

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 21.515, 202.094)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 21.515, 202.094)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 21.515, 202.097)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D9EA1
RGB	93, 158, 161
RGB Percent	36%, 62%, 63%
CMY	0.6363, 0.3814, 0.3696
CMYK	0.42, 0.02, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	183°, 27%, 50%
HSV	183°, 42%, 63%
XYZ	23.0852, 29.2481, 38.0329
YIQ	138.9070, -39.7030, -12.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

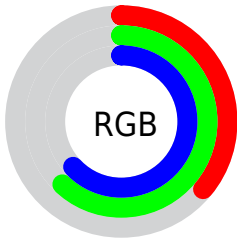
Format	Color
RYP	93, 126, 161
Decimal	6135457
CIELab	61.00, -19.93, -8.09
CIElCh	61, 21.515, 202.097
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2555, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284325537 (0xFF5D9EA1)
YUV	138.9070, 10.8918, -40.2604
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -18.4485, -3.8387

Details

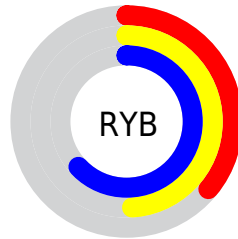
The CIELCh color **61, 21.515, 202.097** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **48, 29.152, 26.597**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 21.579, 202.183**, and **41, 21.428, 203.567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 25.252, 202.037**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 17.167, 202.255**.

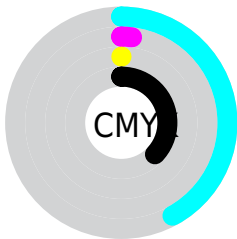
Distribution



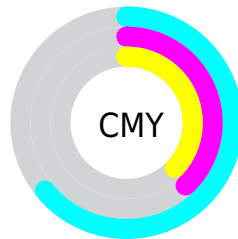
- Red (36%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 21.515,
202.097

■ 61, 21.515,
202.097

■ 100, 21.515,
202.097

■ 51, 21.515,
202.097

■ 81, 21.515,
202.097

■ 41, 21.515,
202.097

■ 91, 21.515,
202.097

■ 31, 21.515,
202.097

■ 21, 21.515,
202.097

■ 11, 21.515,
202.097

■ 1, 21.515, 202.097

■ 0, 21.515, 202.097

■ 61, 21.515,
202.097

■ 61, 21.515,
202.097

■ 60, 25.252,
202.037

■ 62, 17.167,
202.255

■ 59, 28.306,
202.098

■ 63, 12.294,
202.508

■ 59, 30.630,
202.289

■ 64, 6.988, 202.850

■ 58, 32.215,
202.625

■ 66, 1.338, 203.508

■ 67, 4.573, 23.470

■ 58, 33.096,
203.112

■ 69, 10.673, 23.983

■ 58, 33.464,
203.559

■ 71, 16.903, 24.478

■ 72, 23.213, 24.982

■ 74, 29.563, 25.493

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 21.515, 202.097



48, 29.152, 26.597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 21.515, 202.097



61, 21.515, 252.097



61, 21.515, 22.097



61, 21.515, 72.097

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 21.515, 202.094



82, 9.125, 202.813



60, 45.031, 142.122



43, 6.335, 202.735



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 21.515, 202.094



77, 30.561, 202.037



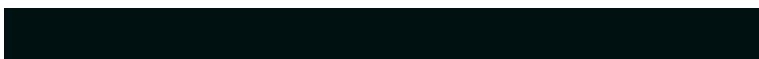
51, 23.036, 266.266



34, 3.279, 202.979



52, 31.097, 203.494



4, 5.160, 204.569

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 44.595, 327.928



59, 65.423, 328.405



56, 25.298, 73.578



32, 6.082, 326.127



34, 73.486, 330.030



2, 9.325, 326.040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

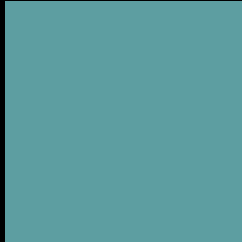
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

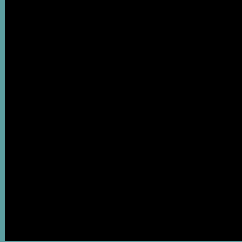
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 21.515, 202.097

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097.

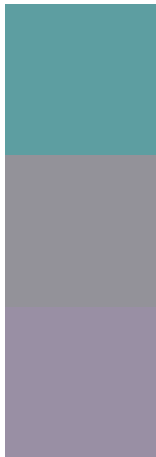


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 21.515, 202.097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
61, 21.515, 202.097

Protanopia
61, 3.972, 296.123

Deuteranopia
61, 12.471, 308.810



Tritanopia
61, 20.773, 218.643

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 21.515, 202.097

Protanomaly
61, 8.953, 221.029

Deuteranomaly
60, 10.289, 254.647

Tritanomaly
61, 20.973, 211.807

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 21.515, 202.097

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 8.901, 202.283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 21.515, 202.097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 158, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 158, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 158, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 158, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 21.515, 202.097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 158, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 158, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 158, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 158, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 158, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 158,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 21.515, 202.097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 158, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 158,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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