

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 35.068, 227.330)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 35.068, 227.330)
contains.

CIELCh(61, 35.082, 227.327)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(61, 35.082, 227.327)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02A1C0
RGB	2, 161, 192
RGB Percent	1%, 63%, 75%
CMY	0.9910, 0.3692, 0.2477
CMYK	0.99, 0.16, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	190°, 98%, 38%
HSV	190°, 99%, 75%
XYZ	22.2422, 29.2481, 54.2483
YIQ	116.9930, -104.7150, -24.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

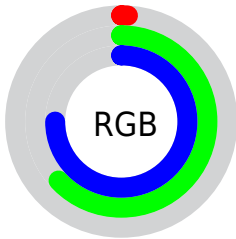
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 89, 192
Decimal	172480
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -23.78, -25.79
CIE _{LCh}	61, 35.082, 227.327
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2104, 0.2766
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278362560 (0xFF02A1C0)
YUV	116.9930, 36.9785, -100.8489
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -21.2308, -21.6157

Details

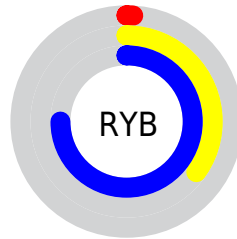
The CIELCh color **61, 35.082, 227.327** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **42, 80.513, 42.260**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 34.982, 226.944**, and **42, 27.907, 236.707** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 35.148, 227.685**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 34.457, 224.400**.

Distribution



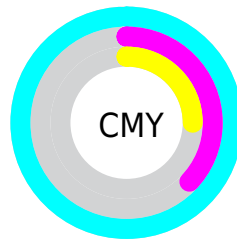
- Red (1%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 35.082,
227.327


 61, 35.082,
227.327


 100, 35.082,
227.327


 51, 35.082,
227.327


 81, 35.082,
227.327

 41, 35.082,
227.327

 91, 35.082,
227.327

 31, 35.082,
227.327

 21, 35.082,
227.327

 11, 35.082,
227.327

 1, 35.082, 227.327

 0, 35.082, 227.327

■ 61, 35.082,
227.327

■ 61, 35.082,
227.327

■ 61, 35.148,
227.685

■ 62, 34.457,
224.400

■ 63, 33.254,
221.968

■ 65, 31.314,
220.042

■ 66, 28.601,
218.556

■ 68, 25.137,
217.440

■ 70, 20.985,
216.627

■ 71, 16.227,
216.062

■ 74, 10.961,

215.700

■ 76, 5.279, 215.529

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 35.082, 227.327



42, 80.513, 42.260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 35.082, 227.327



61, 35.082, 277.327



61, 35.082, 47.327



61, 35.082, 97.327

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 35.081, 227.327



90, 20.816, 216.141



68, 92.650, 137.708



47, 13.959, 216.370



99, 0.012, 296.813



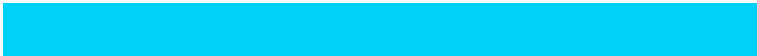
52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 35.081, 227.327



78, 42.880, 228.260



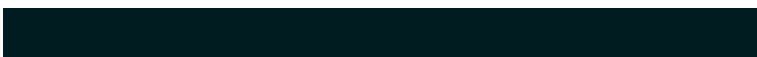
34, 76.086, 295.344



40, 3.422, 215.532



52, 30.820, 227.219



8, 10.583, 220.556

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 81.973, 335.941



57, 99.941, 336.189



58, 66.230, 74.266



38, 6.453, 329.820



37, 72.098, 335.919



4, 20.748, 332.742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

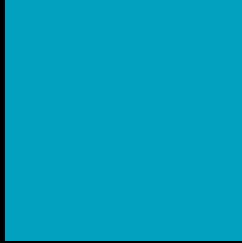
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

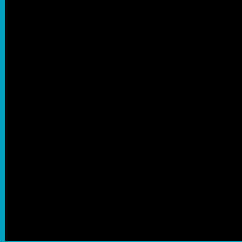
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 35.082, 227.327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327.

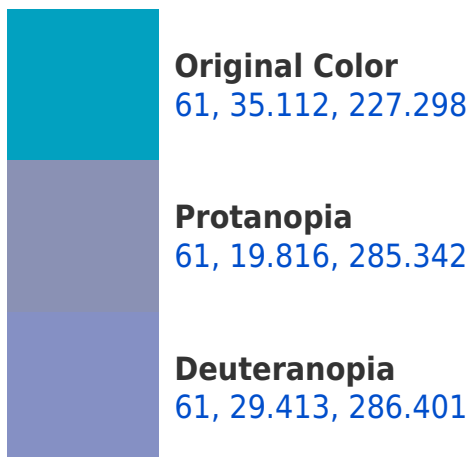


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.082, 227.327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 34.596, 209.031

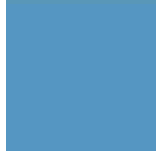
Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 35.112, 227.298



Protanomaly
60, 25.653, 245.382



Deuteranomaly
60, 30.158, 254.693



Tritanomaly
61, 34.376, 216.198

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 35.112, 227.298



Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
52, 19.776, 216.688

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 35.082, 227.327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 161, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 161, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 161, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 161, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.082, 227.327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 161, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 161, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 161, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 161, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 161, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 161,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.082, 227.327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 161, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 161,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor