

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 2.823, 290.512)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 2.823, 290.512) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 2.819, 290.510)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	939398
RGB	147, 147, 152
RGB Percent	58%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4243, 0.4243, 0.4047
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	240°, 2%, 59%
HSV	240°, 3%, 60%
XYZ	28.0484, 29.2481, 33.7844
YIQ	147.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

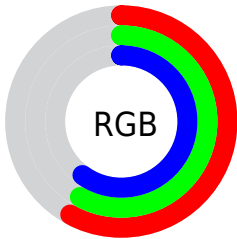
Format	Color
R_{YB}	147, 147, 152
Decimal	9671576
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 0.99, -2.64
CIE _{LCh}	61, 2.819, 290.510
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3080, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287861656 (0xFF939398)
YUV	147.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -2.0670, 0.8190

Details

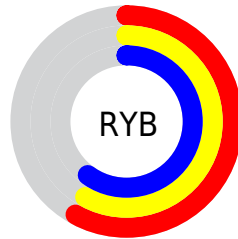
The CIELCh color $61, 2.819, 290.510$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 2.783, 109.833$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 2.663, 290.437$, and $41, 2.456, 280.974$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 11.575, 291.539$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 5.607, 109.559$.

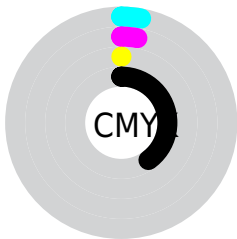
Distribution



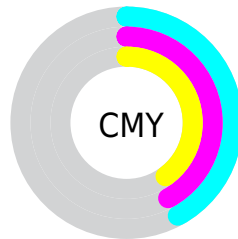
- Red (58%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 2.819, 290.510

■ 61, 2.819, 290.510

100, 2.819,
290.510

■ 51, 2.819, 290.510

■ 81, 2.819, 290.510

■ 41, 2.819, 290.510

■ 91, 2.819, 290.510

■ 31, 2.819, 290.510

■ 21, 2.819, 290.510

■ 11, 2.819, 290.510

■ 1, 2.819, 290.510

■ 0, 2.819, 290.510

■ 61, 2.819, 290.510

■ 61, 2.819, 290.510

■ 56, 11.575,

■ 66, 5.607, 109.559

291.539

72, 13.724,
108.793

50, 20.693,
292.786

77, 21.554,
108.133

45, 30.196,
294.249

82, 29.118,
107.566

39, 40.099,
295.947

87, 36.433,
107.075

34, 50.373,
297.879

92, 43.514,
106.649

29, 60.871,
299.994

97, 50.378,
106.278

25, 71.183,
302.155

98, 51.266,
106.256

21, 80.430,
304.112

18, 87.248,
305.540

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 2.819, 290.510



63, 2.783, 109.833

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 2.819, 290.510



61, 2.819, 340.510



61, 2.819, 110.510



61, 2.819, 160.510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 2.818, 290.491



79, 1.057, 290.314



62, 1.908, 198.061



42, 0.606, 290.312



90, 0.011, 296.813



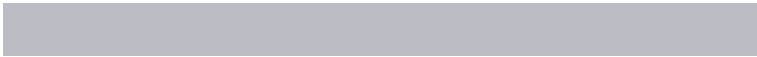
42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 2.818, 290.491



77, 4.226, 290.564



61, 2.978, 308.595



31, 2.438, 290.616



15, 85.739, 306.279



0, 5.227, 290.158

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 1.946, 19.327



77, 2.925, 19.419



62, 2.951, 128.374



31, 1.689, 19.473



28, 66.096, 39.030



1, 3.595, 19.364

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

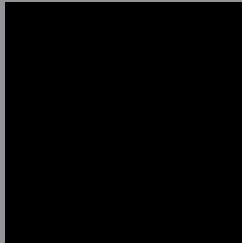
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

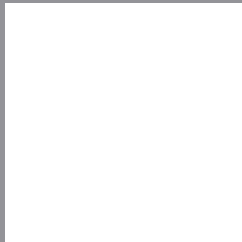
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 2.819, 290.510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 2.819, 290.510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 2.819, 290.510

Protanopia

61, 3.481, 303.242

Deuteranopia

61, 8.390, 338.176



Tritanopia
61, 6.257, 297.787

Trichromacy



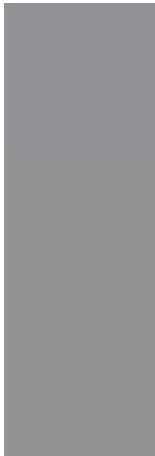
Original Color
61, 2.819, 290.510

Protanomaly
61, 3.481, 303.242

Deuteranomaly
61, 6.637, 330.286

Tritanomaly
61, 5.141, 299.222

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 2.819, 290.510

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 1.132, 290.349

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 2.819, 290.510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 147, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 147, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 147, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 147, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.819, 290.510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 147, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 147, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 147, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 147, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 147, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 147,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 2.819, 290.510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 147, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
147, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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