

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 2.306, 317.314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 2.306, 317.314) contains.

<b>CIELCh(61, 2.550, 317.343)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(61, 2.550, 317.343)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	959296
RGB	149, 146, 150
RGB Percent	58%, 57%, 59%
CMY	0.4148, 0.4265, 0.4109
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	285°, 2%, 58%
HSV	285°, 3%, 59%
XYZ	28.2734, 29.2481, 33.1060
YIQ	147.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

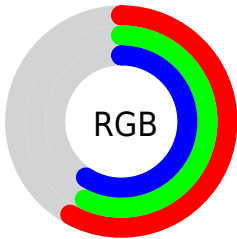
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	149, 146, 150
Decimal	9802390
CIE Lab	61.00, 1.88, -1.73
CIE LCh	61, 2.550, 317.343
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3120, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287992470 (0xFF959296)
YUV	147.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -1.3244, 1.5628

# Details

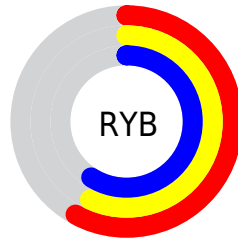
The CIELCh color  $61, 2.550, 317.343$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $62, 2.530, 137.242$ , and the grayscale version is  $61, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $81, 2.409, 317.296$ , and  $41, 2.014, 314.734$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $57, 12.220, 317.805$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $65, 6.913, 137.022$ .

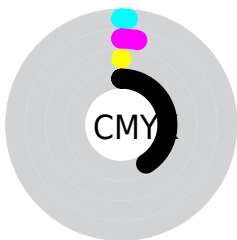
# Distribution



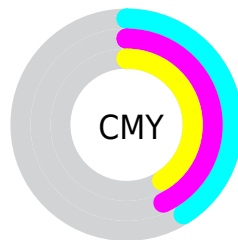
- Red (58%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61, 2.550, 317.343

■ 61, 2.550, 317.343

100, 2.550,  
317.343

■ 51, 2.550, 317.343

■ 81, 2.550, 317.343

■ 41, 2.550, 317.343

■ 91, 2.550, 317.343

■ 31, 2.550, 317.343

■ 21, 2.550, 317.343

■ 11, 2.550, 317.343

■ 1, 2.550, 317.343

■ 0, 2.550, 317.343

■ 61, 2.550, 317.343

■ 61, 2.550, 317.343

■ 57, 12.220,

■ 65, 6.913, 137.022

317.805

70, 16.130,  
136.633

52, 22.044,  
318.239

74, 25.091,  
136.280

48, 31.918,  
318.664

79, 33.792,  
135.956

44, 41.682,  
319.064

83, 42.237,  
135.662

40, 51.099,  
319.411

88, 50.436,  
135.394

37, 59.835,  
319.668

92, 58.400,  
135.153

34, 67.471,  
319.791

93, 59.780,  
134.320

32, 73.549,  
319.726

93, 59.135,  
133.262

30, 77.690,  
319.425



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 2.550, 317.343



62, 2.530, 137.242

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 2.550, 317.343



61, 2.550, 7.343



61, 2.550, 137.343



61, 2.550, 187.343

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 2.548, 317.338



79, 1.194, 317.172



61, 1.700, 276.497



42, 0.685, 317.159



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 2.548, 317.338



78, 3.572, 317.362



61, 2.334, 331.775



30, 2.136, 317.397



26, 74.996, 319.183



1, 4.653, 317.287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 1.660, 359.503



78, 2.328, 359.571



62, 2.320, 151.667



30, 1.393, 359.662



28, 56.387, 23.957



1, 3.023, 359.503



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

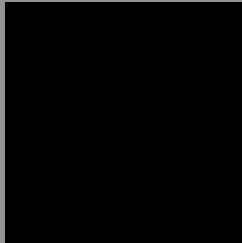
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

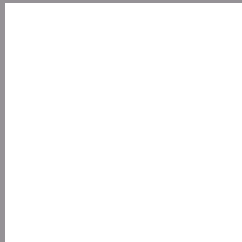
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 2.550, 317.343

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.550, 317.343.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61, 2.550, 317.343

### Protanopia

61, 2.550, 317.343

### Deuteranopia

61, 8.017, 346.121





**Tritanopia**  
61, 7.052, 306.460

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61, 2.550, 317.343

## Protanomaly

61, 2.550, 317.343

## Deuteranomaly

61, 6.118, 339.943

## Tritanomaly

61, 5.976, 309.330

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61, 2.550, 317.343

## Achromatopsia

61, 0.008, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

61, 1.201, 309.046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 2.550, 317.343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 146, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 146, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 146, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 146, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.550, 317.343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 146, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 146, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 146, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 146, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 146, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 146,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.550, 317.343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 146, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
146, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor