

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 41.971, 148.120)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 41.971, 148.120)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 41.945, 148.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59A36B
RGB	89, 163, 107
RGB Percent	35%, 64%, 42%
CMY	0.6522, 0.3620, 0.5815
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.34, 0.36
HSL	135°, 29%, 49%
HSV	135°, 45%, 64%
XYZ	19.7712, 29.2481, 18.4340
YIQ	134.4900, -26.1280, -33.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

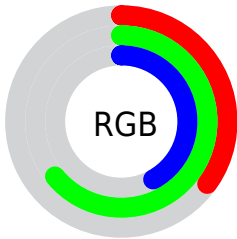
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 149, 163
Decimal	5874539
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -35.64, 22.12
CIE _{LCh}	61, 41.945, 148.177
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2931, 0.4336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284064619 (0xFF59A36B)
YUV	134.4900, -13.5526, -39.8947
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -29.3865, 17.6477

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 41.945, 148.177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **48, 42.124, 335.232**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 41.536, 148.261**, and **41, 42.227, 148.186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 50.437, 146.922**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 32.999, 149.272**.

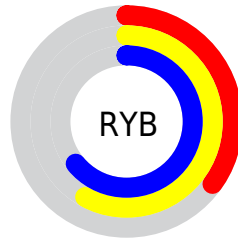
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (64%)

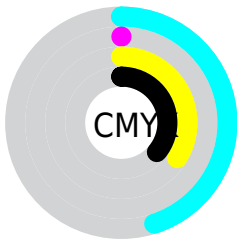
Blue (42%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (64%)

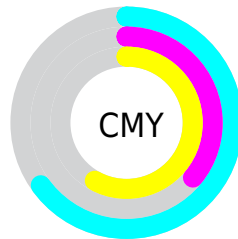


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 41.945,
148.177


 61, 41.945,
148.177


 100, 41.945,
148.177


 51, 41.945,
148.177


 81, 41.945,
148.177

 41, 41.945,
148.177

 91, 41.945,
148.177

 31, 41.945,
148.177

 21, 41.945,
148.177

 11, 41.945,
148.177

 1, 41.945, 148.177

 0, 41.945, 148.177

■ 61, 41.945,
148.177

■ 61, 41.945,
148.177

■ 60, 50.437,
146.922

■ 62, 32.999,
149.272

■ 59, 58.287,
145.500

■ 63, 23.774,
150.223

■ 59, 65.313,
143.919

■ 65, 14.424,
151.052

■ 59, 71.358,
142.213

■ 66, 5.079, 151.800

■ 58, 76.310,
140.461

■ 68, 4.164, 332.301

■ 58, 78.255,
139.756

■ 69, 13.232,
332.891

■ 71, 22.076,
333.380

■ 73, 30.665,
333.810

■ 75, 38.982,
334.194

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 41.945, 148.177



48, 42.124, 335.232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 41.945, 148.177



61, 41.945, 198.177



61, 41.945, 328.177



61, 41.945, 18.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 41.946, 148.177



82, 16.151, 151.146



64, 40.527, 116.431



43, 11.247, 150.986



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 41.946, 148.177



77, 61.880, 146.849



62, 28.136, 173.675



34, 5.268, 151.519



52, 71.739, 139.940



4, 8.313, 151.261

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 42.124, 335.232



58, 61.692, 336.076



47, 32.770, 4.081



32, 5.288, 332.652



32, 63.281, 340.623



1, 7.869, 334.147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 41.945, 148.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 41.945, 148.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
61, 41.945, 148.177

Protanopia
61, 26.151, 95.730

Deuteranopia
61, 21.113, 67.652



Tritanopia
61, 18.489, 221.547

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 41.945, 148.177



Protanomaly
60, 28.822, 123.105



Deuteranomaly
60, 21.343, 114.523



Tritanomaly
61, 22.349, 179.713

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 41.945, 148.177



Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
57, 15.380, 150.405

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 41.945, 148.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 163, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 163, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 163, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 163, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 41.945, 148.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 163, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 163, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 163, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 163, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 163, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 163,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 41.945, 148.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 163, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 163,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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