

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(61, 27.014, 237.329)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 27.014, 237.329)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(61, 27.169, 238.342)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	519CBB
RGB	81, 156, 187
RGB Percent	32%, 61%, 73%
CMY	0.6810, 0.3870, 0.2654
CMYK	0.57, 0.17, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	198°, 44%, 53%
HSV	198°, 57%, 73%
XYZ	24.3681, 29.2481, 51.5562
YIQ	137.1090, -54.6510, -6.2590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

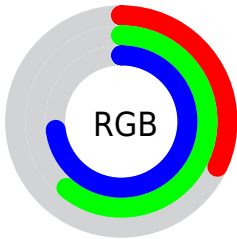
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	81, 125, 187
Decimal	5348539
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.00, -14.26, -23.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 27.169, 238.342
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2317, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283538619 (0xFF519CBB)
YUV	137.1090, 24.5963, -49.2076
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -14.2141, -18.6644

# Details

The CIELCh color **61, 27.169, 238.342** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **55, 39.857, 48.257**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 27.089, 237.430**, and **41, 27.229, 238.251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 30.493, 241.076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 23.323, 236.150**.

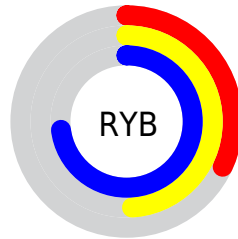
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (61%)

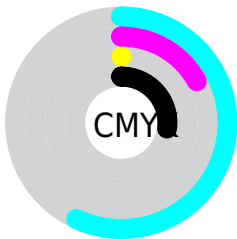
Blue (73%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (73%)

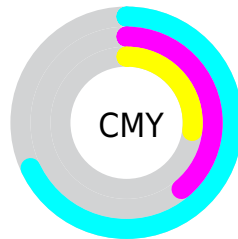


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (39%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61, 27.169,  
238.342


 61, 27.169,  
238.342


 100, 27.169,  
238.342


 51, 27.169,  
238.342


 81, 27.169,  
238.342

 41, 27.169,  
238.342

 91, 27.169,  
238.342

 31, 27.169,  
238.342

 21, 27.169,  
238.342

 11, 27.169,  
238.342

 1, 27.169, 238.342

 0, 27.169, 238.342

61, 27.169,  
238.342

61, 27.169,  
238.342

59, 30.493,  
241.076

63, 23.323,  
236.150

57, 33.302,  
244.439

66, 18.991,  
234.414

55, 35.659,  
248.481

69, 14.231,  
233.050

53, 37.702,  
253.159

71, 9.110, 231.990

74, 3.694, 231.223

52, 38.410,  
254.778

77, 1.955, 50.182

80, 7.781, 49.852

83, 13.739, 49.476

86, 19.791, 49.173



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 27.169, 238.342



55, 39.857, 48.257

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 27.169, 238.342



61, 27.169, 288.342



61, 27.169, 58.342



61, 27.169, 108.342

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 27.168, 238.341



90, 11.496, 232.055



68, 55.777, 148.101



47, 7.714, 232.250



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 27.168, 238.341



74, 37.898, 241.861



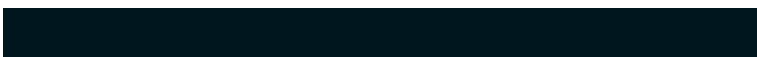
46, 49.267, 289.392



38, 3.185, 231.399



44, 33.692, 254.068



6, 9.636, 244.197



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 55.467, 338.430



60, 78.246, 339.752



68, 45.529, 92.534



37, 5.758, 334.584



35, 65.030, 344.093

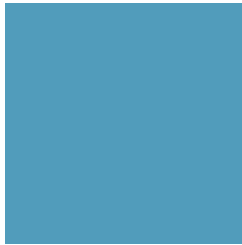


3, 16.184, 339.374



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

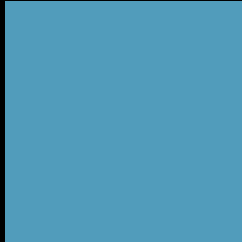
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

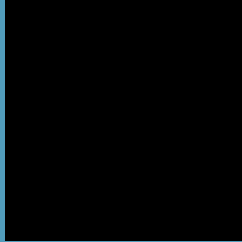
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 27.169, 238.342

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342.

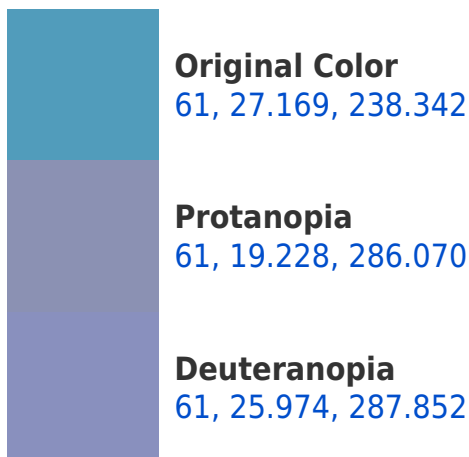


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 27.169, 238.342.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
61, 25.970, 213.905

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 27.169, 238.342

**Protanomaly**  
61, 20.833, 262.847

**Deuteranomaly**  
60, 24.751, 269.007

**Tritanomaly**  
61, 25.997, 223.501

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 27.169, 238.342

**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
58, 11.326, 232.345

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 27.169, 238.342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 156, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 156, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 156, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 156, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 27.169, 238.342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 156, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 156, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 156, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 156, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 156, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 156,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 27.169, 238.342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 156, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 156,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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