

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 30.111, 150.326)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 30.111, 150.326)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 29.988, 150.240)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A9F78
RGB	106, 159, 120
RGB Percent	42%, 62%, 47%
CMY	0.5840, 0.3762, 0.5291
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.25, 0.38
HSL	136°, 22%, 52%
HSV	136°, 33%, 62%
XYZ	21.7576, 29.2481, 22.2905
YIQ	138.7070, -19.0690, -23.3650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

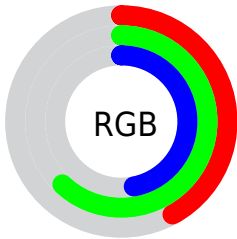
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 148, 159
Decimal	6987640
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -26.03, 14.89
CIE _{LCh}	61, 29.988, 150.240
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2968, 0.3990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285177720 (0xFF6A9F78)
YUV	138.7070, -9.2226, -28.6840
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -22.8301, 13.4199

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 29.988, 150.240$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $52, 30.234, 335.151$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 30.129, 149.904$, and $41, 29.984, 149.979$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 38.707, 149.170$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 21.036, 151.170$.

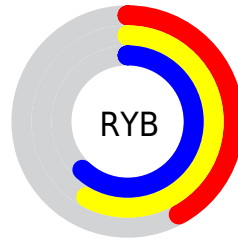
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (62%)

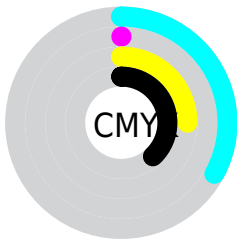
Blue (47%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (62%)

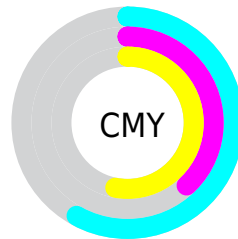


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 29.988,
150.240


 61, 29.988,
150.240


 100, 29.988,
150.240


 51, 29.988,
150.240


 81, 29.988,
150.240

 41, 29.988,
150.240

 91, 29.988,
150.240

 31, 29.988,
150.240

 21, 29.988,
150.240

 11, 29.988,
150.240

 1, 29.988, 150.240

 0, 29.988, 150.240

■ 61, 29.988,
150.240

■ 61, 29.988,
150.240

■ 60, 38.707,
149.170

■ 62, 21.036,
151.170

■ 59, 47.026,
147.943

■ 64, 11.991,
151.984

■ 58, 54.773,
146.547

■ 65, 2.968, 152.755

■ 58, 61.776,
144.980

■ 67, 5.942, 333.229

■ 57, 67.889,
143.268

■ 68, 14.674,
333.798

■ 57, 73.001,
141.462

■ 70, 23.185,
334.284

■ 57, 75.929,
140.341

■ 72, 31.447,
334.716

■ 74, 39.447,
335.102

■ 76, 47.181,
335.452

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 29.988, 150.240



52, 30.234, 335.151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 29.988, 150.240



61, 29.988, 200.240



61, 29.988, 330.240



61, 29.988, 20.240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 29.989, 150.240



81, 11.118, 152.221



63, 29.576, 117.857



43, 7.651, 152.122



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 29.989, 150.240



77, 44.315, 149.459



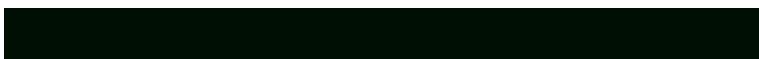
62, 20.624, 176.325



33, 5.054, 152.292



52, 69.855, 140.528



3, 6.660, 152.362

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 30.234, 335.151



63, 44.651, 335.723



51, 23.166, 3.268



31, 5.075, 333.438



31, 61.608, 341.953



1, 6.429, 334.260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 29.988, 150.240

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240.

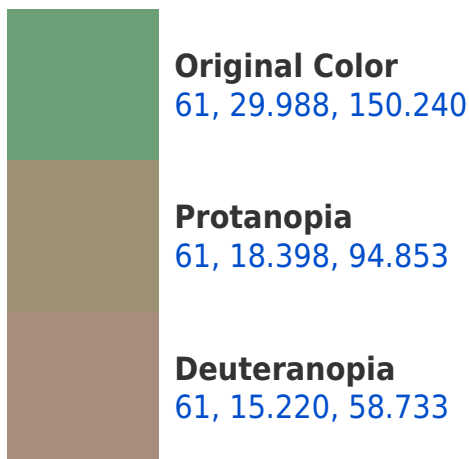


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 29.988, 150.240.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 14.552, 226.236

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 29.988, 150.240

Protanomaly
61, 20.246, 123.280

Deuteranomaly
61, 14.013, 111.939

Tritanomaly
61, 15.978, 185.687

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 29.988, 150.240

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 10.927, 151.979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 29.988, 150.240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 159, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 159, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 159, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 159, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 29.988, 150.240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 159, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 159, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 159, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 159, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 159, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 159,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 29.988, 150.240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 159, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
159, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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