

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 8.181, 310.714)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 8.181, 310.714) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 7.852, 310.740)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 958E9B |
| RGB | 149, 142, 155 |
| RGB Percent | 58%, 56%, 61% |
| CMY | 0.4155, 0.4429, 0.3920 |
| CMYK | 0.04, 0.08, 0.00, 0.39 |
| HSL | 272°, 6%, 58% |
| HSV | 272°, 8%, 61% |
| XYZ | 28.0045, 28.1233, 34.9846 |
| YIQ | 145.5750, -0.0010, 5.5270 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

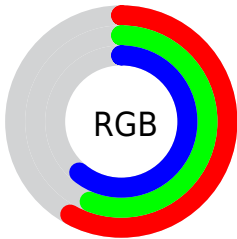
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 149, 142, 155 |
| Decimal | 9801371 |
| CIE Lab | 60.00, 5.12, -5.95 |
| CIE LCh | 60, 7.852, 310.740 |
| Yxy | 28.1233, 0.3074, 0.3087 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287991451 (0xFF958E9B) |
| YUV | 145.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.0314, 1.4563, -1.9914 |

Details

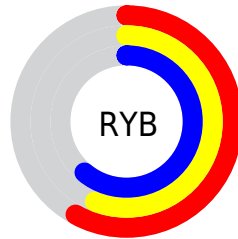
The CIELCh color $60, 7.852, 310.740$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 7.762, 130.061$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 7.410, 310.648$, and $40, 7.754, 309.547$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 17.438, 311.197$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 1.484, 130.407$.

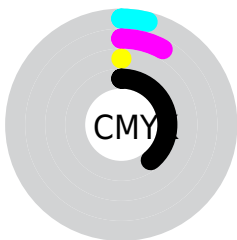
Distribution



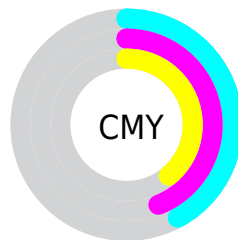
- Red (58%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 7.852, 310.740

60, 7.852, 310.740

100, 7.852,
310.740

50, 7.852, 310.740

80, 7.852, 310.740

40, 7.852, 310.740

90, 7.852, 310.740

30, 7.852, 310.740

20, 7.852, 310.740

10, 7.852, 310.740

0, 7.852, 310.740

60, 7.852, 310.740

60, 7.852, 310.740

55, 17.438,
311.197

65, 1.484, 130.407

70, 10.548,

51, 27.240,
311.681

129.966

46, 37.180,
312.177

74, 19.340,
129.622

41, 47.117,
312.663

79, 27.865,
129.319

37, 56.818,
313.101

84, 36.133,
129.052

33, 65.921,
313.433

88, 44.156,
128.818

30, 73.912,
313.580

93, 51.947,
128.614

27, 80.176,
313.445

95, 53.388,
126.751

25, 84.541,
313.017

95, 52.451,
124.094

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 7.852, 310.740



63, 7.762, 130.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 7.852, 310.740



60, 7.852, 0.740



60, 7.852, 130.740



60, 7.852, 180.740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 7.850, 310.737



79, 3.457, 310.486



61, 4.480, 260.078



42, 2.643, 310.526



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 7.850, 310.737



75, 11.618, 310.819



61, 8.704, 325.772



30, 5.241, 310.775



22, 79.146, 313.057



1, 5.589, 310.085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 6.111, 346.420



76, 9.044, 346.591



63, 8.688, 144.885



30, 4.080, 346.499



29, 54.150, 4.545



1, 4.335, 346.210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

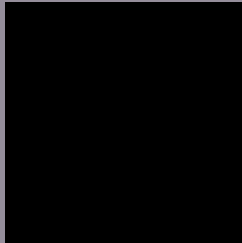
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

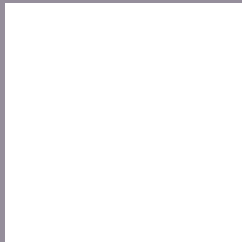
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 7.852, 310.740

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740.

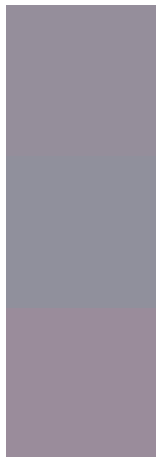


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 7.852, 310.740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 7.852, 310.740

Protanopia

60, 6.781, 290.947

Deuteranopia

60, 10.073, 323.099



Tritanopia
60, 7.325, 312.228

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 7.852, 310.740

Protanomaly
60, 7.455, 299.716

Deuteranomaly
60, 9.001, 318.748

Tritanomaly
60, 7.325, 312.228

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 7.852, 310.740

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.399, 309.142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 7.852, 310.740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 142, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 142, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 142, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 142, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 7.852, 310.740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 142, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 142, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 142, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 142, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 142, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 142,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 7.852, 310.740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 142, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
142, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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