

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 4.184, 247.201)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 4.184, 247.201) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 4.242, 252.235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D949A
RGB	141, 148, 154
RGB Percent	55%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4464, 0.4189, 0.3954
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	208°, 6%, 58%
HSV	208°, 8%, 60%
XYZ	27.4755, 29.2481, 34.8428
YIQ	146.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

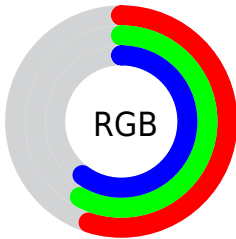
Format	Color
RYB	141, 146, 154
Decimal	9278618
CIELab	61.00, -1.29, -4.04
CIElCh	61, 4.242, 252.235
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3001, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287468698 (0xFF8D949A)
YUV	146.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -3.9578, -0.3413

Details

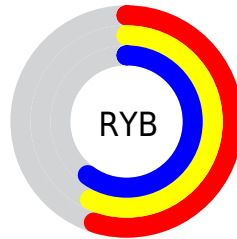
The CIELCh color $61, 4.242, 252.235$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61, 4.343, 70.092$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 4.019, 251.998$, and $41, 4.323, 256.910$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 9.190, 253.589$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.786, 70.526$.

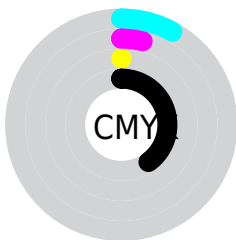
Distribution



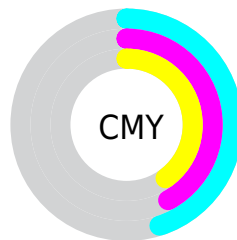
- Red (55%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 4.242, 252.235

■ 61, 4.242, 252.235

■ 100, 4.242,
252.235

■ 51, 4.242, 252.235

■ 81, 4.242, 252.235

■ 41, 4.242, 252.235

■ 91, 4.242, 252.235

■ 31, 4.242, 252.235

■ 21, 4.242, 252.235

■ 11, 4.242, 252.235

■ 1, 4.242, 252.235

■ 0, 4.242, 252.235

■ 61, 4.242, 252.235

■ 61, 4.242, 252.235

■ 58, 9.190, 253.589

■ 64, 0.786, 70.526

55, 14.035,
255.264

67, 5.867, 69.877

52, 18.751,
257.276

71, 10.982, 69.040

49, 23.320,
259.682

74, 16.112, 68.307

46, 27.735,
262.543

77, 21.243, 67.668

43, 32.009,
265.904

80, 26.361, 67.109

40, 36.186,
269.774

83, 31.457, 66.616

38, 40.339,
274.098

86, 33.882, 70.927

35, 44.584,
278.622

87, 35.093, 77.841

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 4.242, 252.235



61, 4.343, 70.092

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 4.242, 252.235



61, 4.242, 302.235



61, 4.242, 72.235



61, 4.242, 122.235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 4.241, 252.215



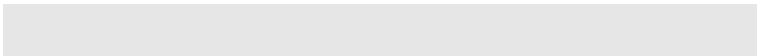
80, 1.887, 251.683



62, 6.436, 160.445



42, 1.440, 251.733



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 4.241, 252.215



77, 6.244, 252.434



59, 7.000, 288.984



31, 2.823, 252.311



32, 41.927, 278.853



2, 3.091, 252.154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 6.445, 342.237



76, 9.521, 342.390



63, 6.876, 107.273



30, 4.296, 342.305



30, 54.940, 357.451



1, 4.568, 342.086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

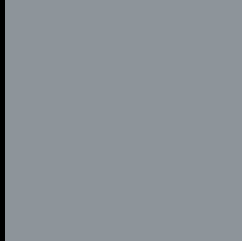
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

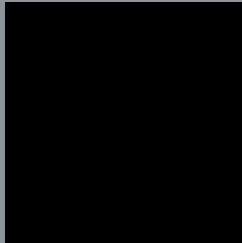
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

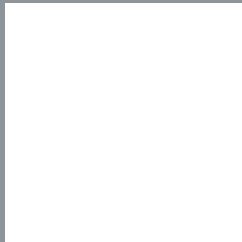
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 4.242, 252.235

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.242, 252.235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 4.242, 252.235

Protanopia

61, 4.032, 301.518

Deuteranopia

61, 8.917, 331.076



Tritanopia
61, 6.973, 275.507

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 4.242, 252.235

Protanomaly
61, 3.397, 284.152

Deuteranomaly
61, 6.267, 315.971

Tritanomaly
61, 5.900, 272.378

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 4.242, 252.235

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 1.848, 265.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 4.242, 252.235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 148, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 148, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 148, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 148, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.242, 252.235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 148, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 148, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 148, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 148, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 148, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 148,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.242, 252.235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 148, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
148, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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