

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 78.527, 36.037)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 78.527, 36.037) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(60, 78.409, 36.039)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF5543
RGB	255, 85, 67
RGB Percent	100%, 33%, 26%
CMY	0.0005, 0.6670, 0.7376
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.74, 0.00
HSL	6°, 100%, 63%
HSV	6°, 74%, 100%
XYZ	45.4488, 28.1233, 8.3301
YIQ	133.7780, 107.0980, 30.4420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

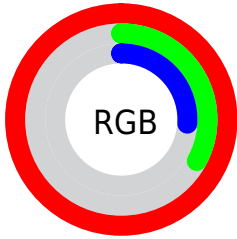
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 87, 67
Decimal	16733507
CIE Lab	60.00, 63.40, 46.13
CIE LCh	60, 78.409, 36.039
Yxy	28.1233, 0.5549, 0.3434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294923587 (0xFFFF5543)
YUV	133.7780, -32.9216, 106.3117
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 60.1723, 27.8088

# Details

The CIELCh color **60, 78.409, 36.039** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as middle washed red. A complement of this color would be **86, 42.052, 210.007**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 51.623, 39.684**, and **40, 78.298, 36.055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 89.933, 38.362**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 66.231, 33.898**.

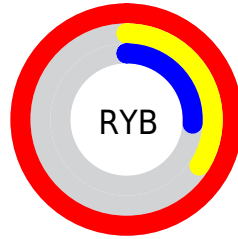
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (33%)

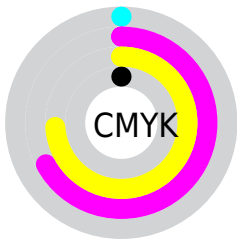
Blue (26%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (26%)

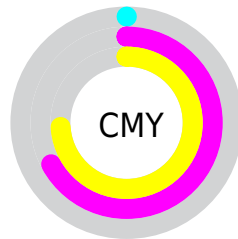


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 60, 78.409, 36.039

 60, 78.409, 36.039

 100, 78.409,  
36.039

 50, 78.409, 36.039

 80, 78.409, 36.039

 40, 78.409, 36.039

 90, 78.409, 36.039

 30, 78.409, 36.039

 20, 78.409, 36.039

 10, 78.409, 36.039

 0, 78.409, 36.039

 60, 78.409, 36.039

 60, 78.409, 36.039

 57, 89.933, 38.362

 64, 66.231, 33.898

 55, 99.209, 40.181

 69, 54.137, 32.147

54, 103.120,  
40.852

74, 42.497, 30.800

79, 31.513, 29.800

85, 21.278, 29.075

91, 11.813, 28.551

98, 3.088, 28.056

100, 0.041,  
215.964

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 78.409, 36.039



86, 42.052, 210.007

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 78.409, 36.039



60, 78.409, 86.039



60, 78.409, 216.039



60, 78.409, 266.039

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 78.406, 36.042



86, 19.578, 28.971



63, 98.386, 330.830



44, 13.305, 29.135



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 78.406, 36.042



56, 94.330, 39.259



78, 67.481, 73.380



50, 4.802, 28.364



40, 82.795, 41.077



11, 31.559, 31.865



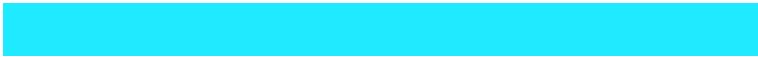


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 42.052, 210.007



85, 44.259, 211.752



61, 62.671, 281.422



52, 4.513, 208.081



65, 36.063, 213.380



21, 16.755, 211.107



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 60, 78.409, 36.039

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 78.409, 36.039.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60, 78.409, 36.039

### Protanopia

60, 33.254, 95.595

### Deuteranopia

60, 49.065, 81.328



**Tritanopia**  
60, 73.951, 28.344



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 78.409, 36.039

**Protanomaly**  
58, 42.283, 56.598

**Deuteranomaly**  
59, 54.903, 57.341

**Tritanomaly**  
60, 75.293, 31.271

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 78.409, 36.039

**Achromatopsia**  
56, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
55, 27.203, 29.520

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 78.409, 36.039 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 85, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 85, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 85, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 85, 67) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 78.409, 36.039 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 85, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 85, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 85, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 85, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 85, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 85,  
67) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 78.409, 36.039 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 85, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 85,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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