

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 26.453, 321.445)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 26.453, 321.445)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 26.453, 321.445)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB88B1
RGB	171, 136, 177
RGB Percent	67%, 53%, 69%
CMY	0.3312, 0.4684, 0.3077
CMYK	0.03, 0.23, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	291°, 21%, 61%
HSV	291°, 23%, 69%
XYZ	33.3283, 29.2481, 45.2457
YIQ	151.1390, 7.6990, 20.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

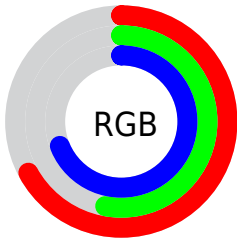
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 136, 177
Decimal	11241649
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 20.69, -16.49
CIE _{LCh}	61, 26.453, 321.445
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3091, 0.2713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289431729 (0xFFAB88B1)
YUV	151.1390, 12.7495, 17.4181
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 15.3596, -11.7461

Details

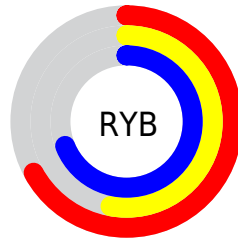
The CIELCh color $61, 26.453, 321.445$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $69, 26.251, 139.159$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 26.350, 321.445$, and $41, 26.125, 321.393$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 37.888, 321.894$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 14.974, 320.979$.

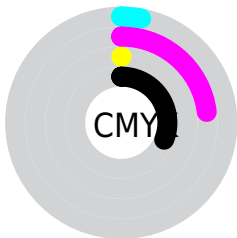
Distribution



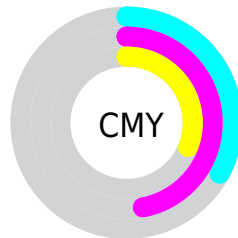
- Red (67%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 26.453,
321.445


 61, 26.453,
321.445


 100, 26.453,
321.445


 51, 26.453,
321.445


 81, 26.453,
321.445

 41, 26.453,
321.445

 91, 26.453,
321.445

 31, 26.453,
321.445

 21, 26.453,
321.445

 11, 26.453,
321.445

 1, 26.453, 321.445

 0, 26.453, 321.445

61, 26.453,
321.445

61, 26.453,
321.445

56, 37.888,
321.894

66, 14.974,
320.979

52, 49.052,
322.309

70, 3.614, 320.479

75, 7.531, 140.116

48, 59.615,
322.666

80, 18.404,
139.674

45, 69.156,
322.933

85, 28.977,
139.267

42, 77.188,
323.075

90, 39.237,
138.889

40, 83.251,
323.058


94, 46.763,
138.412

38, 87.058,
322.856

94, 46.280,
137.517

37, 88.738,

322.645

 94, 45.807,
136.595

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 26.453, 321.445



69, 26.251, 139.159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 26.453, 321.445



61, 26.453, 11.445



61, 26.453, 141.445



61, 26.453, 191.445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 26.451, 321.445



87, 9.775, 320.688



60, 19.776, 286.196



46, 6.348, 320.716



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 26.451, 321.445



75, 39.542, 321.685



61, 21.628, 338.092



35, 6.458, 320.795



32, 79.838, 322.705



2, 15.231, 318.452

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 16.811, 9.714



74, 25.453, 10.402



69, 21.359, 154.558



35, 3.978, 8.171



31, 65.228, 32.377



2, 9.299, 10.087

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

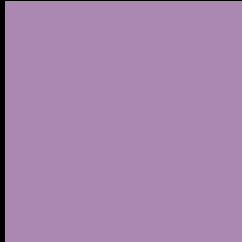
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 26.453, 321.445

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.453, 321.445.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 26.453, 321.445

Protanopia

61, 21.492, 285.217

Deuteranopia

61, 17.568, 296.759



Tritanopia
61, 12.238, 350.423

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 26.453, 321.445

Protanomaly
61, 22.246, 299.835

Deuteranomaly
61, 20.559, 307.539

Tritanomaly
61, 16.900, 334.140

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 26.453, 321.445

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 9.816, 321.176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 26.453, 321.445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 136, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 136, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 136, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 136, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.453, 321.445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 136, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 136, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 136, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 136, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 136, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 136,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.453, 321.445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 136, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
136, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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