

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 30.535, 301.152)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 30.535, 301.152)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 30.264, 301.116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	988CC1
RGB	152, 140, 193
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 76%
CMY	0.4042, 0.4513, 0.2435
CMYK	0.21, 0.27, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	254°, 30%, 65%
HSV	254°, 27%, 76%
XYZ	31.9175, 29.2481, 54.3677
YIQ	149.6300, -9.8610, 19.0270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

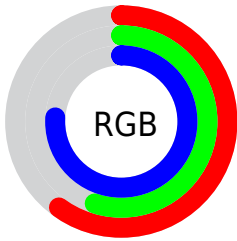
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 140, 193
Decimal	9997505
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 15.64, -25.91
CIE _{LCh}	61, 30.264, 301.116
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2763, 0.2532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288187585 (0xFF988CC1)
YUV	149.6300, 21.3814, 2.0785
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 10.7032, -21.7466

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 30.264, 301.116$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $76, 28.533, 117.220$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 30.208, 300.897$, and $41, 30.060, 301.047$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 42.037, 302.089$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 18.890, 300.254$.

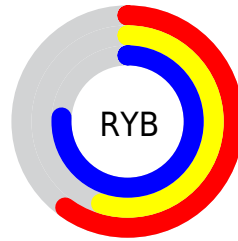
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (55%)

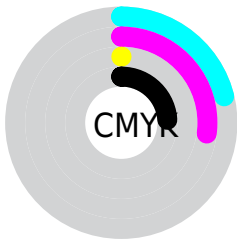
Blue (76%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (76%)

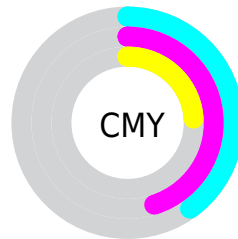


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 30.264,
301.116


 61, 30.264,
301.116


 100, 30.264,
301.116


 51, 30.264,
301.116


 81, 30.264,
301.116

 41, 30.264,
301.116

 91, 30.264,
301.116

 31, 30.264,
301.116

 21, 30.264,
301.116

 11, 30.264,
301.116

 1, 30.264, 301.116

 0, 30.264, 301.116

61, 30.264,
301.116

61, 30.264,
301.116

55, 42.037,
302.089

67, 18.890,
300.254

49, 54.153,
303.165

73, 7.931, 299.500

80, 2.626, 118.858

43, 66.450,
304.315

86, 12.800,
118.288

37, 78.567,
305.466

92, 22.613,
117.802

32, 89.810,
306.491

98, 31.727,
117.050

28, 99.058,
307.197

99, 31.261,
107.800

25, 105.183,
307.418

25, 106.514,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 30.264, 301.116



76, 28.533, 117.220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 30.264, 301.116



61, 30.264, 351.116



61, 30.264, 121.116



61, 30.264, 171.116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 30.263, 301.116



92, 10.494, 299.547



71, 15.217, 222.875



48, 7.476, 299.656



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 30.263, 301.116



73, 45.359, 301.691



63, 32.617, 317.426



38, 6.062, 299.636



20, 92.871, 307.575



1, 19.639, 297.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 29.980, 333.260



78, 44.351, 333.688



74, 32.002, 134.955



38, 6.172, 332.029



36, 68.829, 339.654



4, 19.532, 335.963

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

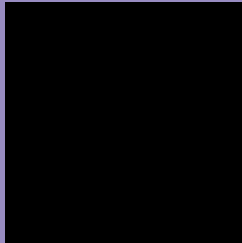
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 30.264, 301.116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 30.264, 301.116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 30.264, 301.116

Protanopia

61, 29.409, 285.765

Deuteranopia

61, 26.522, 287.311



Tritanopia
61, 6.764, 290.938

Trichromacy



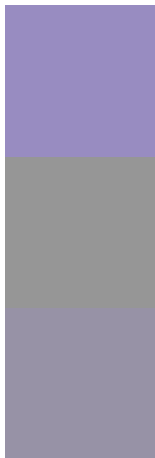
Original Color
61, 30.264, 301.116

Protanomaly
61, 29.865, 291.521

Deuteranomaly
61, 27.623, 292.486

Tritanomaly
61, 15.327, 297.268

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 30.264, 301.116

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 11.439, 300.690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 30.264, 301.116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 140, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 140, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 140, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 140, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 30.264, 301.116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 140, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 140, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 140, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 140, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 30.264, 301.116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 140, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
140, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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