

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 19.539, 112.869)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 19.539, 112.869)
contains.

CIELCh(61, 19.561, 112.858)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(61, 19.561, 112.858)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	929673
RGB	146, 150, 115
RGB Percent	57%, 59%, 45%
CMY	0.4267, 0.4110, 0.5483
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.23, 0.41
HSL	67°, 14%, 52%
HSV	67°, 23%, 59%
XYZ	25.9335, 29.2481, 20.5562
YIQ	144.8140, 8.8510, -11.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

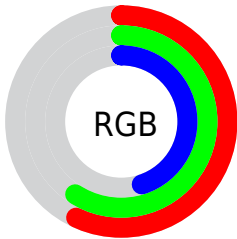
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 150, 119
Decimal	9606771
CIE Lab	61.00, -7.60, 18.02
CIE LCh	61, 19.561, 112.858
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3424, 0.3862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287796851 (0xFF929673)
YUV	144.8140, -14.6983, 1.0401
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -9.0472, 15.3211

Details

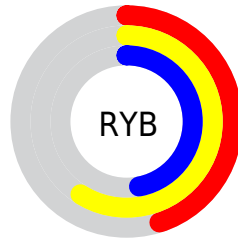
The CIELCh color $61, 19.561, 112.858$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $50, 20.606, 296.784$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 19.565, 112.974$, and $41, 19.198, 112.728$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 27.782, 112.087$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 11.208, 113.643$.

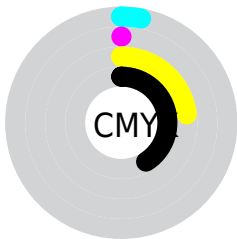
Distribution



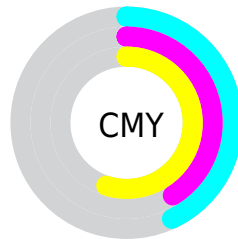
- Red (57%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 19.561,
112.858


 61, 19.561,
112.858


 100, 19.561,
112.858


 51, 19.561,
112.858


 81, 19.561,
112.858

 41, 19.561,
112.858

 91, 19.561,
112.858

 31, 19.561,
112.858

 21, 19.561,
112.858

 11, 19.561,
112.858

 1, 19.561, 112.858

 0, 19.561, 112.858

■ 61, 19.561,
112.858

■ 61, 19.561,
112.858

■ 61, 27.782,
112.087

■ 61, 11.208,
113.643

■ 60, 35.767,
111.342

■ 62, 2.786, 114.411

■ 60, 43.365,
110.657

■ 63, 5.660, 295.172

■ 60, 50.353,
110.076

■ 63, 14.098,
295.896

■ 59, 56.418,
109.655

■ 64, 22.506,
296.588

■ 59, 61.186,
109.460

■ 64, 30.866,
297.244

■ 59, 64.328,
109.552

■ 65, 39.167,
297.864

■ 59, 65.880,

■ 66, 47.399,
298.446

109.705

■ 67, 55.553,
298.991

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 19.561, 112.858



50, 20.606, 296.784

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 19.561, 112.858



61, 19.561, 162.858



61, 19.561, 292.858



61, 19.561, 342.858

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 19.562, 112.862



79, 7.339, 114.120



53, 13.465, 29.386



42, 4.807, 114.080



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 19.562, 112.862



78, 29.151, 112.452



60, 21.414, 131.475



31, 4.701, 113.962



54, 61.828, 109.654



3, 4.130, 114.667

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 20.606, 296.784



61, 31.117, 297.370



52, 21.934, 313.469



29, 4.799, 295.417



15, 83.939, 306.798



0, 4.130, 294.667

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

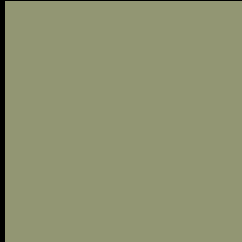
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

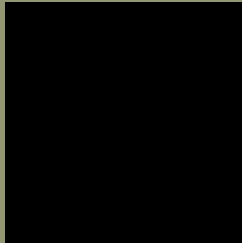
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 19.561, 112.858

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 19.561, 112.858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 19.561, 112.858

Protanopia

61, 18.918, 95.169

Deuteranopia

61, 19.032, 64.721



Tritanopia
61, 6.779, 313.949

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 19.561, 112.858

Protanomaly
61, 19.080, 101.690

Deuteranomaly
61, 17.702, 81.330

Tritanomaly
61, 3.554, 90.351

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 19.561, 112.858

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 7.345, 115.577

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 19.561, 112.858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 150, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 150, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 150, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 150, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 19.561, 112.858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 150, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 150, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 150, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 150, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 150, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 150,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 19.561, 112.858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 150, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
150, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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