

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 14.254, 163.753)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 14.254, 163.753)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 14.261, 164.580)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B9A8C
RGB	123, 154, 140
RGB Percent	48%, 60%, 55%
CMY	0.5174, 0.3958, 0.4507
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.09, 0.40
HSL	153°, 13%, 54%
HSV	153°, 20%, 60%
XYZ	24.4861, 29.2481, 29.1946
YIQ	143.1350, -13.9820, -10.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

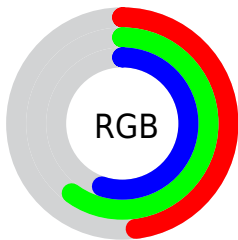
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 143, 154
Decimal	8100492
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -13.75, 3.79
CIE _{LCh}	61, 14.261, 164.580
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2953, 0.3527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286290572 (0xFF7B9A8C)
YUV	143.1350, -1.5456, -17.6584
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -13.8246, 5.8508

Details

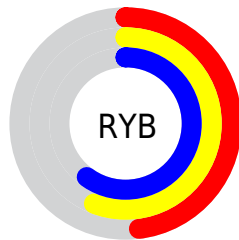
The CIELCh color $61, 14.261, 164.580$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $55, 14.709, 348.135$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 13.806, 165.815$, and $41, 14.242, 164.063$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 21.198, 163.542$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 7.194, 165.531$.

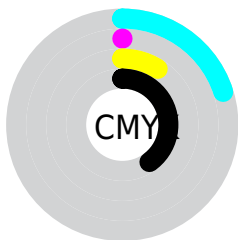
Distribution



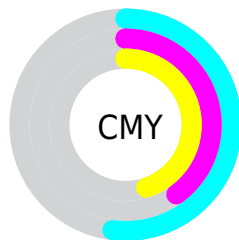
- Red (48%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 14.261,
164.580


 61, 14.261,
164.580


 100, 14.261,
164.580


 51, 14.261,
164.580


 81, 14.261,
164.580

 41, 14.261,
164.580

 91, 14.261,
164.580

 31, 14.261,
164.580

 21, 14.261,
164.580

 11, 14.261,
164.580

 1, 14.261, 164.580

 0, 14.261, 164.580

61, 14.261,
164.580

61, 14.261,
164.580

60, 21.198,
163.542

62, 7.194, 165.531

59, 27.896,
162.393

64, 0.082, 170.604

65, 7.002, 347.058

58, 34.243,
161.107

67, 14.001,
347.803

57, 40.126,
159.659

68, 20.875,
348.482

57, 45.444,
158.027

70, 27.595,
349.115

56, 50.130,
156.194


72, 34.144,
349.709

56, 54.161,
154.158

74, 40.513,
350.270

56, 57.662,

152.062

 75, 44.720,
348.717

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 14.261, 164.580



55, 14.709, 348.135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 14.261, 164.580



61, 14.261, 214.580



61, 14.261, 344.580



61, 14.261, 34.580

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 14.262, 164.578



80, 5.304, 165.911



62, 18.546, 129.350



42, 3.546, 165.853



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 14.262, 164.578



77, 21.110, 164.139



61, 10.909, 201.525



32, 3.994, 165.615



51, 53.618, 152.269



3, 4.355, 165.822

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 14.709, 348.135



68, 21.915, 348.592



55, 12.438, 23.435



30, 4.054, 347.073



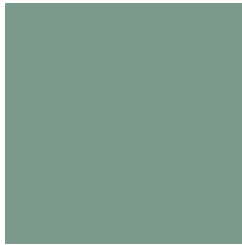
29, 54.120, 5.485



1, 4.306, 346.774

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

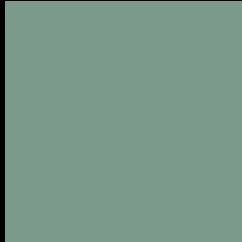
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

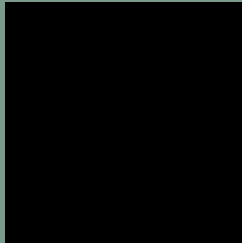
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 14.261, 164.580

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580.

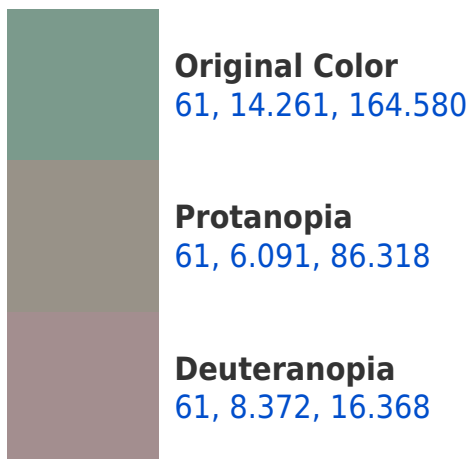


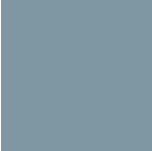
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 14.261, 164.580.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 10.743, 237.959

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 14.261, 164.580

Protanomaly
61, 7.461, 134.358

Deuteranomaly
61, 2.368, 90.560

Tritanomaly
61, 9.596, 208.785

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 14.261, 164.580

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 5.128, 165.617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 14.261, 164.580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 154, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 154, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 154, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 154, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 14.261, 164.580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 154, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 154, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 154, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 154, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 154, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 154,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 14.261, 164.580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 154, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
154, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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