

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 8.548, 109.697)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 8.548, 109.697) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 8.996, 111.714)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 919282 |
| RGB | 145, 146, 130 |
| RGB Percent | 57%, 57%, 51% |
| CMY | 0.4320, 0.4280, 0.4908 |
| CMYK | 0.01, 0.00, 0.11, 0.43 |
| HSL | 64°, 7%, 54% |
| HSV | 64°, 11%, 57% |
| XYZ | 25.9239, 28.1233, 25.1280 |
| YIQ | 143.8770, 4.5400, -5.1880 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

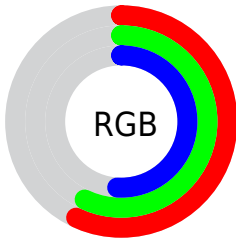
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 130, 146, 131 |
| Decimal | 9540226 |
| CIE Lab | 60.00, -3.33, 8.36 |
| CIE LCh | 60, 8.996, 111.714 |
| Yxy | 28.1233, 0.3274, 0.3552 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287730306 (0xFF919282) |
| YUV | 143.8770, -6.8414, 0.9849 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.0314, -5.5471, 9.0285 |

Details

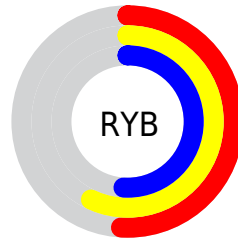
The CIELCh color $60, 8.996, 111.714$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55, 9.221, 293.639$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 9.020, 111.754$, and $40, 9.084, 111.549$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 17.149, 110.872$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 0.789, 112.524$.

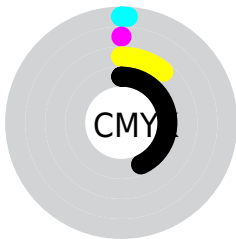
Distribution



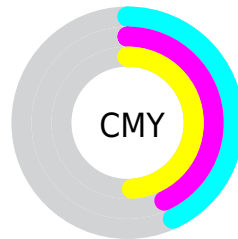
- Red (57%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 8.996, 111.714

60, 8.996, 111.714

100, 8.996,
111.714

50, 8.996, 111.714

80, 8.996, 111.714

40, 8.996, 111.714

90, 8.996, 111.714

30, 8.996, 111.714

20, 8.996, 111.714

10, 8.996, 111.714

0, 8.996, 111.714

60, 8.996, 111.714

60, 8.996, 111.714

60, 17.149,
110.872

60, 0.789, 112.524

61, 7.436, 293.388

■ 59, 25.187,
110.025

■ 61, 15.651,
294.176

■ 59, 33.022,
109.201

■ 62, 23.837,
294.932

■ 59, 40.520,
108.425

■ 63, 31.979,
295.651

■ 58, 47.481,
107.732

■ 63, 40.066,
296.333

■ 58, 53.619,
107.168

■ 64, 48.090,
296.975

■ 58, 58.579,
106.783

■ 65, 56.042,
297.579

■ 58, 62.011,
106.630

■ 65, 60.627,
298.011

■ 58, 64.092,
106.642

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 8.996, 111.714



55, 9.221, 293.639

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 8.996, 111.714



60, 8.996, 161.714



60, 8.996, 291.714



60, 8.996, 341.714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 8.997, 111.721



76, 3.034, 112.378



56, 6.154, 24.219



40, 2.293, 112.317



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 8.997, 111.721



76, 13.150, 111.527



59, 9.696, 130.348



31, 4.688, 111.869



55, 61.463, 106.622



3, 4.119, 112.643

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 9.221, 293.639



68, 13.542, 293.869



56, 9.828, 311.245



29, 4.787, 293.470



15, 84.267, 306.551



0, 4.120, 292.644

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

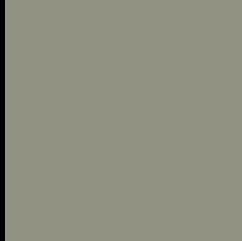
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

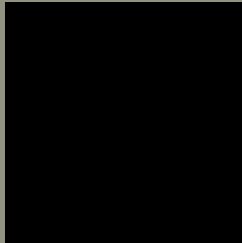
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

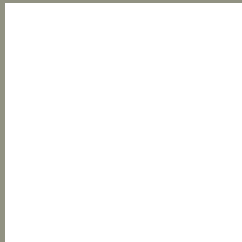
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 8.996, 111.714

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.996, 111.714.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 8.996, 111.714

Protanopia

60, 8.895, 90.534

Deuteranopia

60, 10.850, 44.630



Tritanopia
60, 7.193, 309.392

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 8.996, 111.714

Protanomaly
60, 9.127, 98.901

Deuteranomaly
60, 8.316, 62.266

Tritanomaly
60, 1.937, 343.699

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 8.996, 111.714

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 3.400, 116.419

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 8.996, 111.714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 146, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 146, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 146, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 146, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.996, 111.714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 146, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 146, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 146, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 146, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 146, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 146,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.996, 111.714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 146, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
146, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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