

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 24.376, 153.807)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 24.376, 153.807)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 23.837, 154.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	709D80
RGB	112, 157, 128
RGB Percent	44%, 62%, 50%
CMY	0.5596, 0.3831, 0.4969
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.18, 0.38
HSL	141°, 19%, 53%
HSV	141°, 29%, 62%
XYZ	22.7442, 29.2481, 24.9705
YIQ	140.2390, -17.5110, -18.5590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

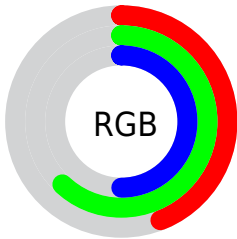
Format	Color
RYB	112, 145, 157
Decimal	7380352
CIELab	61.00, -21.48, 10.34
CIELCh	61, 23.837, 154.296
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2955, 0.3800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285570432 (0xFF709D80)
YUV	140.2390, -6.0338, -24.7656
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -19.5739, 10.4817

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 23.837, 154.296$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $53, 24.202, 338.772$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 23.851, 154.228$, and $41, 23.570, 154.875$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 31.978, 153.249$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 15.528, 155.215$.

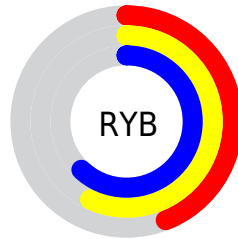
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (62%)

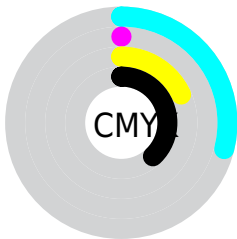
Blue (50%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (62%)

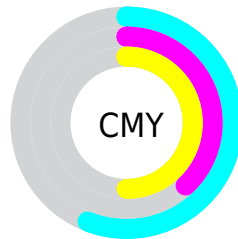


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 61, 23.837,
154.296


 61, 23.837,
154.296


 100, 23.837,
154.296


 51, 23.837,
154.296


 81, 23.837,
154.296

 41, 23.837,
154.296

 91, 23.837,
154.296

 31, 23.837,
154.296

 21, 23.837,
154.296

 11, 23.837,
154.296

 1, 23.837, 154.296

 0, 23.837, 154.296

■ 61, 23.837,
154.296

■ 61, 23.837,
154.296

■ 60, 31.978,
153.249

■ 62, 15.528,
155.215

■ 59, 39.811,
152.054

■ 64, 7.166, 156.041

■ 58, 47.192,
150.689

■ 65, 1.153, 336.452

■ 67, 9.355, 337.313

■ 58, 53.979,
149.138

■ 68, 17.389,
337.897

■ 57, 60.051,
147.398

■ 70, 25.217,
338.417

■ 57, 65.328,
145.486


■ 72, 32.819,
338.889

■ 57, 69.854,
143.509

■ 74, 40.184,
339.320

■ 57, 70.449,

143.257

 76, 47.308,
339.717

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 23.837, 154.296



53, 24.202, 338.772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 23.837, 154.296



61, 23.837, 204.296



61, 23.837, 334.296



61, 23.837, 24.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 23.838, 154.295



80, 9.254, 155.996



63, 25.683, 122.157



42, 6.420, 155.887



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 23.838, 154.295



77, 34.898, 153.681



62, 16.727, 184.730



33, 4.724, 155.990



52, 65.353, 143.449



3, 6.254, 155.831

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 24.202, 338.772



64, 35.502, 339.296



52, 19.131, 10.110



31, 4.755, 337.232



31, 58.241, 348.593



1, 6.025, 338.104

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 23.837, 154.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296.

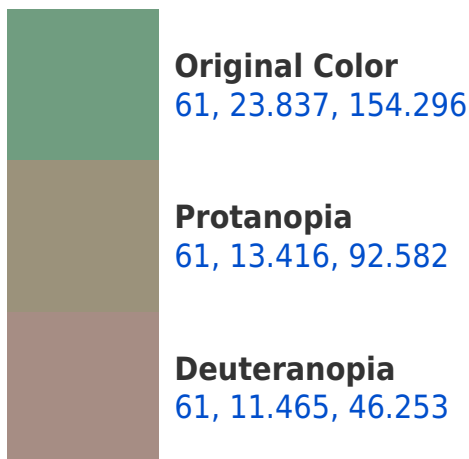


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 23.837, 154.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 13.422, 231.807

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 23.837, 154.296

Protanomaly
61, 14.702, 126.178

Deuteranomaly
60, 8.985, 111.720

Tritanomaly
61, 13.463, 193.374

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 23.837, 154.296

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 8.853, 154.068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 23.837, 154.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 157, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 157, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 157, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 157, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 23.837, 154.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 157, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 157, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 157, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 157, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 157, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 157,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 23.837, 154.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 157, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
157, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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