

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 38.508, 68.990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 38.508, 68.990) contains.

<b>CIELCh(61, 38.566, 68.954)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(61, 38.566, 68.954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BD8954
RGB	189, 137, 84
RGB Percent	74%, 54%, 33%
CMY	0.2598, 0.4636, 0.6714
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.56, 0.26
HSL	30°, 44%, 53%
HSV	30°, 56%, 74%
XYZ	31.4269, 29.2481, 12.3319
YIQ	146.5060, 48.0050, -5.4590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

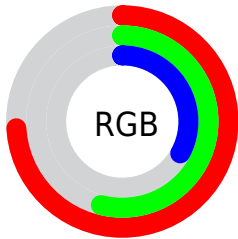
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	187, 189, 84
Decimal	12421460
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.00, 13.85, 35.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 38.566, 68.954
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4305, 0.4006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290611540 (0xFFBD8954)
YUV	146.5060, -30.8155, 37.2672
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 9.0839, 24.3376

# Details

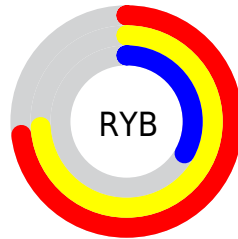
The CIELCh color **61, 38.566, 68.954** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **55, 33.013, 266.989**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 38.478, 68.330**, and **41, 38.513, 68.456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 46.274, 67.617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 30.979, 70.249**.

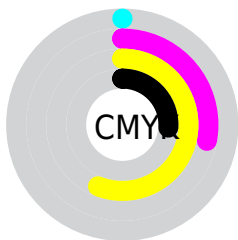
# Distribution



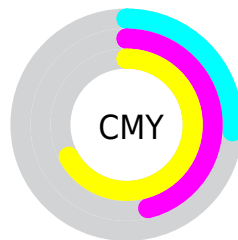
- Red (74%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



61, 38.566, 68.954

61, 38.566, 68.954

100, 38.566,  
68.954

51, 38.566, 68.954

81, 38.566, 68.954

41, 38.566, 68.954

91, 38.566, 68.954

31, 38.566, 68.954

21, 38.566, 68.954

11, 38.566, 68.954

1, 38.566, 68.954

0, 38.566, 68.954

61, 38.566, 68.954

61, 38.566, 68.954

58, 46.274, 67.617

64, 30.979, 70.249

56, 53.815, 66.146

66, 23.646, 71.518

54, 60.623, 64.373

69, 16.616, 72.774

52, 65.829, 61.999

72, 9.897, 74.007

51, 67.872, 60.933

75, 3.474, 75.169

78, 2.675, 256.600

81, 8.576, 257.677

84, 14.255,  
258.789

87, 19.739,  
259.868

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 38.566, 68.954



55, 33.013, 266.989

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 38.566, 68.954



61, 38.566, 118.954



61, 38.566, 248.954



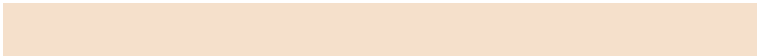
61, 38.566, 298.954

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 38.566, 68.958



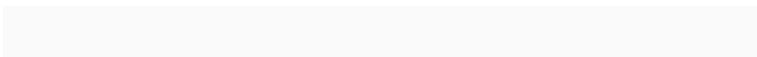
90, 13.364, 73.804



51, 48.748, 349.843



47, 8.977, 73.558



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 38.566, 68.958



74, 58.555, 67.270



75, 53.890, 105.009



38, 3.541, 74.753



43, 59.381, 61.480



6, 10.081, 60.172





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 33.013, 266.989



65, 48.657, 271.173



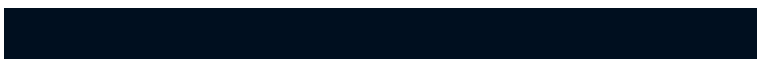
41, 63.198, 298.569



38, 3.468, 257.214



34, 50.417, 283.965



4, 11.609, 268.830



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

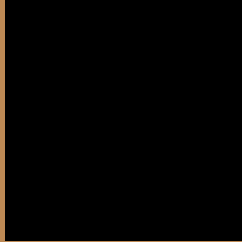
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 38.566, 68.954

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 38.566, 68.954.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61, 38.566, 68.954

### Protanopia

61, 33.585, 96.527

### Deuteranopia

61, 37.138, 78.032



**Tritanopia**  
61, 26.088, 10.088



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 38.566, 68.954

**Protanomaly**  
61, 34.518, 85.925

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 37.549, 74.403

**Tritanomaly**  
61, 26.308, 36.435

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 38.566, 68.954

**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
61, 13.795, 73.827

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 38.566, 68.954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 137, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 137, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 137, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 137, 84) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 38.566, 68.954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 137, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 137, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 137, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 137, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 137, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 137,  
84) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 38.566, 68.954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 137, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
137, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor