

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 35.157, 87.757)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 35.157, 87.757) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 35.157, 87.757)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA9155
RGB	170, 145, 85
RGB Percent	67%, 57%, 33%
CMY	0.3353, 0.4332, 0.6684
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.50, 0.34
HSL	42°, 33%, 50%
HSV	42°, 50%, 66%
XYZ	28.1467, 29.2481, 12.6649
YIQ	145.6350, 34.1600, -13.3600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

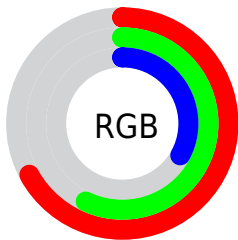
Format	Color
RYB	120, 170, 85
Decimal	11178325
CIELab	61.00, 1.38, 35.13
CIElCh	61, 35.157, 87.757
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4018, 0.4175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289368405 (0xFFAA9155)
YUV	145.6350, -29.8931, 21.3681
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -1.7426, 23.9725

Details

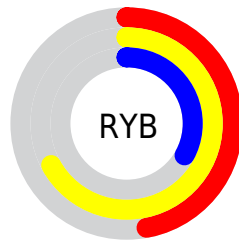
The CIELCh color **61, 35.157, 87.757** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **47, 35.897, 282.925**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 35.181, 87.932**, and **41, 35.415, 87.760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 42.089, 86.369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 28.061, 89.109**.

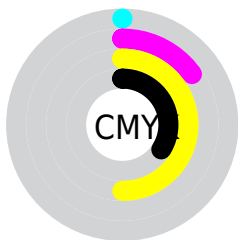
Distribution



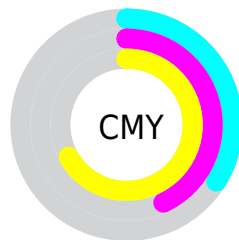
- Red (67%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 35.157, 87.757

■ 61, 35.157, 87.757

■ 100, 35.157,
87.757

■ 51, 35.157, 87.757

■ 81, 35.157, 87.757

■ 41, 35.157, 87.757

■ 91, 35.157, 87.757

■ 31, 35.157, 87.757

■ 21, 35.157, 87.757

■ 11, 35.157, 87.757

■ 1, 35.157, 87.757

■ 0, 35.157, 87.757

■ 61, 35.157, 87.757

■ 61, 35.157, 87.757

■ 59, 42.089, 86.369

■ 63, 28.061, 89.109

■ 58, 48.596, 84.911

■ 64, 20.944, 90.419

■ 57, 54.250, 83.334

■ 66, 13.885, 91.691

■ 55, 58.443, 81.538

■ 68, 6.921, 92.915

■ 54, 61.089, 79.527

■ 69, 0.068, 91.353

■ 71, 6.669, 275.314

■ 73, 13.293,
276.399

■ 75, 19.808,
277.444

■ 77, 26.222,
278.439

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 35.157, 87.757



47, 35.897, 282.925

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 35.157, 87.757



61, 35.157, 137.757



61, 35.157, 267.757



61, 35.157, 317.757

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 35.157, 87.761



84, 12.719, 92.292



47, 37.646, 2.550



44, 8.679, 92.044



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 35.157, 87.761



75, 51.777, 86.235



66, 45.631, 114.706



35, 3.848, 93.014



47, 55.300, 79.829



4, 6.474, 88.228

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 35.897, 282.925



54, 53.722, 285.857



41, 51.592, 302.665



33, 3.862, 275.343



23, 67.962, 298.049



2, 7.310, 277.036

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

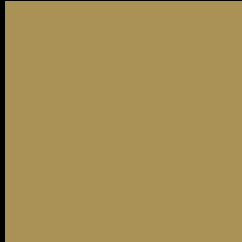
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 35.157, 87.757

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.157, 87.757.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 35.157, 87.757

Protanopia

61, 34.319, 95.104

Deuteranopia

61, 35.936, 87.034



Tritanopia
61, 16.230, 358.896

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 35.157, 87.757

Protanomaly
61, 34.789, 92.177

Deuteranomaly
61, 35.470, 80.900

Tritanomaly
61, 16.308, 51.290

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 35.157, 87.757

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 12.894, 91.976

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 35.157, 87.757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 145, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 145, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 145, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 145, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.157, 87.757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 145, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 145, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 145, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 145, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 145, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 145,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.157, 87.757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 145, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
145, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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