

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 8.567, 259.799)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 8.567, 259.799) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 8.456, 259.724)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86929F
RGB	134, 146, 159
RGB Percent	53%, 57%, 62%
CMY	0.4746, 0.4275, 0.3765
CMYK	0.16, 0.08, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	211°, 12%, 57%
HSV	211°, 16%, 62%
XYZ	26.3628, 28.1233, 36.8329
YIQ	143.8940, -11.3250, 1.4990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

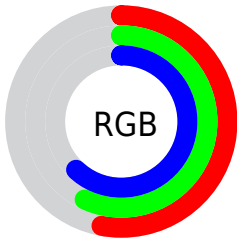
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 142, 159
Decimal	8819359
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, -1.51, -8.32
CIE _{LCh}	60, 8.456, 259.724
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2887, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287009439 (0xFF86929F)
YUV	143.8940, 7.4473, -8.6770
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -4.0697, -4.0578

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 8.456, 259.724$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 8.750, 75.596$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 8.640, 259.147$, and $40, 8.526, 258.464$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 13.778, 261.377$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 3.090, 258.356$.

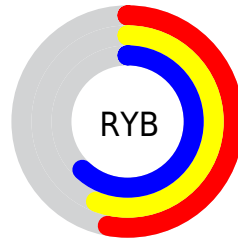
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (57%)

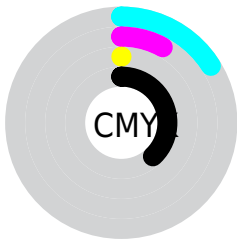
Blue (62%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

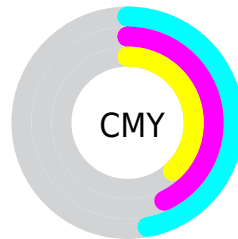


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 8.456, 259.724

■ 60, 8.456, 259.724

■ 100, 8.456,
259.724

■ 50, 8.456, 259.724

■ 80, 8.456, 259.724

■ 40, 8.456, 259.724

■ 90, 8.456, 259.724

■ 30, 8.456, 259.724

■ 20, 8.456, 259.724

■ 10, 8.456, 259.724

■ 0, 8.456, 259.724

■ 60, 8.456, 259.724

■ 60, 8.456, 259.724

■ 57, 13.778,
261.377

■ 63, 3.090, 258.356

■ 67, 2.301, 76.920

■ 53, 19.043,
263.350

■ 70, 7.700, 75.971

■ 50, 24.238,
265.687

■ 74, 13.092, 75.090

■ 46, 29.364,
268.439

■ 78, 18.466, 74.315

■ 43, 34.438,
271.644

■ 81, 23.809, 73.634

■ 40, 39.502,
275.306

■ 85, 29.114, 73.032

■ 37, 44.620,
279.369

■ 87, 32.890, 75.999

■ 35, 49.861,
283.680

■ 33, 52.173,
285.420

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 8.456, 259.724



62, 8.750, 75.596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 8.456, 259.724



60, 8.456, 309.724



60, 8.456, 79.724



60, 8.456, 129.724

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 8.455, 259.716



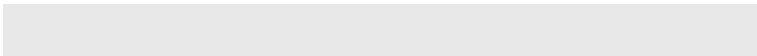
81, 3.342, 258.286



63, 11.721, 163.245



43, 2.297, 258.360



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 8.455, 259.716



75, 12.628, 260.286



57, 14.299, 292.457



32, 3.034, 258.793



30, 47.784, 284.977



2, 4.063, 260.103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 11.946, 346.062



73, 17.932, 346.413



65, 13.805, 109.388



31, 4.244, 345.457



30, 54.960, 2.892



1, 5.398, 346.126

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

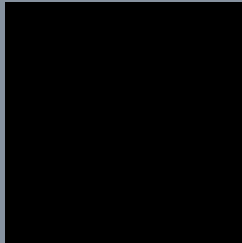
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

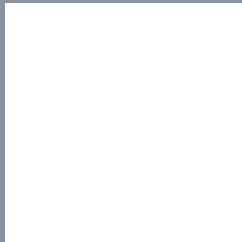
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 8.456, 259.724

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724.

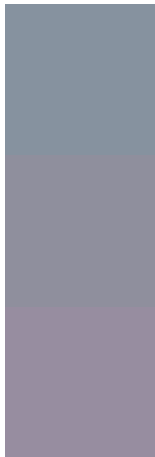


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 8.456, 259.724.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

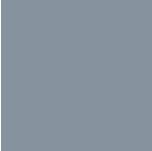
60, 8.456, 259.724

Protanopia

60, 7.920, 291.077

Deuteranopia

60, 11.433, 310.487



Tritanopia
60, 7.988, 257.484

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 8.456, 259.724

Protanomaly
60, 8.022, 280.426

Deuteranomaly
60, 9.654, 295.672

Tritanomaly
60, 7.988, 257.484

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 8.456, 259.724

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.930, 249.977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 8.456, 259.724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 146, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 146, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 146, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 146, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.456, 259.724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 146, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 146, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 146, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 146, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 146, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 146,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 8.456, 259.724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 146, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
146, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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