

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 78.418, 128.429)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIElCh(60, 78.418, 128.429)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 78.624, 128.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4FA401
RGB	79, 164, 1
RGB Percent	31%, 64%, 0%
CMY	0.6912, 0.3577, 0.9979
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 1.00, 0.36
HSL	91°, 99%, 32%
HSV	91°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	16.4420, 28.1233, 4.5767
YIQ	120.0030, 1.6630, -68.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

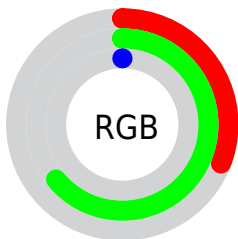
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 164, 86
Decimal	5219329
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, -48.99, 61.50
CIE _{LCh}	60, 78.624, 128.542
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3346, 0.5723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283409409 (0xFF4FA401)
YUV	120.0030, -58.6685, -35.9596
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -37.4623, 32.0052

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 78.624, 128.542** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **26, 88.967, 312.496**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 78.864, 128.488**, and **40, 64.885, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 78.733, 128.569**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 75.141, 127.668**.

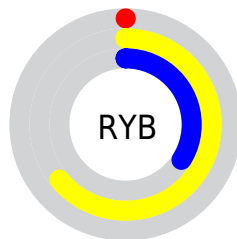
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (64%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (34%)

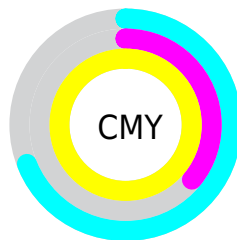


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 78.624,
128.542


 60, 78.624,
128.542


 100, 78.624,
128.542


 50, 78.624,
128.542


 80, 78.624,
128.542

 40, 78.624,
128.542

 90, 78.624,
128.542

 30, 78.624,
128.542

 20, 78.624,
128.542

 10, 78.624,
128.542

 0, 78.624, 128.542

 60, 78.624,

 60, 78.624,

128.542

■ 60, 78.733,
128.569

128.542

■ 60, 75.141,
127.668

■ 61, 70.164,
127.144

■ 61, 63.589,
127.027

■ 62, 55.806,
127.198

■ 63, 47.197,
127.544

■ 63, 38.061,
127.981

■ 64, 28.612,
128.454

■ 65, 19.001,
128.930

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 78.624, 128.542



26, 88.967, 312.496

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 78.624, 128.542



60, 78.624, 178.542



60, 78.624, 308.542



60, 78.624, 358.542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 78.624, 128.543



81, 35.630, 128.412



45, 60.550, 62.413



43, 24.461, 128.221



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 78.624, 128.543



76, 95.561, 128.864



58, 85.591, 136.187



34, 5.440, 129.410



54, 72.016, 128.405



4, 8.564, 131.339

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 88.967, 312.496



34, 108.036, 312.280



39, 81.846, 328.894



32, 5.510, 310.180



22, 81.559, 312.598



1, 8.387, 308.075

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

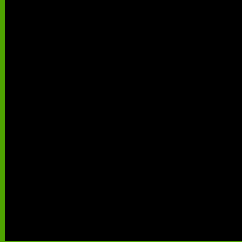
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 78.624, 128.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 78.624, 128.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 78.624, 128.542

Protanopia

60, 63.921, 95.236

Deuteranopia

59, 57.447, 82.049



Tritanopia
60, 18.098, 220.205

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 78.624, 128.542



Protanomaly
59, 66.251, 110.375



Deuteranomaly
59, 60.068, 104.158



Tritanomaly
59, 37.633, 146.967

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 78.624, 128.542



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 35.713, 128.003

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 78.624, 128.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 164, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 164, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 164, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 164, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 78.624, 128.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 164, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 164, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 164, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 164, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 164, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 164, 1)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 78.624, 128.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 164, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 164,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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