

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 4.278, 214.424)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 4.278, 214.424) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 4.278, 214.424)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A9597
RGB	138, 149, 151
RGB Percent	54%, 58%, 59%
CMY	0.4578, 0.4146, 0.4068
CMYK	0.09, 0.01, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	189°, 6%, 57%
HSV	189°, 9%, 59%
XYZ	26.9222, 29.2481, 33.6185
YIQ	145.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

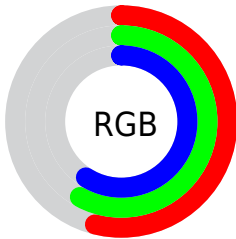
Format	Color
R _Y B	138, 144, 151
Decimal	9082263
CIE Lab	61.00, -3.53, -2.42
CIE LCh	61, 4.278, 214.424
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2998, 0.3257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287272343 (0xFF8A9597)
YUV	145.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -5.7842, 1.0008

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 4.278, 214.424$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 4.513, 34.170$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 4.405, 213.203$, and $41, 4.185, 215.917$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 9.004, 214.512$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 0.713, 33.616$.

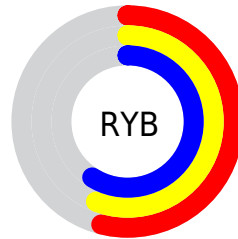
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (58%)

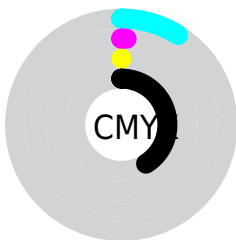
Blue (59%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (59%)

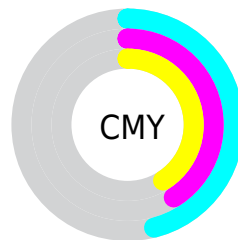


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 4.278, 214.424

■ 61, 4.278, 214.424

■ 100, 4.278,
214.424

■ 51, 4.278, 214.424

■ 81, 4.278, 214.424

■ 41, 4.278, 214.424

■ 91, 4.278, 214.424

■ 31, 4.278, 214.424

■ 21, 4.278, 214.424

■ 11, 4.278, 214.424

■ 1, 4.278, 214.424

■ 0, 4.278, 214.424

■ 61, 4.278, 214.424

■ 61, 4.278, 214.424

■ 59, 9.004, 214.512

■ 63, 0.713, 33.616

■ 58, 13.392,
214.799

■ 65, 5.910, 34.200

■ 56, 17.368,
215.269

■ 67, 11.258, 34.332

■ 69, 16.715, 34.490

■ 55, 20.855,
215.962

■ 71, 22.244, 34.679

■ 53, 23.783,
216.926

■ 73, 27.816, 34.891

■ 75, 33.410, 35.119

■ 52, 26.099,
218.219

■ 77, 37.261, 35.846

■ 51, 27.779,
219.901

■ 77, 36.715, 37.853

■ 50, 28.842,
222.035

■ 49, 29.435,
224.583

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 4.278, 214.424



59, 4.513, 34.170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 4.278, 214.424



61, 4.278, 264.424



61, 4.278, 34.424



61, 4.278, 84.424

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 4.278, 214.404



79, 1.872, 214.548



61, 8.047, 148.349



42, 1.428, 214.494



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 4.278, 214.404



77, 6.131, 214.406



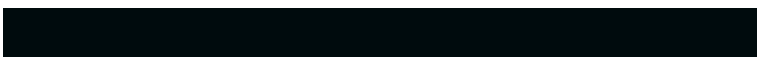
59, 5.055, 270.903



31, 2.835, 214.403



46, 27.934, 224.726



2, 3.109, 215.705

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 8.047, 329.433



74, 11.590, 329.533



61, 5.061, 88.685



30, 5.342, 329.473



32, 65.857, 335.280



1, 5.687, 329.390

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

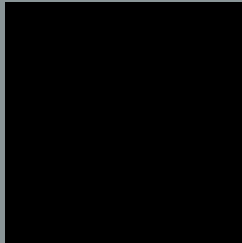
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

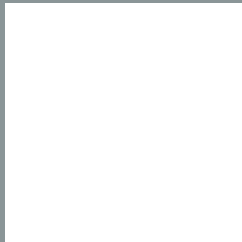
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 4.278, 214.424

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.278, 214.424.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 4.278, 214.424

Protanopia

61, 2.065, 324.449

Deuteranopia

61, 8.390, 338.176



Tritanopia
61, 7.310, 267.125

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 4.278, 214.424

Protanomaly
61, 1.848, 265.957

Deuteranomaly
61, 4.595, 320.660

Tritanomaly
61, 6.010, 256.950

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 4.278, 214.424

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 1.626, 219.823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 4.278, 214.424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 149, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 149, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 149, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 149, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.278, 214.424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 149, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 149, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 149, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 149, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 149, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 149,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.278, 214.424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 149, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
149, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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