

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 30.535, 351.152)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 30.535, 351.152)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(61, 30.784, 351.436)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C37F9C
RGB	195, 127, 156
RGB Percent	76%, 50%, 61%
CMY	0.2346, 0.5013, 0.3876
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.20, 0.23
HSL	334°, 36%, 63%
HSV	334°, 35%, 77%
XYZ	36.1716, 29.2481, 35.2604
YIQ	150.6380, 31.2190, 23.4350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

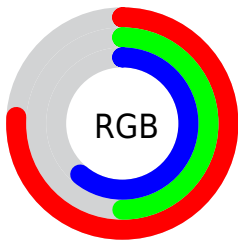
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	195, 127, 156
Decimal	12812188
CIE Lab	61.00, 30.44, -4.58
CIE LCh	61, 30.784, 351.436
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3593, 0.2905
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291002268 (0xFFC37F9C)
YUV	150.6380, 2.6435, 38.9055
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 24.7442, -0.7992

# Details

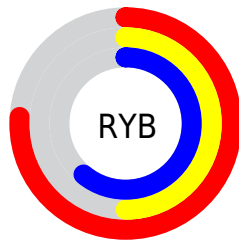
The CIELCh color  $61, 30.784, 351.436$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $74, 28.970, 164.384$ , and the grayscale version is  $62, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $81, 30.557, 352.179$ , and  $41, 30.562, 351.549$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56, 39.576, 352.869$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66, 21.808, 350.214$ .

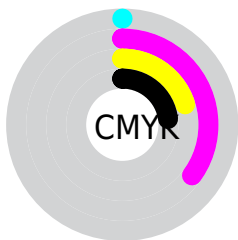
# Distribution



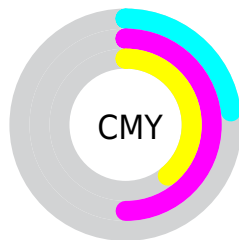
- Red (76%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61, 30.784,  
351.436


 61, 30.784,  
351.436


 100, 30.784,  
351.436


 51, 30.784,  
351.436


 81, 30.784,  
351.436

 41, 30.784,  
351.436

 91, 30.784,  
351.436

 31, 30.784,  
351.436

 21, 30.784,  
351.436

 11, 30.784,  
351.436

 1, 30.784, 351.436

 0, 30.784, 351.436

61, 30.784,  
351.436

61, 30.784,  
351.436

56, 39.576,  
352.869

66, 21.808,  
350.214

52, 47.866,  
354.586

71, 12.883,  
349.142

49, 55.235,  
356.696

76, 4.146, 348.136

46, 61.240,  
359.343

82, 4.322, 167.497

43, 65.545, 2.700

87, 12.486,  
166.674

42, 68.111, 6.924

92, 20.335,  
165.969

42, 69.123, 9.315

96, 23.067,  
170.829

96, 20.590,  
184.699

■ 96, 19.564,  
198.215

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 30.784, 351.436



74, 28.970, 164.384

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 30.784, 351.436



61, 30.784, 41.436



61, 30.784, 171.436



61, 30.784, 221.436

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 30.781, 351.438



93, 10.625, 348.673



59, 40.797, 312.948



49, 7.323, 348.815



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 30.781, 351.438



73, 45.722, 352.533



61, 26.899, 27.485



38, 4.854, 348.595



34, 59.798, 8.520



3, 15.266, 356.662



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 30.781, 351.438



73, 45.722, 352.533



73, 20.959, 204.647



38, 4.854, 348.595



34, 59.798, 8.520



3, 15.266, 356.662



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

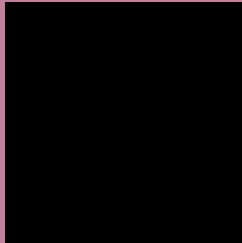
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 30.784, 351.436

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436.

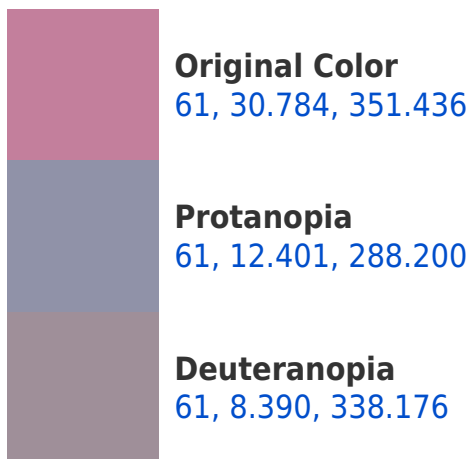


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 30.784, 351.436.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
61, 26.088, 10.088

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 30.784, 351.436

**Protanomaly**  
61, 16.801, 324.138

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 16.622, 346.202

**Tritanomaly**  
61, 27.500, 2.525

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 30.784, 351.436

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
62, 11.536, 348.320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 30.784, 351.436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 127, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 127, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 127, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 127, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 30.784, 351.436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 127, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 127, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 127, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 127, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 127, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 127,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 30.784, 351.436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 127, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
127, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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