

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 23.369, 226.940)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 23.369, 226.940)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 23.388, 226.859)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	599DB1
RGB	89, 157, 177
RGB Percent	35%, 62%, 69%
CMY	0.6525, 0.3858, 0.3074
CMYK	0.50, 0.11, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	194°, 36%, 52%
HSV	194°, 50%, 69%
XYZ	23.9714, 29.2481, 45.7737
YIQ	138.9480, -46.9480, -8.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

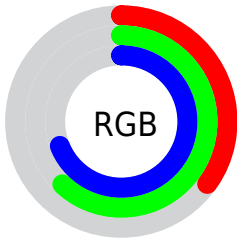
Format	Color
R _Y B	89, 127, 177
Decimal	5873073
CIE Lab	61.00, -15.99, -17.07
CIE LCh	61, 23.388, 226.859
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2422, 0.2955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284063153 (0xFF599DB1)
YUV	138.9480, 18.7596, -43.8044
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -15.5234, -12.3250

Details

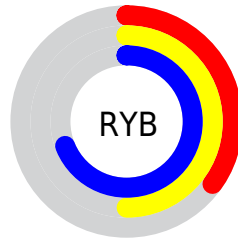
The CIELCh color **61, 23.388, 226.859** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **53, 33.592, 42.224**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 23.534, 226.633**, and **41, 23.371, 225.444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 26.651, 228.626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 19.551, 225.494**.

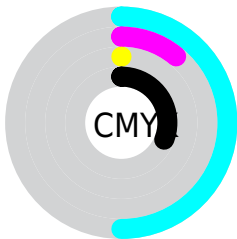
Distribution



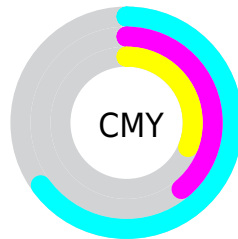
- Red (35%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 23.388,
226.859

■ 61, 23.388,
226.859

■ 100, 23.388,
226.859

■ 51, 23.388,
226.859

■ 81, 23.388,
226.859

■ 41, 23.388,
226.859

■ 91, 23.388,
226.859

■ 31, 23.388,
226.859

■ 21, 23.388,
226.859

■ 11, 23.388,
226.859

■ 1, 23.388, 226.859

■ 0, 23.388, 226.859

61, 23.388,
226.859

61, 23.388,
226.859

59, 26.651,
228.626

63, 19.551,
225.494

57, 29.301,
230.885

65, 15.209,
224.461

56, 31.335,
233.721

67, 10.438,
223.696

54, 32.809,
237.202

70, 5.313, 223.166

53, 33.925,
241.210

72, 0.092, 37.365

53, 33.945,
241.278

75, 5.715, 42.289

77, 11.501, 42.142

80, 17.406, 42.042

82, 23.391, 41.994

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 23.388, 226.859



53, 33.592, 42.224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 23.388, 226.859



61, 23.388, 276.859



61, 23.388, 46.859



61, 23.388, 96.859

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 23.387, 226.857



87, 9.895, 223.424



65, 49.843, 146.698



45, 6.706, 223.540



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 23.387, 226.857



75, 32.847, 228.870



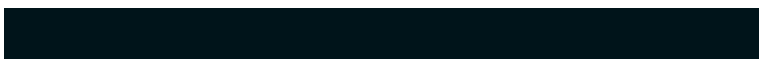
49, 37.435, 283.600



37, 3.092, 223.147



46, 30.474, 240.734



5, 7.480, 233.495

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 49.469, 334.909



60, 71.420, 335.802



64, 36.438, 88.595



35, 5.763, 332.051



34, 66.413, 339.646



2, 12.998, 334.952

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

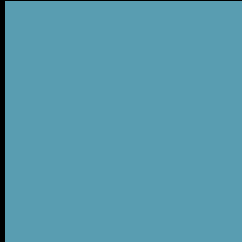
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

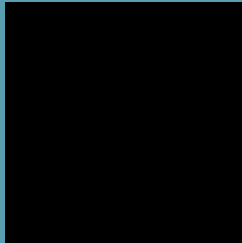
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 23.388, 226.859

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859.

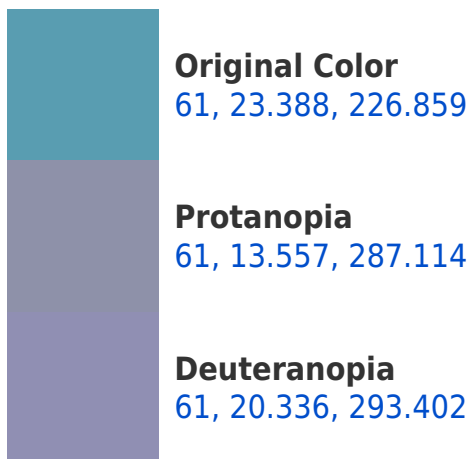


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 23.388, 226.859.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 23.092, 214.759

Trichromacy



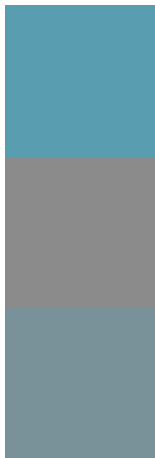
Original Color
61, 23.388, 226.859

Protanomaly
61, 15.478, 256.265

Deuteranomaly
60, 18.480, 265.970

Tritanomaly
61, 22.887, 219.553

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 23.388, 226.859

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 9.703, 226.735

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 23.388, 226.859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 157, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 157, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 157, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 157, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 23.388, 226.859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 157, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 157, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 157, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 157, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 157, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 157,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 23.388, 226.859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 157, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 157,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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