

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 114.296, 328.195)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 114.296, 328.195)
contains.

CIELCh(61, 113.968, 328.185)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	25
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

CIELCh(61, 113.968, 328.185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF17FF
RGB	255, 23, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 9%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9101, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 54%
HSV	300°, 91%, 100%
XYZ	59.9259, 29.2481, 97.6027
YIQ	118.8160, 63.8000, 121.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

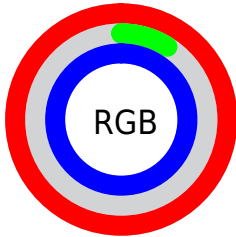
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 23, 255
Decimal	16717823
CIE Lab	61.00, 96.84, -60.08
CIE LCh	61, 113.968, 328.185
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3208, 0.1566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294907903 (0xFFFF17FF)
YUV	118.8160, 67.1387, 119.4334
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 103.1470, -69.1455

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 113.968, 328.185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **88, 117.566, 136.301**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 86.635, 327.348**, and **46, 95.248, 327.428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 115.567, 328.233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 109.312, 328.046**.

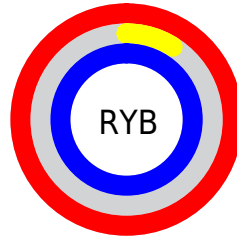
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (9%)

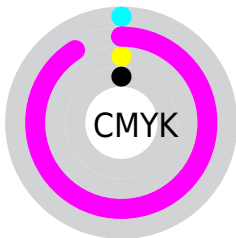
Blue (100%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (100%)

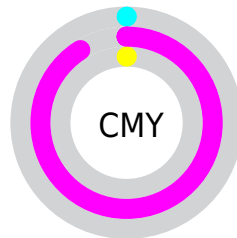


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (91%)


Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 113.968,
328.185


 61, 113.968,
328.185


 100, 113.968,
328.185


 51, 113.968,
328.185


 81, 113.968,
328.185


 41, 113.968,
328.185


 91, 113.968,
328.185

 31, 113.968,
328.185

 21, 113.968,
328.185

 11, 113.968,
328.185

 1, 113.968,
328.185

 0, 113.968,

328.185

■ 61, 113.968,
328.185

■ 61, 113.968,
328.185

■ 60, 115.567,
328.233

■ 62, 109.312,
328.046

■ 64, 101.862,
327.821

■ 68, 91.606,
327.504

■ 72, 79.044,
327.106

■ 76, 64.801,
326.644

■ 82, 49.486,
326.134

■ 87, 33.609,
325.593

■ 93, 17.561,
325.033

■ 99, 1.615, 324.307

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 113.968, 328.185



88, 117.566, 136.301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 113.968, 328.185



61, 113.968, 18.185



61, 113.968, 148.185



61, 113.968, 198.185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 113.753, 328.179



84, 43.154, 325.920



34, 129.217, 305.644



43, 29.038, 326.102



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 113.753, 328.179



60, 115.567, 328.233



56, 83.581, 359.224



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 113.753, 328.179



60, 115.567, 328.233



89, 85.169, 150.714



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

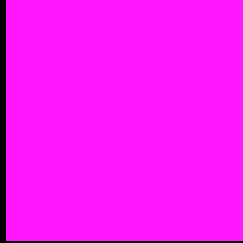
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

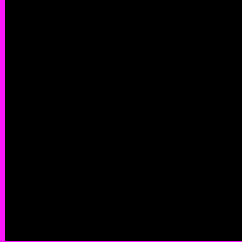
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 113.968, 328.185

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 113.968, 328.185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 113.742, 328.178

Protanopia

61, 62.636, 286.020

Deuteranopia

61, 52.736, 279.691



Tritanopia
61, 58.254, 23.832

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 113.742, 328.178



Protanomaly
55, 88.331, 307.756



Deuteranomaly
55, 81.444, 307.031



Tritanomaly
59, 72.424, 352.079

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 113.742, 328.178



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
49, 55.494, 327.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 113.968, 328.185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 23, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 23, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 23, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 23, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 113.968, 328.185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 23, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 23, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 23, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 23, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 23, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 23,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 113.968, 328.185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 23, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 23,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor