

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 35.718, 161.056)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 35.718, 161.056)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 35.360, 161.500)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51A27E
RGB	81, 162, 126
RGB Percent	32%, 64%, 49%
CMY	0.6809, 0.3633, 0.5045
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.22, 0.36
HSL	153°, 33%, 48%
HSV	153°, 50%, 64%
XYZ	20.1961, 29.2481, 24.4351
YIQ	133.6770, -36.7200, -28.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

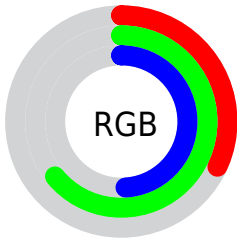
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 133, 162
Decimal	5350014
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -33.53, 11.22
CIE _{LCh}	61, 35.360, 161.500
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2734, 0.3959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283540094 (0xFF51A27E)
YUV	133.6770, -3.7848, -46.1977
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -27.9841, 11.0687

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 35.360, 161.500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **46, 38.076, 352.372**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 35.127, 161.911**, and **41, 35.503, 161.322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 41.450, 160.045**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 28.783, 162.791**.

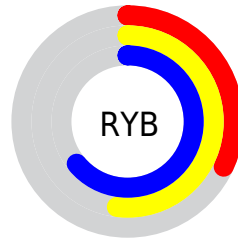
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (64%)

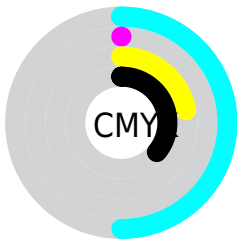
Blue (49%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (64%)

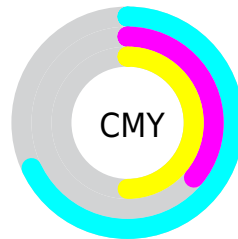


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 35.360,
161.500


 61, 35.360,
161.500


 100, 35.360,
161.500


 51, 35.360,
161.500


 81, 35.360,
161.500

 41, 35.360,
161.500

 91, 35.360,
161.500

 31, 35.360,
161.500

 21, 35.360,
161.500

 11, 35.360,
161.500

 1, 35.360, 161.500

 0, 35.360, 161.500

■ 61, 35.360,
161.500

■ 61, 35.360,
161.500

■ 60, 41.450,
160.045

■ 62, 28.783,
162.791

■ 60, 46.948,
158.406

■ 63, 21.836,
163.946

■ 59, 51.783,
156.565

■ 64, 14.638,
164.987

■ 59, 55.933,
154.519

■ 65, 7.299, 165.947

■ 59, 59.553,
152.369

■ 67, 0.088, 342.598

■ 59, 59.593,
152.346

■ 68, 7.446, 347.486

■ 70, 14.718,
348.237

■ 72, 21.860,
348.922

■ 74, 28.844,
349.562

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 35.360, 161.500



46, 38.076, 352.372

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 35.360, 161.500



61, 35.360, 211.500



61, 35.360, 341.500



61, 35.360, 31.500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 35.361, 161.499



82, 13.725, 165.436



62, 47.440, 128.540



43, 9.432, 165.243



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 35.361, 161.499



77, 51.357, 159.852



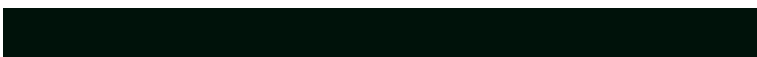
61, 24.461, 202.724



34, 4.193, 166.005



53, 54.700, 152.580



4, 6.783, 163.820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 38.076, 352.372



54, 55.677, 354.403



45, 35.397, 28.150



32, 4.258, 347.488



30, 55.535, 6.312



1, 6.369, 349.237

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 35.360, 161.500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500.

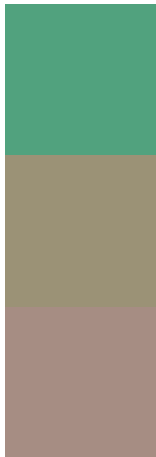


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 35.360, 161.500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
61, 35.360, 161.500

Protanopia
61, 16.126, 94.875

Deuteranopia
61, 11.752, 48.607



Tritanopia
61, 21.416, 216.289

Trichromacy



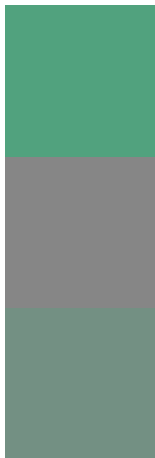
Original Color
61, 35.360, 161.500

Protanomaly
60, 19.904, 137.079

Deuteranomaly
60, 12.582, 135.172

Tritanomaly
61, 23.854, 189.089

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 35.360, 161.500

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 13.473, 164.779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 35.360, 161.500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 162, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 162, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 162, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 162, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.360, 161.500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 162, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 162, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 162, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 162, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 162, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 162,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 35.360, 161.500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 162, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 162,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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