

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 4.639, 236.628)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 4.639, 236.628) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 4.639, 236.628)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B959A
RGB	139, 149, 154
RGB Percent	55%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4555, 0.4163, 0.3967
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	200°, 7%, 57%
HSV	200°, 10%, 60%
XYZ	27.1632, 29.2481, 34.7164
YIQ	146.5800, -7.5650, -0.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

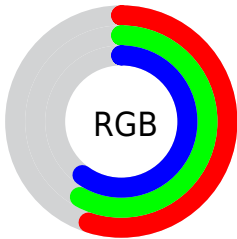
Format	Color
RYB	139, 145, 154
Decimal	9147802
CIELab	61.00, -2.55, -3.87
CIElCh	61, 4.639, 236.628
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2981, 0.3210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287337882 (0xFF8B959A)
YUV	146.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -4.9887, -0.2027

Details

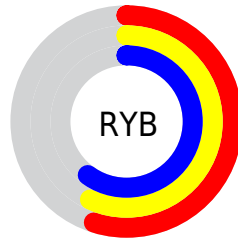
The CIELCh color $61, 4.639, 236.628$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 4.862, 54.848$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 4.406, 236.433$, and $41, 4.647, 240.002$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 9.212, 237.642$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.118, 52.240$.

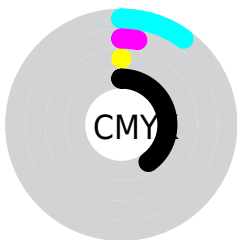
Distribution



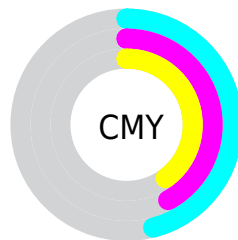
- Red (55%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 4.639, 236.628

■ 61, 4.639, 236.628

■ 100, 4.639,
236.628

■ 51, 4.639, 236.628

■ 81, 4.639, 236.628

■ 41, 4.639, 236.628

■ 91, 4.639, 236.628

■ 31, 4.639, 236.628

■ 21, 4.639, 236.628

■ 11, 4.639, 236.628

■ 1, 4.639, 236.628

■ 0, 4.639, 236.628

■ 61, 4.639, 236.628

■ 61, 4.639, 236.628

■ 58, 9.212, 237.642

■ 64, 0.118, 52.240

56, 13.556,
238.965

66, 5.015, 54.873

54, 17.622,
240.621

69, 10.018, 54.343

51, 21.366,
242.680

72, 15.096, 53.892

49, 24.752,
245.223

74, 20.224, 53.517

47, 27.770,
248.328

77, 25.382, 53.207

45, 30.444,
252.057

80, 30.553, 52.949

43, 32.848,
256.418

82, 33.279, 55.238

41, 35.164,
261.131

83, 33.233, 60.638

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 4.639, 236.628



60, 4.862, 54.848

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 4.639, 236.628



61, 4.639, 286.628



61, 4.639, 56.628



61, 4.639, 106.628

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 4.639, 236.609



79, 1.783, 236.193



62, 8.200, 154.322



41, 1.346, 236.204



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 4.639, 236.609



76, 7.007, 236.837



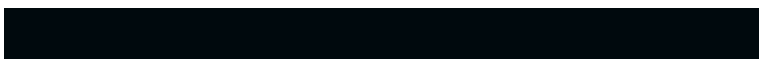
59, 7.001, 282.527



31, 2.680, 236.563



38, 32.772, 260.786



2, 2.947, 237.077

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 8.149, 336.295



74, 12.390, 336.480



62, 6.913, 100.306



30, 4.701, 336.256



30, 58.227, 346.837



1, 5.002, 336.133

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

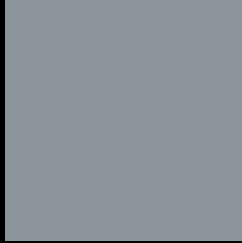
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

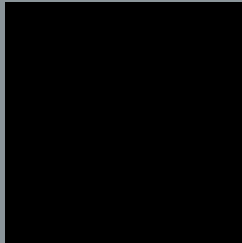
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

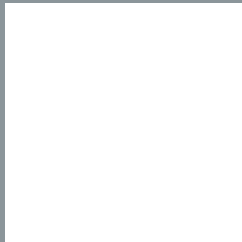
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 4.639, 236.628

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 4.639, 236.628.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 4.639, 236.628

Protanopia

61, 3.481, 303.242

Deuteranopia

61, 8.917, 331.076



Tritanopia
61, 7.310, 267.125

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 4.639, 236.628

Protanomaly
61, 3.454, 277.887

Deuteranomaly
61, 6.111, 312.724

Tritanomaly
61, 6.307, 262.738

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 4.639, 236.628

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 1.887, 236.230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 4.639, 236.628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 149, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 149, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 149, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 149, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.639, 236.628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 149, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 149, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 149, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 149, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 149, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 149,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 4.639, 236.628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 149, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
149, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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