

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 84.398, 313.505)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 84.398, 313.505)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(60, 84.663, 313.437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BB6AFE
RGB	187, 106, 254
RGB Percent	73%, 42%, 100%
CMY	0.2657, 0.5834, 0.0029
CMYK	0.26, 0.58, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	273°, 99%, 71%
HSV	273°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	43.6621, 28.1233, 97.1038
YIQ	147.0910, 0.7680, 63.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

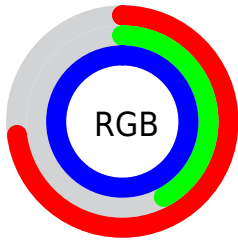
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	187, 106, 254
Decimal	12282622
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.00, 58.21, -61.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 84.663, 313.437
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2585, 0.1665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290472702 (0xFFBB6AFE)
YUV	147.0910, 52.7061, 35.0002
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 54.1584, -71.4416

# Details

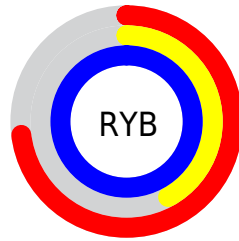
The CIELCh color  $60, 84.663, 313.437$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC66FF`. A complement of this color would be  $92, 78.401, 128.095$ , and the grayscale version is  $61, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77, 57.857, 323.663$ , and  $40, 84.692, 313.453$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $54, 97.959, 313.737$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66, 70.290, 313.010$ .

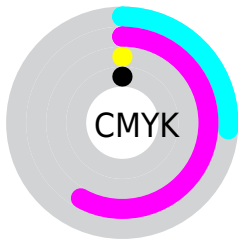
# Distribution



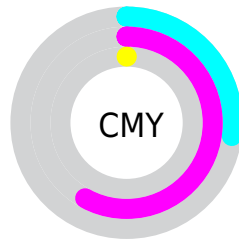
- Red (73%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60, 84.663,  
313.437

 60, 84.663,  
313.437

 100, 84.663,  
313.437


 50, 84.663,  
313.437


 80, 84.663,  
313.437

 40, 84.663,  
313.437

 90, 84.663,  
313.437

 30, 84.663,  
313.437

 20, 84.663,  
313.437

 10, 84.663,  
313.437

 0, 84.663, 313.437

 60, 84.663,

 60, 84.663,

313.437

313.437

■ 54, 97.959,  
313.737

■ 66, 70.290,  
313.010

■ 49, 109.325,  
313.818

■ 73, 55.465,  
312.521

■ 45, 117.792,  
313.575

■ 80, 40.589,  
312.015

■ 43, 122.773,  
312.936

■ 87, 25.900,  
311.520

■ 42, 123.479,  
312.808

■ 94, 11.532,  
311.048

100, 0.368,  
109.940

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 84.663, 313.437



92, 78.401, 128.095

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 84.663, 313.437



60, 84.663, 3.437



60, 84.663, 133.437



60, 84.663, 183.437

# Sweetspot

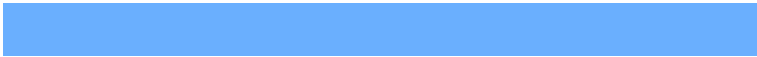
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 84.662, 313.437



88, 24.188, 311.462



70, 45.688, 271.165



45, 16.220, 311.559



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 84.662, 313.437



53, 100.390, 313.771



68, 86.163, 328.426



49, 8.010, 311.108



31, 99.510, 313.002



7, 44.825, 314.191





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 63.079, 353.623



61, 72.961, 356.317



90, 87.194, 140.166



50, 6.187, 347.075



41, 67.998, 6.682

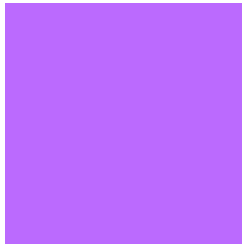


10, 31.504, 0.368



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

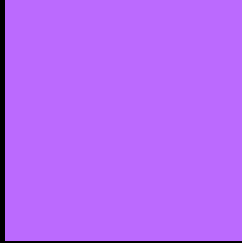
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

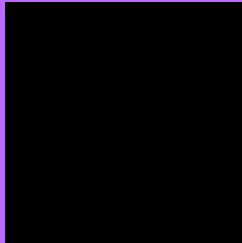
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 60, 84.663, 313.437

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437.

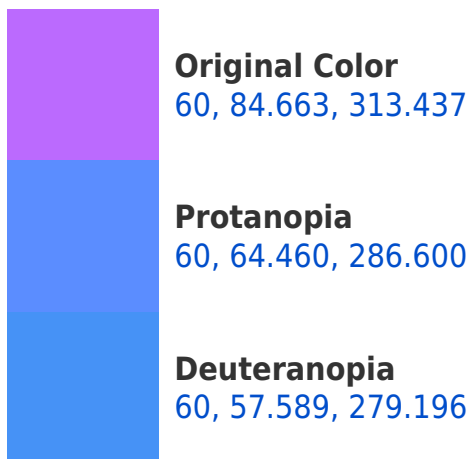



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 84.663, 313.437.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
60, 13.844, 356.966



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 84.663, 313.437



**Protanomaly**  
59, 71.601, 297.166



**Deuteranomaly**  
59, 66.066, 293.023



**Tritanomaly**  
59, 38.260, 321.251

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 84.663, 313.437



**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
60, 32.452, 312.298

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 84.663, 313.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 106, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 106, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 106, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 106, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 84.663, 313.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

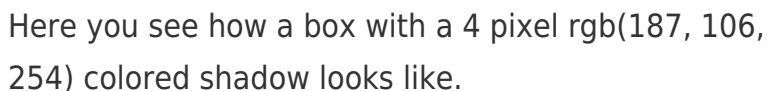
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 106, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 106, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 106, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 106, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 106, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 106,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 84.663, 313.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 106, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
106, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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