

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 15.443, 124.011)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 15.443, 124.011)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 15.632, 123.517)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D977C
RGB	141, 151, 124
RGB Percent	55%, 59%, 49%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4079, 0.5137
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.18, 0.41
HSL	82°, 11%, 54%
HSV	82°, 18%, 59%
XYZ	25.6864, 29.2481, 23.3579
YIQ	144.9320, 2.7070, -10.5170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

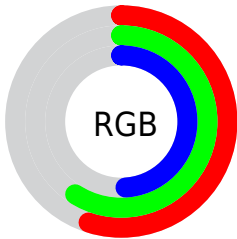
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 151, 134
Decimal	9279356
CIE Lab	61.00, -8.63, 13.03
CIE LCh	61, 15.632, 123.517
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3281, 0.3736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287469436 (0xFF8D977C)
YUV	144.9320, -10.3195, -3.4484
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -9.8628, 12.2496

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 15.632, 123.517$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $54, 16.115, 305.385$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 15.286, 123.220$, and $41, 15.532, 122.799$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 24.311, 122.995$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 6.891, 124.039$.

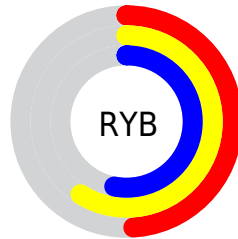
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (59%)

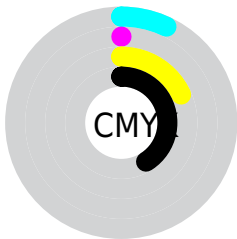
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (53%)

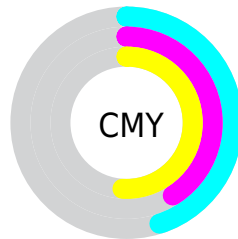


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (41%)


Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 15.632,
123.517


 61, 15.632,
123.517


 100, 15.632,
123.517


 51, 15.632,
123.517


 81, 15.632,
123.517

 41, 15.632,
123.517

 91, 15.632,
123.517

 31, 15.632,
123.517

 21, 15.632,
123.517

 11, 15.632,
123.517

 1, 15.632, 123.517

 0, 15.632, 123.517

■ 61, 15.632,
123.517

■ 61, 15.632,
123.517

■ 60, 24.311,
122.995

■ 62, 6.891, 124.039

■ 60, 32.839,
122.482

■ 63, 1.858, 304.490

■ 59, 41.096,
122.012

■ 64, 10.574,
304.981

■ 58, 48.905,
121.632

■ 65, 19.225,
305.416

■ 58, 56.009,
121.416

■ 66, 27.791,
305.817

■ 57, 62.074,
121.461

■ 67, 36.255,
306.184

■ 57, 66.733,
121.879

■ 68, 44.607,
306.520

■ 57, 69.928,

■ 69, 52.838,
306.826

122.687

70, 58.419,
307.569

57, 70.567,
122.854

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 15.632, 123.517



54, 16.115, 305.385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 15.632, 123.517



61, 15.632, 173.517



61, 15.632, 303.517



61, 15.632, 353.517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 15.634, 123.520



79, 5.410, 124.183



57, 9.042, 58.213



42, 3.721, 124.149



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 15.634, 123.520



77, 22.726, 123.335



60, 17.858, 139.857



32, 4.995, 123.969



53, 66.814, 122.751



3, 5.423, 124.807

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 16.115, 305.385



67, 23.574, 305.602



55, 17.958, 321.575



30, 5.078, 304.888



18, 81.936, 309.591



1, 5.408, 304.190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

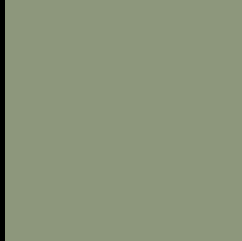
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

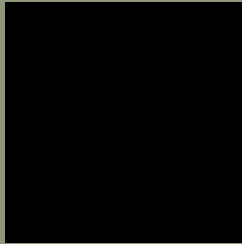
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

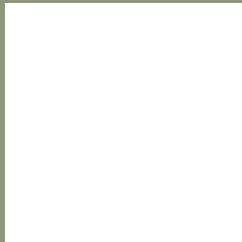
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 15.632, 123.517

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 15.632, 123.517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
61, 15.632, 123.517

Protanopia
61, 14.376, 95.242

Deuteranopia
61, 14.481, 55.543



Tritanopia
61, 6.764, 290.938

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 15.632, 123.517

Protanomaly
61, 14.000, 105.221

Deuteranomaly
61, 12.642, 81.616

Tritanomaly
61, 1.918, 163.606

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 15.632, 123.517

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 5.749, 121.434

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 15.632, 123.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 151, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 151, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 151, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 151, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 15.632, 123.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

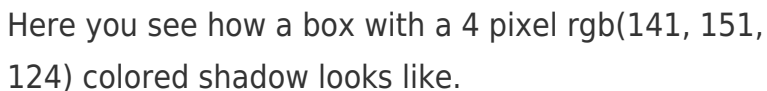
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 151, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 151, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 151, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 151, 124); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 151, 124); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 151, 124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 15.632, 123.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 151, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
151, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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