

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 2.516, 140.013)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 2.516, 140.013) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 2.538, 137.245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919490
RGB	145, 148, 144
RGB Percent	57%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.4311, 0.4193, 0.4350
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.03, 0.42
HSL	105°, 2%, 57%
HSV	105°, 3%, 58%
XYZ	27.3338, 29.2481, 30.6224
YIQ	146.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

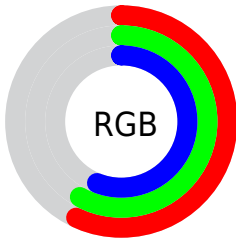
Format	Color
RYB	144, 148, 147
Decimal	9540752
CIELab	61.00, -1.86, 1.72
CIELCh	61, 2.538, 137.245
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3134, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287730832 (0xFF919490)
YUV	146.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -4.4255, 4.2856

Details

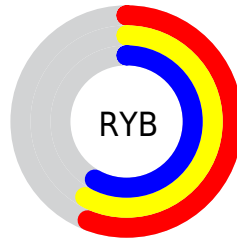
The CIELCh color $61, 2.538, 137.245$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 2.558, 317.351$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 2.393, 137.293$, and $41, 2.006, 134.602$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 12.020, 136.755$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 6.835, 317.559$.

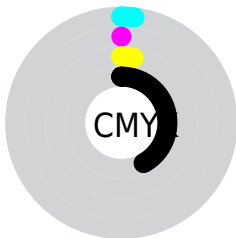
Distribution



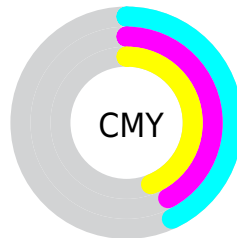
- Red (57%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 2.538, 137.245

■ 61, 2.538, 137.245

■ 100, 2.538,
137.245

■ 51, 2.538, 137.245

■ 81, 2.538, 137.245

■ 41, 2.538, 137.245

■ 91, 2.538, 137.245

■ 31, 2.538, 137.245

■ 21, 2.538, 137.245

■ 11, 2.538, 137.245

■ 1, 2.538, 137.245

■ 0, 2.538, 137.245

■ 61, 2.538, 137.245

■ 61, 2.538, 137.245

■ 60, 12.020,

■ 62, 6.835, 317.559

136.755

64, 16.055,
317.914

59, 21.538,
136.248

65, 25.087,
318.213

58, 30.997,
135.693

67, 33.913,
318.469

57, 40.264,
135.104

68, 42.520,
318.688

56, 49.160,
134.510

70, 50.904,
318.876

55, 57.440,
133.963

72, 59.065,
319.035

55, 64.783,
133.550

73, 63.579,
320.748

54, 70.806,
133.385

75, 64.866,
323.921

54, 75.149,
133.581

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 2.538, 137.245



60, 2.558, 317.351

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 2.538, 137.245



61, 2.538, 187.245



61, 2.538, 317.245



61, 2.538, 7.245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 2.540, 137.251



77, 1.151, 137.423



61, 1.720, 96.839



41, 0.659, 137.436



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 2.540, 137.251



77, 3.474, 137.229



61, 2.300, 152.282



31, 2.123, 137.193



50, 73.480, 133.710



2, 4.653, 137.302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 2.558, 317.351



76, 3.497, 317.373



60, 2.315, 332.397



30, 2.136, 317.408



26, 74.991, 319.194



1, 4.654, 317.298

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

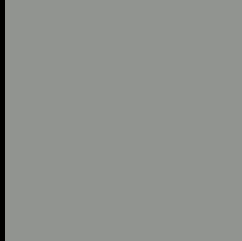
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

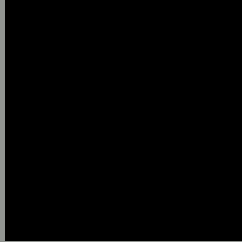
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

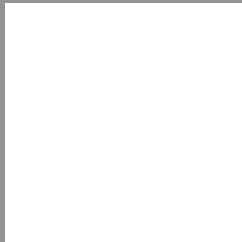
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 2.538, 137.245

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.538, 137.245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 2.538, 137.245

Protanopia

61, 2.573, 60.219

Deuteranopia

61, 8.088, 8.195



Tritanopia
61, 6.780, 294.107

Trichromacy



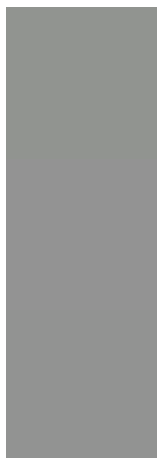
Original Color
61, 2.538, 137.245

Protanomaly
61, 2.365, 90.562

Deuteranomaly
61, 4.753, 13.014

Tritanomaly
61, 3.397, 284.152

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 2.538, 137.245

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 0.680, 144.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 2.538, 137.245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 148, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 148, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 148, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 148, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.538, 137.245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 148, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 148, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 148, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 148, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 148, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 148,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.538, 137.245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 148, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
148, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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