

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 8.443, 12.585)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 8.443, 12.585) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 8.431, 12.578)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A18C8E
RGB	161, 140, 142
RGB Percent	63%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.3702, 0.4525, 0.4446
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.12, 0.37
HSL	354°, 10%, 59%
HSV	354°, 13%, 63%
XYZ	28.7957, 28.1233, 29.3523
YIQ	146.5070, 11.8740, 5.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

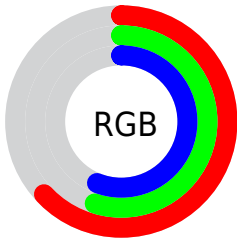
Format	Color
R _Y B	161, 140, 142
Decimal	10587278
CIE Lab	60.00, 8.23, 1.84
CIE LCh	60, 8.431, 12.578
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3338, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288777358 (0xFFA18C8E)
YUV	146.5070, -2.2220, 12.7104
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 4.1194, 4.3057

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 8.431, 12.578$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 7.883, 190.626$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 8.286, 12.666$, and $40, 8.295, 12.167$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 15.361, 13.658$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 1.915, 11.544$.

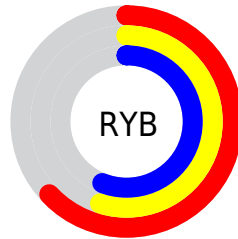
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (55%)

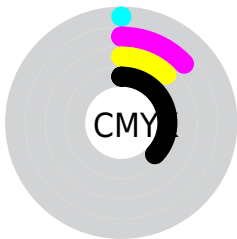
Blue (56%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

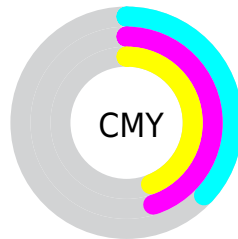


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 8.431, 12.578

60, 8.431, 12.578

100, 8.431, 12.578

50, 8.431, 12.578

80, 8.431, 12.578

40, 8.431, 12.578

90, 8.431, 12.578

30, 8.431, 12.578

20, 8.431, 12.578

10, 8.431, 12.578

0, 8.431, 12.578

60, 8.431, 12.578

60, 8.431, 12.578

55, 15.361, 13.658

65, 1.915, 11.544

51, 22.682, 14.959

69, 4.184, 191.172

47, 30.310, 16.584

74, 9.892, 190.500

43, 38.100, 18.638

79, 15.240,
189.961

40, 45.840, 21.245

84, 20.263,
189.498

37, 53.273, 24.516

35, 60.154, 28.472

89, 24.998,
189.093

34, 66.234, 32.879

93, 29.476,
188.735

33, 69.988, 35.604

94, 29.234,
197.616

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 8.431, 12.578



64, 7.883, 190.626

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 8.431, 12.578



60, 8.431, 62.578



60, 8.431, 192.578



60, 8.431, 242.578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 8.429, 12.588



82, 3.108, 11.683



60, 13.893, 322.322



43, 2.209, 11.768



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 8.429, 12.588



75, 12.931, 12.915



62, 6.881, 62.543



31, 3.557, 12.216



29, 63.865, 35.123



1, 4.519, 11.941

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 8.429, 12.588



75, 12.931, 12.915



62, 6.528, 245.425



31, 3.557, 12.216



29, 63.865, 35.123



1, 4.519, 11.941

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

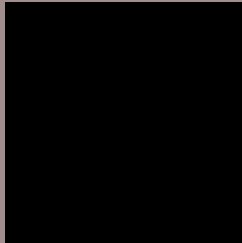
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 8.431, 12.578

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.431, 12.578.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 8.431, 12.578

Protanopia

60, 1.170, 19.150

Deuteranopia

60, 8.030, 12.145



Tritanopia
60, 11.262, 347.223

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 8.431, 12.578

Protanomaly
60, 3.976, 11.563

Deuteranomaly
60, 8.030, 12.145

Tritanomaly
60, 9.526, 355.973

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 8.431, 12.578

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.742, 19.516

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 8.431, 12.578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 140, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 140, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 140, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 140, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.431, 12.578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 140, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 140, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 140, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 140, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 140, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 140,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.431, 12.578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 140, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
140, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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