

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 26.287, 103.782)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 26.287, 103.782)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 26.114, 103.437)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999566
RGB	153, 149, 102
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 40%
CMY	0.3998, 0.4155, 0.5998
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.33, 0.40
HSL	55°, 20%, 50%
HSV	55°, 33%, 60%
XYZ	26.3024, 29.2481, 16.8419
YIQ	144.8380, 17.4710, -13.7690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

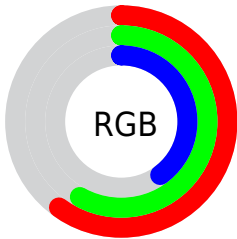
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 153, 102
Decimal	10065254
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -6.07, 25.40
CIE _{LCh}	61, 26.114, 103.437
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3633, 0.4040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288255334 (0xFF999566)
YUV	144.8380, -21.1191, 7.1581
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -7.8299, 19.3932

Details

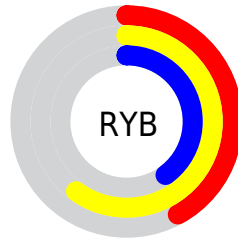
The CIELCh color $61, 26.114, 103.437$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $46, 27.922, 291.140$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 26.353, 103.465$, and $41, 26.056, 103.026$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 33.714, 102.420$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 18.345, 104.468$.

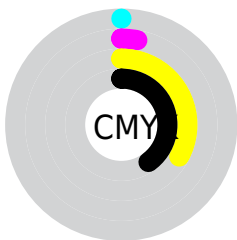
Distribution



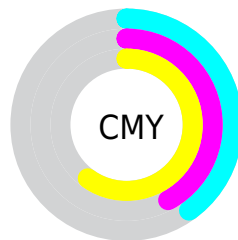
- Red (60%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 26.114,
103.437


 61, 26.114,
103.437


 100, 26.114,
103.437


 51, 26.114,
103.437


 81, 26.114,
103.437

 41, 26.114,
103.437


 91, 26.114,
103.437

 31, 26.114,
103.437

 21, 26.114,
103.437

 11, 26.114,
103.437

 1, 26.114, 103.437

 0, 26.114, 103.437

■ 61, 26.114,
103.437

■ 61, 26.114,
103.437

■ 60, 33.714,
102.420

■ 62, 18.345,
104.468

■ 60, 41.001,
101.425

■ 62, 10.492,
105.488

■ 59, 47.756,
100.474

■ 63, 2.611, 106.471

■ 59, 53.657, 99.590

■ 64, 5.264, 287.496

■ 59, 58.289, 98.796

■ 65, 13.112,
288.434

■ 58, 61.246, 98.100

■ 65, 20.919,
289.342

■ 58, 62.636, 97.670

■ 66, 28.677,
290.210

■ 67, 36.379,
291.037

■ 68, 44.020,
291.820

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 26.114, 103.437



46, 27.922, 291.140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 26.114, 103.437



61, 26.114, 153.437



61, 26.114, 283.437



61, 26.114, 333.437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 26.115, 103.441



79, 9.749, 105.802



49, 21.991, 15.884



42, 6.634, 105.674



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 26.115, 103.441



77, 38.622, 102.677



60, 29.593, 124.485



32, 4.449, 105.899



53, 58.790, 97.713



3, 4.778, 106.413

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 27.922, 291.140



55, 42.106, 292.448



47, 31.260, 307.917



30, 4.529, 287.817



16, 81.830, 304.982



0, 4.831, 286.891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

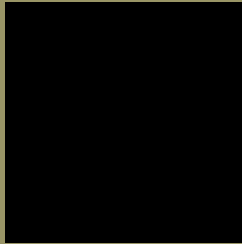
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 26.114, 103.437

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.114, 103.437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 26.114, 103.437

Protanopia

61, 26.120, 95.756

Deuteranopia

61, 25.784, 72.556



Tritanopia
61, 8.771, 335.444

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 26.114, 103.437

Protanomaly
61, 26.387, 98.714

Deuteranomaly
61, 25.118, 84.031

Tritanomaly
61, 7.407, 68.720

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 26.114, 103.437

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 9.571, 104.229

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 26.114, 103.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 149, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 149, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 149, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 149, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.114, 103.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 149, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 149, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 149, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 149, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 149, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 149,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.114, 103.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 149, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
149, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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