346.425



58, 71.370, 20.165



48, 6.790, 337.581



41, 70.253, 349.751



9, 32.103, 345.978





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 77.908, 343.960



58, 86.839, 346.425



89, 49.485, 180.206



48, 6.790, 337.581



41, 70.253, 349.751



9, 32.103, 345.978



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

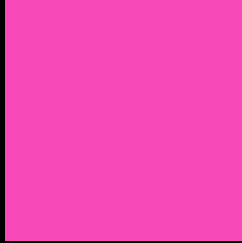
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

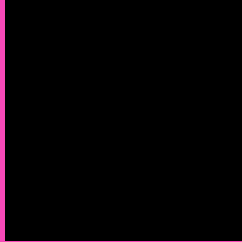
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 60, 77.912, 343.959

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959.

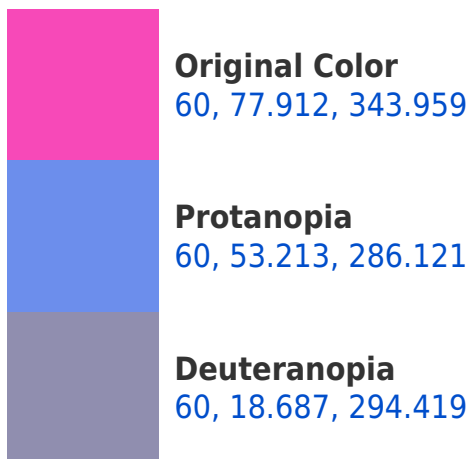


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 77.912, 343.959.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
60, 61.745, 24.301



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 77.912, 343.959



**Protanomaly**  
57, 58.360, 308.915



**Deuteranomaly**  
58, 41.459, 328.126



**Tritanomaly**  
60, 63.209, 6.946

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 77.912, 343.959



**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
56, 32.852, 339.855

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 77.912, 343.959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 73, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 73, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 73, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 73, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 77.912, 343.959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 73, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 73, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 73, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 73, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 73, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 73,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 77.912, 343.959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 73, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247, 73,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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