

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 94.094, 337.299)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 94.094, 337.299)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 93.995, 337.317)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF30D2
RGB	255, 48, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 19%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8101, 0.1755
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	313°, 100%, 59%
HSV	313°, 81%, 100%
XYZ	54.0764, 28.1233, 63.7115
YIQ	128.3610, 71.3700, 94.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

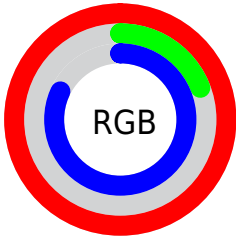
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 48, 210
Decimal	16724178
CIE Lab	60.00, 86.72, -36.25
CIE LCh	60, 93.995, 337.317
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3706, 0.1927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294914258 (0xFFFF30D2)
YUV	128.3610, 40.2480, 111.0624
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 89.2122, -34.1084

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 93.995, 337.317** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **88, 100.087, 141.768**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 82.129, 327.205**, and **44, 80.459, 338.261** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 96.967, 338.346**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 87.969, 336.311**.

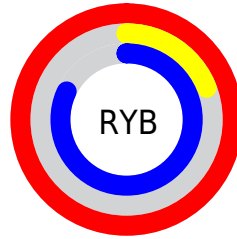
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (19%)

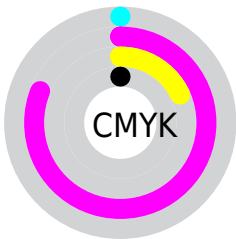
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (82%)

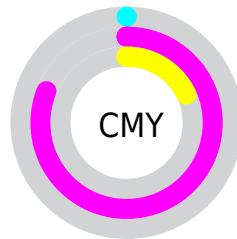


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (81%)


Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 93.995,
337.317


 60, 93.995,
337.317


 100, 93.995,
337.317


 50, 93.995,
337.317


 80, 93.995,
337.317

 40, 93.995,
337.317

 90, 93.995,
337.317

 30, 93.995,
337.317

 20, 93.995,
337.317

 10, 93.995,
337.317

 0, 93.995, 337.317

 60, 93.995,

 60, 93.995,

337.317

■ 58, 96.967,
338.346

■ 57, 97.452,
339.458

337.317

■ 63, 87.969,
336.311

■ 66, 79.249,
335.453

■ 70, 68.374,
334.654

■ 75, 55.993,
333.898

■ 81, 42.695,
333.173

■ 87, 28.952,
332.474

■ 93, 15.107,
331.795

■ 99, 1.388, 330.910

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 93.995, 337.317



88, 100.087, 141.768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 93.995, 337.317



60, 93.995, 27.317



60, 93.995, 157.317



60, 93.995, 207.317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 93.970, 337.262



85, 33.079, 332.680



40, 117.131, 306.484



43, 22.720, 332.929



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 93.970, 337.262



58, 97.397, 339.078



57, 78.949, 12.479



50, 7.790, 331.693



43, 78.708, 339.219



11, 36.915, 337.616

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 93.970, 337.262



58, 97.397, 339.078



90, 64.041, 165.394



50, 7.790, 331.693



43, 78.708, 339.219



11, 36.915, 337.616

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

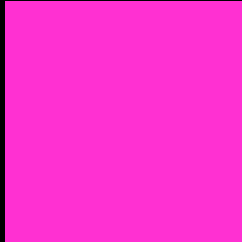
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

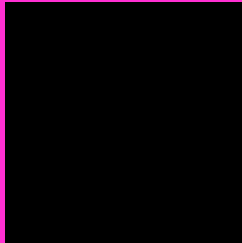
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 93.995, 337.317

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317.

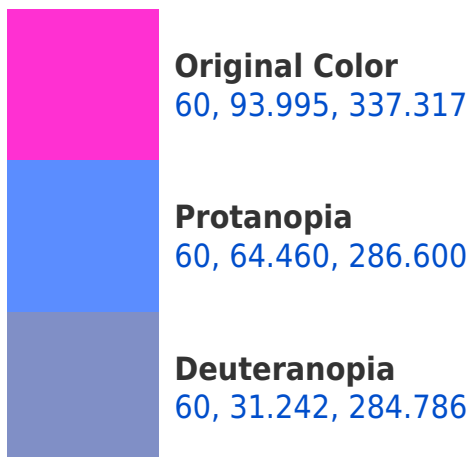


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 93.995, 337.317.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 65.400, 25.626

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 93.995, 337.317



Protanomaly
55, 75.929, 307.051



Deuteranomaly
56, 56.709, 317.635



Tritanomaly
59, 69.685, 2.907

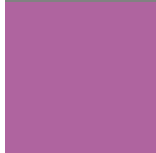
Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 93.995, 337.317



Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 43.137, 333.830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 93.995, 337.317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 48, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 48, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 48, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 48, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 93.995, 337.317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 48, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 48, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 48, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 48, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 48, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 48,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 93.995, 337.317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 48, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 48,  
210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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