

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 26.794, 68.202)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 26.794, 68.202) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 26.794, 68.202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B38C68
RGB	179, 140, 104
RGB Percent	70%, 55%, 41%
CMY	0.2989, 0.4518, 0.5929
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.42, 0.30
HSL	29°, 33%, 55%
HSV	29°, 42%, 70%
XYZ	30.3753, 29.2481, 17.0883
YIQ	147.5570, 34.8000, -2.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

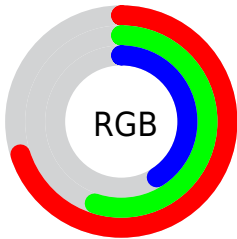
Format	Color
R_{YB}	179, 173, 104
Decimal	11766888
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 9.95, 24.88
CIE _{LCh}	61, 26.794, 68.202
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3960, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289956968 (0xFFB38C68)
YUV	147.5570, -21.4736, 27.5755
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 5.6131, 19.1231

Details

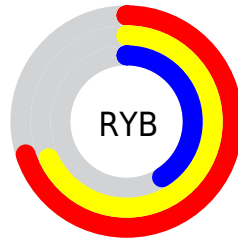
The CIELCh color $61, 26.794, 68.202$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9966`. A complement of this color would be $58, 23.428, 260.401$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 27.016, 69.194$, and $41, 26.807, 68.828$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 33.994, 67.001$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 19.897, 69.409$.

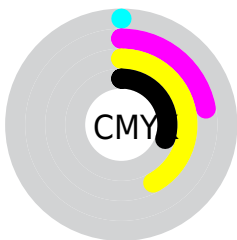
Distribution



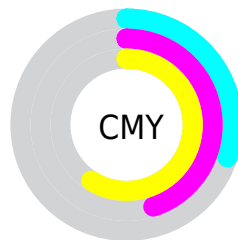
- Red (70%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 26.794, 68.202

■ 61, 26.794, 68.202

■ 100, 26.794,
68.202

■ 51, 26.794, 68.202

■ 81, 26.794, 68.202

■ 41, 26.794, 68.202

■ 91, 26.794, 68.202

■ 31, 26.794, 68.202

■ 21, 26.794, 68.202

■ 11, 26.794, 68.202

■ 1, 26.794, 68.202

■ 0, 26.794, 68.202

■ 61, 26.794, 68.202

■ 61, 26.794, 68.202

■ 58, 33.994, 67.001

■ 64, 19.897, 69.409

56, 41.418, 65.771

67, 13.326, 70.604

53, 48.871, 64.463

69, 7.073, 71.776

51, 55.945, 62.945

72, 1.116, 72.691

49, 61.904, 60.956

75, 4.572, 254.242

47, 65.824, 59.080

78, 10.017,
255.327

81, 15.248,
256.407

84, 20.290,
257.454

87, 21.336,
249.877

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 26.794, 68.202



58, 23.428, 260.401

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 26.794, 68.202



61, 26.794, 118.202



61, 26.794, 248.202



61, 26.794, 298.202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 26.794, 68.208



87, 9.552, 71.629



53, 36.526, 345.884



46, 6.775, 71.374



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 26.794, 68.208



75, 40.352, 67.133



71, 38.612, 104.703



36, 3.329, 72.073



41, 58.522, 59.582



4, 7.544, 60.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 23.428, 260.401



70, 34.186, 262.721



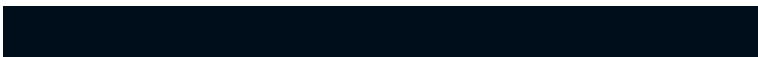
48, 42.740, 294.577



36, 3.249, 254.470



34, 46.720, 281.305



3, 8.649, 264.422

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

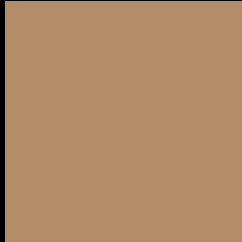
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

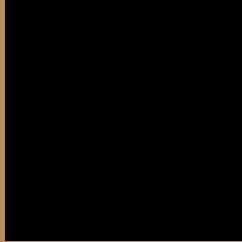
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 26.794, 68.202

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 26.794, 68.202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 26.794, 68.202

Protanopia

61, 22.899, 94.636

Deuteranopia

61, 26.058, 71.784



Tritanopia
61, 20.491, 4.270

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 26.794, 68.202

Protanomaly
61, 23.391, 83.701

Deuteranomaly
61, 26.337, 71.029

Tritanomaly
61, 19.086, 31.274

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 26.794, 68.202

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 9.539, 69.402

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 26.794, 68.202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 140, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 140, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 140, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 140, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.794, 68.202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 140, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 140, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 140, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 140, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 140, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 140,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 26.794, 68.202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 140, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
140, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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