

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 10.400, 291.209)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 10.400, 291.209)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 10.141, 291.305)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9292A4
RGB	146, 146, 164
RGB Percent	57%, 57%, 64%
CMY	0.4284, 0.4283, 0.3578
CMYK	0.11, 0.11, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	240°, 9%, 61%
HSV	240°, 11%, 64%
XYZ	28.7356, 29.2481, 39.1408
YIQ	148.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

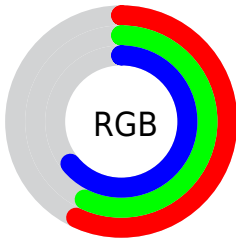
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 146, 164
Decimal	9605796
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 3.68, -9.45
CIE _{LCh}	61, 10.141, 291.305
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2959, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287795876 (0xFF9292A4)
YUV	148.0520, 7.8624, -1.7996
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 0.2013, -5.0532

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 10.141, 291.305$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 9.891, 109.130$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 10.103, 291.073$, and $41, 9.714, 289.329$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 19.757, 292.510$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 0.901, 290.327$.

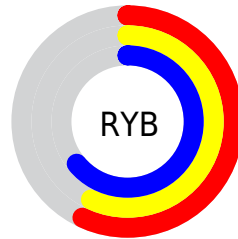
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (57%)

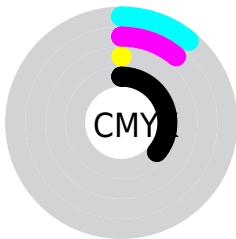
Blue (64%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (64%)

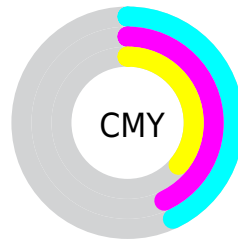


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 10.141,
291.305

■ 61, 10.141,
291.305

■ 100, 10.141,
291.305

■ 51, 10.141,
291.305

■ 81, 10.141,
291.305

■ 41, 10.141,
291.305

■ 91, 10.141,
291.305

■ 31, 10.141,
291.305

■ 21, 10.141,
291.305

■ 11, 10.141,
291.305

■ 1, 10.141, 291.305

■ 0, 10.141, 291.305

61, 10.141,
291.305

61, 10.141,
291.305

55, 19.757,
292.510

67, 0.901, 290.327

49, 29.782,
293.933

72, 7.986, 109.382

44, 40.233,
295.592

78, 16.550,
108.638

38, 51.095,
297.490

84, 24.812,
107.999

33, 62.243,
299.589

89, 32.793,
107.448

28, 73.308,
301.769

95, 40.512,
106.973

24, 83.449,
303.797

98, 45.552,
106.696

20, 91.266,

305.348

■ 19, 96.065,
306.285

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 10.141, 291.305



67, 9.891, 109.130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 10.141, 291.305



61, 10.141, 341.305



61, 10.141, 111.305



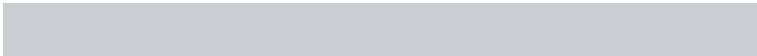
61, 10.141, 161.305

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 10.140, 291.301



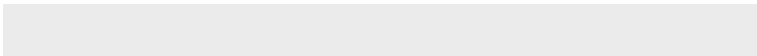
83, 3.366, 290.484



66, 6.658, 197.455



44, 2.574, 290.558



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 10.140, 291.301



76, 14.847, 291.555



62, 10.676, 308.969



31, 5.188, 291.112



16, 88.018, 306.285



0, 7.946, 290.172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 7.117, 20.026



77, 10.467, 20.204



66, 10.509, 128.008



32, 3.629, 19.891



30, 68.058, 39.259



1, 5.464, 19.394

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

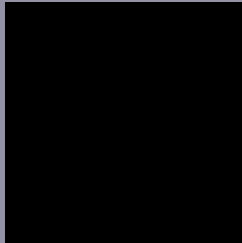
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

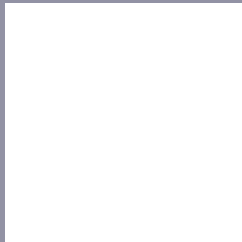
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 10.141, 291.305

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 10.141, 291.305.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 10.141, 291.305

Protanopia

61, 10.142, 289.231

Deuteranopia

61, 12.471, 308.810



Tritanopia
61, 6.226, 283.977

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 10.141, 291.305

Protanomaly
61, 10.142, 289.231

Deuteranomaly
61, 11.536, 302.522

Tritanomaly
61, 7.344, 285.185

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 10.141, 291.305

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 3.944, 290.629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 10.141, 291.305 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 146, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 146, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 146, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 146, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 10.141, 291.305 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 146, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 146, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 146, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 146, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 146, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 146,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 10.141, 291.305 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 146, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
146, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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