

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 79.368, 131.181)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 79.368, 131.181)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 79.345, 131.157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44A50C
RGB	68, 165, 12
RGB Percent	27%, 65%, 5%
CMY	0.7338, 0.3533, 0.9538
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.93, 0.35
HSL	98°, 87%, 35%
HSV	98°, 93%, 65%
XYZ	15.8769, 28.1233, 4.9323
YIQ	118.5550, -8.6990, -68.1470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

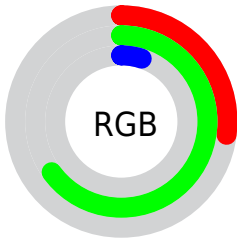
Format	Color
RYB	12, 165, 109
Decimal	4498700
CIELab	60.00, -52.22, 59.74
CIElCh	60, 79.345, 131.157
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3245, 0.5747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282688780 (0xFF44A50C)
YUV	118.5550, -52.5316, -44.3367
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -39.3645, 31.6077

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 79.345, 131.157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **30, 84.902, 315.826**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 79.562, 131.189**, and **41, 65.300, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 81.798, 131.659**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 74.759, 130.639**.

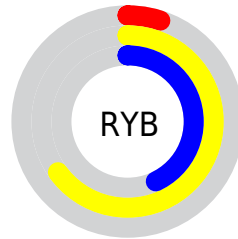
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (65%)

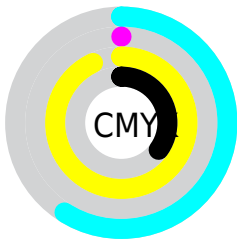
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (43%)

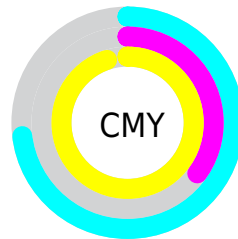


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (35%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 79.345,
131.157


 60, 79.345,
131.157


 100, 79.345,
131.157


 50, 79.345,
131.157


 80, 79.345,
131.157

 40, 79.345,
131.157

 90, 79.345,
131.157

 30, 79.345,
131.157

 20, 79.345,
131.157

 10, 79.345,
131.157

 0, 79.345, 131.157

 60, 79.345,

 60, 79.345,

131.157

131.157

■ 60, 81.798,
131.659

■ 60, 74.759,
130.639

■ 61, 68.408,
130.537

■ 62, 60.664,
130.737

■ 62, 51.938,
131.121

■ 63, 42.573,
131.596

■ 64, 32.823,
132.100

■ 65, 22.869,
132.596

■ 66, 12.841,
133.067

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 79.345, 131.157



30, 84.902, 315.826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 79.345, 131.157



60, 79.345, 181.157



60, 79.345, 311.157



60, 79.345, 1.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 79.345, 131.158



82, 34.654, 132.318



51, 57.266, 74.453



43, 23.857, 132.112



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 79.345, 131.158



76, 99.685, 131.924



59, 80.789, 138.259



34, 5.598, 133.229



53, 74.435, 131.504



4, 8.788, 134.718

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 84.902, 315.826



38, 106.425, 315.253



38, 74.215, 333.853



32, 5.652, 313.959



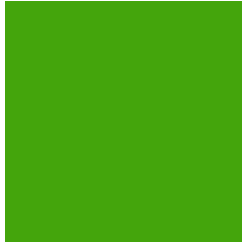
25, 79.683, 315.556



1, 8.587, 311.688

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

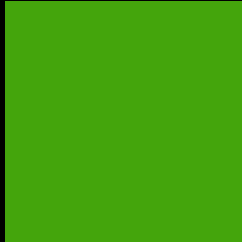
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 79.345, 131.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 79.345, 131.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 79.345, 131.157

Protanopia
60, 63.921, 95.236

Deuteranopia
59, 56.775, 81.883



Tritanopia
60, 20.276, 219.279

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 79.345, 131.157

Protanomaly
59, 66.363, 112.349

Deuteranomaly
59, 59.203, 106.533

Tritanomaly
59, 37.881, 152.064

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 79.345, 131.157

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 34.963, 131.424

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 79.345, 131.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 165, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 165, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 165, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 165, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 79.345, 131.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 165, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 165, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 165, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 165, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 165, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 165,  
12) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 79.345, 131.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 165, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 165,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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