

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 4.511, 264.999)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 4.511, 264.999) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 4.334, 264.926)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F949B
RGB	143, 148, 155
RGB Percent	56%, 58%, 61%
CMY	0.4404, 0.4208, 0.3934
CMYK	0.08, 0.05, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	215°, 6%, 58%
HSV	215°, 8%, 61%
XYZ	27.7033, 29.2481, 35.0551
YIQ	147.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

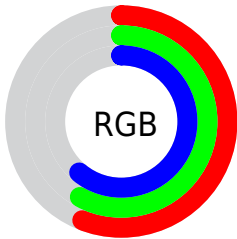
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 147, 155
Decimal	9409691
CIE Lab	61.00, -0.38, -4.32
CIE LCh	61, 4.334, 264.926
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3011, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287599771 (0xFF8F949B)
YUV	147.3030, 3.7946, -3.7737
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -3.2061, -0.5741

Details

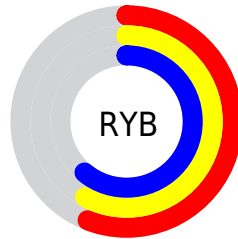
The CIELCh color $61, 4.334, 264.926$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 4.363, 82.841$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 4.101, 264.691$, and $41, 4.511, 269.980$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 9.935, 266.353$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 1.243, 83.381$.

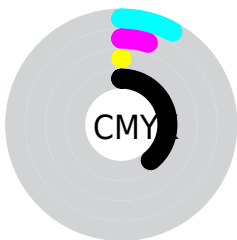
Distribution



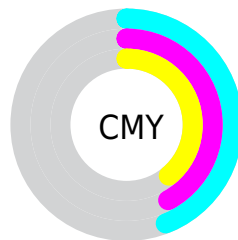
- Red (56%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 4.334, 264.926

■ 61, 4.334, 264.926

■ 100, 4.334,
264.926

■ 51, 4.334, 264.926

■ 81, 4.334, 264.926

■ 41, 4.334, 264.926

■ 91, 4.334, 264.926

■ 31, 4.334, 264.926

■ 21, 4.334, 264.926

■ 11, 4.334, 264.926

■ 1, 4.334, 264.926

■ 0, 4.334, 264.926

■ 61, 4.334, 264.926

■ 61, 4.334, 264.926

■ 57, 9.935, 266.353

■ 65, 1.243, 83.381

■ 54, 15.553,
268.073

■ 68, 6.784, 82.451

■ 50, 21.184,
270.096

■ 72, 12.281, 81.516

■ 76, 17.728, 80.691

■ 46, 26.827,
272.469

■ 79, 23.117, 79.961

■ 43, 32.497,
275.231

■ 83, 28.444, 79.314

■ 87, 33.705, 78.735

■ 40, 38.219,
278.404

■ 89, 36.691, 84.508

■ 36, 44.037,
281.967

■ 91, 39.451, 91.567

■ 33, 49.992,
285.838

■ 30, 56.109,
289.788

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 4.334, 264.926



62, 4.363, 82.841

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 4.334, 264.926



61, 4.334, 314.926



61, 4.334, 84.926



61, 4.334, 134.926

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 4.333, 264.908



80, 1.390, 264.321



63, 5.459, 166.813



43, 0.797, 264.320



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 4.333, 264.908



77, 6.238, 265.095



60, 6.800, 293.487



30, 3.130, 265.101



27, 53.057, 290.230



1, 3.402, 264.513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 5.478, 348.996



76, 7.902, 349.136



63, 6.677, 112.149



30, 3.966, 349.139



29, 54.153, 8.788



1, 4.211, 348.807

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

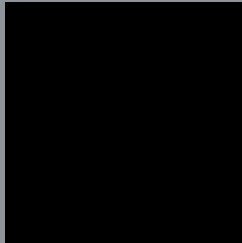
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

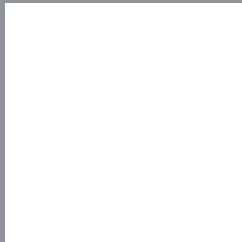
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 4.334, 264.926

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.334, 264.926.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

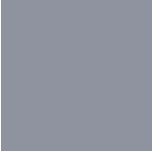
61, 4.334, 264.926

Protanopia

61, 4.585, 300.223

Deuteranopia

61, 9.115, 326.892



Tritanopia
61, 6.892, 278.480

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 4.334, 264.926

Protanomaly
61, 3.956, 285.138

Deuteranomaly
61, 6.779, 313.949

Tritanomaly
61, 5.801, 275.878

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 4.334, 264.926

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 1.848, 265.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 4.334, 264.926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 148, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 148, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 148, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 148, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.334, 264.926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 148, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 148, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 148, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 148, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 148, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 148,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.334, 264.926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 148, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
148, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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